Weather
Clear weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 69.3 and the minimum 64.6, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 56.7 and 39.9.

The China Press
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DECISION IS SENT TO RUMANIANS BY COUNCIL AT PARIS

Frontiers And Question Of Hungary And Of Minorities Settled

VOICES CENSURE

Reply To Objections Of Bulgarians To Terms Is Also Sent

GIVEN TEN DAYS

German Treaty Protocol States New Penalties That Are Imposed

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, November 3.—The Supreme Council in a long note to the Rumanian Government sets forth the Council's decisions as regards the three outstanding questions, namely: territorial frontiers, the minorities treaty and Hungary.

The Council requests the earliest and the most frank reply to this note. The note declares that a very bad impression has been created by the failure of Rumania to reply to the Council's last note and Rumania's pretext on the subject.

The Council adheres to its previous decision as regards the frontiers. It is determined to uphold the principle underlying the minorities treaty, and as regards requisitions from Hungary, the Council is despatching an Inter-Allied commission to examine all the requisitions, and report upon the distribution to be effected between Rumania and the Allies.

The Council proposes, in view of the continued requisitioning, to establish an Inter-Allied organisation, including Rumanian officials, on the frontier to check the way-bills of all trains for Rumania.

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 8. (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—According to advices from Budapest the negotiations opened by Sir George Clerk, special Allied Enovoy, with a view to the constitution of a Hungarian Government are proceeding favorably.

Reply To Bulgaria Is Also Forwarded

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, November 5.—The Allies replying to the Bulgarian objections to the Allied peace terms presented to the Bulgarian Delegation on September 19, and especially Butzerias plea that her Alliance with Germany was a mere accident, recall Bulgaria's unprovoked attack on Servia in the rear, thus paralysing the heroic Servian resistance to the invaders, and acting as the vanguard of the German armies by making a war of conquest.

Nevertheless, the Allies state that they are not inspired by a spirit of vengeance, and do not dream of making Bulgaria expiate her past faults. They merely wish for a just, and consequently durable, peace.

Further Bulgaria is reminded that the Allies have allowed her an economic outlet to the Egean Sea, and have made some modifications in their terms. Finally the Bulgarians are notified that the text must now be accepted or rejected within ten days, after which the Armistice of September 29, 1918, will end, and the Allies will take such steps as my be "thought useful."

PROTOCOL TO TREATY

London, November 2.—The Supreme Council has drafted a letter to the German Government outlining the protocol, wherein Germany shall agree to comply with the unfulfilled terms of the armistice. The protocol provides for Germany to give up a certain number of light cruisers, destroyers and 400,000 tons of naval material in place of the German warships sunk at Scapa Flow.

London, November 4.—The Tyrol Diet has issued a protest against handing over the South Tyrol, the home of Andreas Hofer, the renowned champion of liberty, with a quarter of a million German speaking inhabitants, to Italy.

Lord Bryce supports the protest, pointing out that the South Tyrolese have been for ages one in race, religion, history and national traditions and expressing astonishment that the Great

(Continued on Page 3)

U.S. Senate Confirms Shantung Provision

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, November 5.—The Senate has confirmed the Shantung provision of the peace treaty by 41 votes to 26.

Throng Of Students Raids Canton Store Of Sincere Company

Party Held In Place Through Night—Ringleaders Are Held By Police

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Canton, November 9.—Students and an unruly throng raided Sincere Company's store from last night until noon today, remaining in the store nearly twenty-four hours, assaulting the employes, ran-sacking the show cases and taking possession of food for the employes evening and morning meals. The police were powerless to stop the outbreak.

Some of the student were wounded when forcing an entrance into the store through the police guards. The Tuchun is taking charge of the store. The students are planning revenge.

Canton, November 10.—The Canton Times prints the following amplified version of the riot here. About three o'clock on Saturday afternoon a parade of about sixty or seventy students passing Sincere's store shouted, "Boycott the department stores."

It is alleged that two store guards armed with revolvers knocked down five students, two of whom were severely injured. When the other boys saw this they rushed into the store in order to apprehend the guards, who when captured were placarded with, "these men struck students." Then they were carried to the door and ordered to stand up on a stool where they were photographed.

The students sent representatives to the officials of the Sincere Company requesting that the guards should be turned over to the police. Sincere's refused, whereupon the boys took the law into their own hands.

At the same time a company of a hundred policemen arrived on the scene and ordered the boys to stop rioting. The command was unheeded and a policeman struck several of the students with his bayonet, one of them being severly wounded in the head. A passerby was also wounded.

The boys rushed the offending policeman who fled inside the store. The captured students wrenched away the policeman's rifle, revolver and bayonet which was stained with blood. The store was closed, and those inside could no longer get out.

Altogether about 300, including 25 girl students, were locked in. The students sent a representative to the district Procurator who appointed a deputy to investigate the case. The Tuchun also sent an official to investigate. The students claimed not to have done harm to the Company's properties, and that the food consumed had been bought from other stores. The students have telegraphed to the Shanghai Students' Union reporting the whole incident and announcing the intention of suing the Sincere Company for damages as well as the local police department.

Visiting the scene of wreckage representatives of the Canton Times found throughout the entire ground floor of the store where the students were detained during the night, papers with invective against "The big three department stores." Cans, biscuits, food-stuffs caps, old shoes and other articles were strewn on the floor.

Show cases were smashed up and flower pots, stands and ornaments broken.

Yesterday morning the students were released except eleven of the ring-leaders who were conveyed to the police station. This action was taken only after the Military Governor had sent some 2,000 soldiers with machine guns and other arms. The gun-boats on the river are being held in readiness for any eventuality. The Sincere Company's doors are locked and business is suspended. Soldiers are guarding the property, fearing a threat made to burn the place.

Mexican Bandits Free U.S. Consul

But Only After Mr. Jenkins' Family Pays Ransom Of £36,000

(Reuter's Service)

New York, November 4.—According to a telegram from Mexico City, the American Consul, Mr. Jenkins, who was recently kidnapped by bandits, has been released. His family paid the ransom of £36,000.

Delegates From 31 Cities Form National Association And Plan Reconstruction

National Associated Bodies, Ougrowth Of Student Movement, Hold Inaugural Meeting And Ask Aid In Overturning Government

The National Associated Bodies of China, an outgrowth of the students' movement last April, was formally inaugurated at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. yesterday. Over 1,000 attended, among whom were delegates from 31 different cities. Miss Liu Ching-yang, a delegate from Tientsin and one of the promoters, presided. A manifesto setting forth the aim of the organisation was issued. Mr. Chiang Ping-ling, noted revolutionist, spoke on behalf of the guests at the meeting.

Miss Liu in her opening remarks stated that China, in her chaotic condition, is being made the storm center of the world problems.

"Internally, the people have been oppressed and are suffering all the tyranical encroachments of a despotic nation," said Miss Liu. "There is no organ which is representative of real public opinion."

"Externally, in spite of the participation of 100,000 Chinese laborers in the war, suffering just as much as those who were actually fighting at the fronts, we are unable to secure the return of a little piece of land like Tsingtao. China has no diplomats today and unless the people themselves directly adopt a system of popular diplomacy, there is absolutely no hope for the preservation of the sovereignty of this country.

SEEK NATIONAL SALVATION

"Our organisation is one which is demanded. In view of the dangerous position of our country, we aim first at national salvation, second, at the creation of a national conscience for the salvation of the country and third, the permanent peace of the world.

"We know the storm center of the world will not hereafter be in Europe or America, but in the Far East. On the Far East will the attention of the world be concentrated, because the peace of the world depends almost entirely upon the peace of the Far East.

"I dare say the next war will be fought in the Far East. As the people of China occupy the greater portion of the strip of land, we ought feel it our duty to see that the peace of the Far East is maintained.

"In our little effort to shoulder this grave responsibility we ask the co-operation of all Chinese organisations and the moral support of our foreign friends."

Miss Liu's speech was interpreted by Mr. K. S. Zee of the Y.M.C.A. into English.

The manifesto of the union reads in part as follows:

"Realising the chaotic condition of our nation and the progressive advances made by the powers of the world, we feel that it is high time for us to gather together all the people of our country and unite in order to bring about the blessings of peace. We feel that the wisdom of the several statesmen in Peking is inferior to that of the people.

CRITICISE GOVERNMENT

"No one will deny that the general dissatisfaction of the people is due to the incapability of the Government in carrying out the public will. There is no hope for us to depend upon the handful of politicians in Peking to save us. The militarists, by oppressing the people, were responsible for the diplomatic defeat at the Paris Conference, which has shaken the foundation of the country and impaired the sovereignty of our nation.

"Now if the people do not themselves realise the truth of the situation and the duty of saving the country, it will be too late to prevent the country from destruction. It is gratifying to know that following the defeat in Paris, various organisations of patriotic nature have arisen. Though some have suffered interference and oppression, others have survived.

The formation of various organisations has taken place not only in Shanghai but in every other city in the Republic. The people have begun to see the necessity of organisation to save the country. The cohesive power of these little bodies are limited, so we are establishing this larger body for greater strength and power.

CALL FOR LIBERTY

"Our aims are to secure liberty for the people, to decide the affairs of the nation, to help our fellow citizens, to unite the laboring with the non-laboring parties, to defend our homes from foreign encroachment and to bring about the blessings of permanent peace.

Mr. Chiang Ping-ling spoke on the difference between organised and unorganised revolution and typified yesterday's movement as a highly organised revolutionary measure. He also described the existing political conditions in the Southwest.

Mr. Chiang stated that it is erroneous to call the last great war as a victory of right over might. He said it was a victory of ordinary might over a supreme might with the right on the side of the party with the ordinary might. The same conditions exist today between the North and the South. The North is a strong military machine when compared with the South, but the South has its right principles.

Several other Chinese including Mr. Yih Tsoo-chang, editor of the Republican Daily News and Mr. W. H. Chen, the attorney, also spoke. The meeting concluded with music and the serving of refreshments.

GERMAN SOCIALISTIC HEADQUARTERS RAIDED

Minister Of Defense Orders Military To Stop Activities Of Organisation

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 8 (via Lyons and Koukaza).—It is reported from Zurich that the headquarters of the German Independent socialists in Berlin have been occupied by the military by order of Herr Noske, Minister of Defense.

The authorities are stated to have seized a quantity of documents and pamphlets proving that the Independents have been in league with the Communists in advocating strikes.

Advices from Berlin state that no untoward incident has occurred up to the present. The Communists have issued an appeal calling for a popular demonstration tomorrow but the Minister of Defense has informed the organisers that the Government will not permit political demonstrations and that any meetings held will be broken up by force.

Paris, November 9 (via Lyons and Koukaza).—According to advices from Berlin, numerous meetings were held by Majority and Independent Socialists in the German capital to celebrate the anniversary of the German revolution today. The other parties decided to abstain.

MR. HASTINGS STELKER IS PNEUMONIA VICTIM

Illness Of Pacific Mail Man Regarded Lightly Until Three Days Ago

As the result of an illness not regarded as serious until three days ago, Mr. Hastings Stelker, chief clerk of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company office here, succumbed to pneumonia Sunday evening at Dr. Fearn's Hospital.

Mr. Steiker has lived in Shanghai a year. Before that he was passenger agent for the Pacific Mail in Yokohama. A man of strong physique, nothing was thought of his condition when a got cold and slight fever. On Wednesday when he had not improved he was ordered to the hospital as a precaution but even Sunday afternoon, when his friends visited him, no great fears were held for his recovery.

Mr. Steiker was 32 years of age. He was born in San Francisco and educated there after completing his schooling. He joined the old Pacific Mail Company and was associated with it a number of years. Later he was attached to W. R. Grace and Company but when the new Pacific Mail Steamship Company was organised he again joined the Company.

He was unmarried and the only relatives known here are his mother, a sister and a brother, all living in San Francisco. Since coming to Shanghai he and Mr. F. C. Charman, agent for the Admiral Line, have made their home together at 35 Rue du Consulate.

Funeral services will be held this afternoon at Bubbling Well Cemetery at four o'clock.

These Men Represent The General Public In Washington Labor Conference

President Wilson recently made public the names of twenty-two men to represent the general public in the national conference which began in Washington on October 6. Plans for a new relationship between employer and employe are being considered. Twenty-two representatives to sit in the conference also were selected by organised labor, the leading agricultural associations, investment bankers and manufacturers. Here are shown some of the men named by the President: Charles S. Dawes, of Chicago; O. E. Bradfute, of Xenia, Ohio; Thomas L. Chadbourne, of New York; Charles E. Russell, Socialist leader of New York, and John D. Rockfeller, Jr., of New York.

Exchange Goes Up Over Five Points And Market Firm

Advance Of Silver To 67 Pence Per Ounce Attributed To Strikes In America

With the official quotation in America as 143 3-8, the highest in history, and better rates quoted on large amounts for cash, exchange leaped five and three-eights points yesterday. Sterling exchange jumped three points with the official rate given as 6s. 10d. Small buyers could purchase a draft for $100 in United States currency for Mex. $92.88. A pound sterling was worth Mex $3.90. The market closed firm.

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 5.—Silver reached the price of 67 pence per ounce yesterday in consequence of the American strikes holding up supplies, and the active demand from China.

Harbin, November 9.—A meeting of bankers and representatives of the Russian and Chinese Eastern Railways has fixed the following rate for the coming week: one Romanoff rouble note equals five Kerensky roubles and ten Siberian roubles, while a rouble gold was fixed approximately at ten Romanoff rouble notes.

New York, October 31.—Gold valued at $400,000 has been transferred to San Francisco for shipment to the Far East.

Britian Takes Up Big Morgan Loan

Huge 250 Million Issue Now Subscribed—Will Absorb Previous Advance

(Reuter's Service)

New York, November 4.—The $250,000,000 British loan issued by Messrs. J. P. Morgan and Co., has been fully subscribed. As previously announced, the proceeds of the loan are to be used to take up $135,000,000 worth of 5½ percent British notes falling due on November first, the remainder to be available for Great Britain's requirements in the United States.

Steamer China Due With Mails Today

Liner From United States Will Take Outgoing Manila Mails Tonight

Mails from America are expected early today on the China Mail Steamship Company's steamer China, due to arrive at the China Merchants lower wharf at daybreak. The liner comes from San Francisco by way of Honolulu and Japanese ports. Outgoing Manila mail will be taken by the China tonight at midnight on the trip to Hongkong. Manila mails are scheduled to close at 4 p.m.

The next mail for America will leave by the Empress of Japan on November 22.

Japan's Lumber Trade Is Sought By Philippines

Islanders See Big Business Opportunity In The Local Boycott On Nipponese Products

An attempt to divert to the Philippine Islands China lumber business that has heretofore been given to Japanese exporters is the latest move of Shanghai merchants in connection with the boycott on Japanese products.

Mr. Davis S. N. Hsia, graduate of the Philippine School of Forestry, has come from Manila to make a thorough investigation of the local market for woods.

Mr. Hsia, who is a Manila Chinese, made his journey to Shanghai in response to a letter sent by a local lumber company to the Governor General of the Philippines, Mr. Francis Burton Harrison, telling of the boycott against Japanese goods and suggesting that there exists an opportunity for the Islands to divert to their exporters trade amounting annually to millions of taels.

The letter to the Governor General was written by Mr. K. I. Yuen, secretary of The Tsen Sun (Hung Kee) Lumber Company, and was referred to Mr. Arthur F. Fischer, Director of Forestry of the Philippines Bureau of agriculture. Mr Fischer appointed to Mr. Hsia the task of acquainting the lumber importers in Shanghai with conditions of the Philippines export market and the emissary has come here for a two weeks visit.

For ten months Mr. Hsia has been making a special study of lumber manufacture and markets in the Philippines in addition to his regular course in identification and properties of woods local to the Islands. He is recommended by Mr. Fischer as being well informed as to supply, grades, varieties, manufactures and other details sought by the Shanghai lumber importers.

In his letter to Mr. Harrison, Mr. Yuen spoke most highly of the kindly feeling between the Chinese and American governments and expressed the belief that in the event that the Philippines exporters showed an interest in the trade here it might easily be diverted to them. He also recommended that the United States Shipping Board be asked to allot a certain amount of merchant marine for direct sailing between the Islands and China.

Describing the situation here, Mr. Yuen wrote: "For many years in the past we, lumber merchants in Shanghai, have been doing a handsome business with the Japanese, principally in white pine, white and brown ash, the former one being used in construction work and the latter two in different kinds of furniture making. The annual imports have been in millions of taels.

"In pursuance of the public will we are attempting to substitute the Japanese woods in this market with yacal, apitong, white and red lauans produced in the Philippine Islands.

"Although business has been done by the China Import and Export Lumber Company in the Philippine woods here in small quantities, it is not exaggerated to say that these have been practically barred from the China market up to the present. It is pitiful that there are no trade connections in lumber established between the Islands and this country, taking into consideration supply capacity of the Islands, the short distance from the Philippines to China and the good feeling of our countrymen towards your home government, the United States."

JAPAN REPLIES TO U.S. ON SIBERIAN QUESTION

Tokio Willing To Co-operate Is Announcement Made By State Department

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, November 4.—The State Department announces that Japan replying to a note of the United States of last September regarding conditions in Siberia, expresses willingness to co-operate with the American authorities there.

Belgian King's Visit To America Is Ended

(Reuter's Service)

Old Point Comfort, Virginia, October 31.—The King and Queen of the Belgian's have embarked for Belgium, having previously bidden farewell to President Wilson in his sickebed at Washington.

WORKING HOURS PLAN IS UP AT WASHINGTON

International 48-Hour Week Is Proposal Advanced By Committee

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, November 4.—At the International Labor Conference here the organising committee has proposed an international convention providing for a 48-hour week for all countries, this limit being allowed to be exceeded in certain industries like public utilities and steel plants working continuously, where a 56-hours week is prescribed as the maximum.

For the benefit of Japan, China and India it is proposed to postpone the enforcement of the agreement owing to climatic conditions and imperfect industrial organisation.

WEMYSS MADE BARON

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 3.—A barony has been conferred on Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss.

STRIKE SITUATION IN UNITED STATES STILL UNCHANGED

Pressure To Call It Off Brought On Leaders By Washington

435,000 MEN OUT

Government Gets Pledge Of Support From Rail Engineers' Board

REVIVE WAR RULE

Workers Want Injunction Off Before Opening Negotiations

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, November 3.—Continued pressure is being exerted upon the strike leaders to call off the strike, but no results are yet apparent.

They have been informed that the President and Attorney General are ready to attempt an adjustment of the controversy, as soon as the strike order is rescinded. No disorders have occurred, but this is no indication of any break in the ranks of the miners.

NEARLY HALF MILLION

New York, November 2.—According to the latest labor estimates, the strikers now number 435,000. The leaders are stated to be punctiliously observing the Federal injunction but they insist that the strike will nevertheless be effective in spite of the prohibition of the distribution of strike funds. It is estimated that between 100,000 and 200,000 non-unionist miners are continuing work.

The Executive of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has issued a statement pledging itself to support the Government in restoring normal industrial conditions, while deploring the Federal injunction as deferring a peaceful settlement. The Executive suggests an immediate convocation of an industrial commission at Washington.

INJUNCTION IS BAR

Indianapolis, November 4.—Mr. Lewis, the miners leader, declared that the miners would resume negotiations immediately the Federal injunction was withdrawn as Mr. Samuel Gompers had advocated.

Chicago, November 1.—The United Mineworkers officials state that 400,000 miners are now idle. So far all has been very quiet and the leaders have refrained from any action directing the strike, in consequence of the Federal Court's injunction forbidding the strike.

PITTSBURG AREA IDLE

New York, November 1.—All the miners in the Pittsburg area have struck except the pumpmen. It is estimated that 80,000 men in Illinois will strike this afternoon. Troops have been gathered in readiness in West Virginia, East Tennessee, East Kentucky and Colorado.

Mr. Samuel Gompers has issued a statement declaring that the Federal injunction will only result in creating more disturbing issues, which may not be confined solely to the miners.

Washington, October 31.—The measures against the strike include the revival of war restrictions in the distribution of coal.

CHECKS BRITISH TRADE

London, November 4.—News of the strike in the United States is somewhat conflicting. Officials in Washington believe that the end is near, and Government agents report many defections from the ranks of the strikers. On the contrary a Chicago telegram states that the production of soft coal is paralysed.

London, November 4.—The American miners' strike has checked British export trade, which was recently steadily increasing, especially in wool, rubber and manufactures. Now cargoes are limited to essential commodities. One liner which sailed on November 1, took 1,500 instead of 3,000 tons.

London, November 4.—According to a telegram from New York it is understood that the strike of 20,000 dockers is over. The Longshoremen's Association has announced that the strikers have decided to resume wherever they are needed.

Russians Are Surrounded, Says Bolshevist Report

General Judenitch Admits Withdrawal In Face Of Attacks---Denikin Forwards Report

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 4.—A Bolshevist wireless message claims that the Northwest army of General Judenitch has been surrounded.

Helsingfors, November 3.—A communique of General Judenitch admits the evacuation of Luga in the face of the attacks by large Bolshevist forces.

The negotiations regarding the participation of Finland in the Petrograd offensive have taken a favorable turn. A decision is expected in the course of the next few days.

Helsingfors, November 4.—The newspaper Helsingin Hanomat says that the Finnish Government on November first rejected the Northwest Russian Government's request for military assistance against Petrograd.

A communique of General Judenitch confirms that his army has been compelled to shorten its front line and take up new positions to the west of Gatchina. The communique adds that after occupying Luga the Bolshevists advanced westwards along the railway and occupied two stations.

Lettish Troops Advance; Germans Attack Libau

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 9. (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—An official communique states that north of Lov, a Lettish detachment after a raid advanced along the coast to within ten miles of the Dvina, capturing two guns, a large number of machine guns and several prisoners.

It is reported that the Germans have attacked Libau and that so far their attacks have been repulsed. It is added that it is feared that they will renew the attack with larger forces. It is also feared that the Germans may attempt to capture Windar.

Denikin Gives Report Of Bolshevist Drive

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 8.—General Denikin's communique issued on October 31 partially elucidates the successes claimed by the Bolshevists. The right wing of the Don army has been driven back somewhat by the Bolshevist reinforcements, and a Bolshevist division which had been surrounded in the valley of the river Medvyeditsa succeeded in extricating itself northeastwards with the loss of two thousand men.

To the North between the Buzuluk and the Khoper river repeated Bolshevists attacks against the center of the Don army broke down with heavy losses, the Cossacks capturing three companies of a Soviet regiment and 250 other prisoners.

South of Novo Khopersk three Bolshevist regiments were defeated and fled northwards, losing a thousand prisoners and eight guns. On the whole front of 180 miles from Yalets to Syevsk the Bolshevists heavily attacked and all their attacks east of Orel were repulsed with heavy losses.

Siberian Loyalists Again Forced Back

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Omsk, November 7.—General headquarters reports: "We have evacuated the town of Ishime. The railway bridge has been blown up. In the direction of Petropavlovsk our troops after a strong counter attack ejected the Reds from the village of Bugrovka and occupied it. To the South, our troops have slightly retired."

Martial law has been declared on the railway line from Omsk to Tomsk and in Transbaikalia. All employes from there of the Ministry of Ways and Communications to plain workmen have been mobilised and placed at the disposal of the Commander-in-Chief of the Eastern front. Similarly the Ministry of Food with all its employes has been placed under the orders of the Commander-in-Chief.

The Supreme Ruler has issued the following proclamation, dated November 4: "In the present period of our struggle against Bolshevism, I have decided to be constantly in the midst of the army. The Bolshevists realising that their end is near in Central Russia, which they have ruined, wish to make sure of a free way out through Siberia.

"They will not succeed. I demand of every one, general or private, faithfully and firmly to fulfil his duty. Only a great unanimous effort can give us victory over Bolshevism and enable the people to participate in the normal organisation of the State."

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 8. (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The French press expresses approval of the Russo-Japanese agreement. It is pointed out by a Russian paper that it is not a question of the recognition or non-recognition of Admiral Kolchak but of an alliance which has been decided upon between the Pan-Russian Government and a powerful neighbor.

Cost Of Intervention To Britain Is Given

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 4.—A White Paper issued last night shows that the cost of British intervention in Russia since the armistice is approximately £80,000,000, including £35,000,000, being the value of non-marketable munitions and stores supplied to the Russians.

London, November 4.—In the House of Commons today, replying to a question, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth confirmed the report that Professor Goode, correspondent of the Manchester Guardian, had been arrested at Helfingfors at the request of the British authorities because he came direct from the Bolshevists. He was subsequently released upon instructions from London.

Mr. J. E. Swan, Labor, asked if the British tax-payer was paying for the present shipments of munitions to Riga; Mr. Winston Churchill replied that only captured German ammunition was going to Riga, and that it was being used by the Letts who were struggling to maintain the integrity of their country against reactionary Russians, subsidised and assisted by reactionary Germans. The expense of theshipments was very small.

London, November 5.—In the House of Commons, today a batch of questions was asked regarding the policy towards Russia. Colone Malone asked what would be the duration of the blockade.

Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replied that as far as Great Britain was concerned the present economic pressure, which legally did not amount to a blockade, would continue until a democratic government was established in Russia which could be recognised by the Allies.

Replying to further questions Mr Walter Long, First Lord of the Admiralty, stated that since the German Armistice, approximately £6,000,000 had been spent on naval operations in the Baltic and Black Sea. No British force was at present operating in the Caspian. Probably the above operations would be wound up before the end of the financial year.

Mr. Harmsworth said that a meeting would occur shortly in Denmark between British and Bolshevist representatives regarding an exchange of prisoners.

London, November 5.—The representatives of seven new Russian States, Azerbeijan, Northern Caucasus, Georgia, the Kuban Republic, Esthonia, Latvia and Ukrainia have sent a joint note to the Supreme Council asking for the recognition of their independence.

Harbin, November 9.—Ataman Semenoff has handed over to the local State Bank of China a supply of gold which the Omsk Government sent to Vladivostok. Ataman Semenoff telegraphed Omsk that he had decided to leave the gold at Chita, considering it unsafe to send it further east.

Peking Backing Bank In American Cities

Project Is Made Public By Hsu En-yuan On His Way Back To China

(Reuter's Service)

New York, October 21.—Hsu-En-yuan who has arrived at Vancouver on his way back to China announces that a bank with a capital of $10,000,000 and backed by the Chinese Government is being established in New York with branches at Vancouver, Seattle, Washington, Montreal and San Francisco. It is understood in financial circles in New York that American interests will contribute half the capital.

Local Chinese Ask For Sir John's Aid

Assistance Of British Minister Is Sought For Municipal Representation

The Shanghai Commercial Federation, consisting of 51 local commercial organisations and the Shanghai Street Union yesterday addressed an appeal to Sir John Jordan as doyen of the Diplomatic Corps in Peking to endorse the resolution of local Chinese to have representation on the Shanghai Municipal Council when the resolution comes before the Corps for final approval.

The message stated that representative Chinese of the city have made certain amendments to the land regulations of Shanghai whereby Chinese ratepayers will be given the same privileges of franchise as the foreign ratepayers and the amended regulations will be sent to the Diplomatic Corps through the local Consulates-General shortly.

LABOR HAS CONTROL AT LONDON ELECTION BY CLOSE MAJORITY

Takes Over Fourteen Councils At Polls While Reformers Only Win Twelve

LEADERS ARE JUBILANT

Conservatives Lay Results To 'Apathy Of The Middle Classes'

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 4.—The result of the Municipal elections in London is a Labor majority on 14 Councils, the Municipal Reformers' have a majority on 12 Councils, and majority for the Progressives on one.

Women secured a footing of most Councils, Kensington having 12, Hampstead six. Labor had the most remarkable turnover. For instance, at Stepney, 42 Laborites were elected instead of three previously; at Popular, 39 Laborites were elected out of 42; at Islington, 44 were elected instead of seven previously.

The final figures are: Reformers, 600; Labor 565; Progressives, 148; Independents, 14; ex-soldiers and sailors, 5.

The Reformers who had been in the ascendant for a decade, controlling 24 out of 28 Councils, now have had a majority of 694 converted into a minority of 133.

Labor has increased its representation at Manchester from 18 to 32 transforming a Conservative majority of 16 to a minority of 16. The virtual extinction of the Progressives is regarded as a dismal warning to the Liberals. The fact that Liberals and Conservatives combined against Labor in Exeter and other places, is regarded as significant for future electioneering.

Labor leaders interviewed were jubilant at this evidence of Labor's power and determination to govern the country."

They declare that electors are turning to Labor for deliverance from the clutches of the exploiter and profiteer.

The Conservatives admit that the result is unpleasant, but ascribe it to the apathy and abstention of the middle classes.

London, November 2.—The results of the Municipal elections so far announced show sweeping Labor gains almost everywhere in London. There will be a large Labor majority in many boroughs instead of a small minority.

The London figures so far received are, Labor party, 209; Municipal Reform party, 85; Independents, 24; Progressives, 30; Ex-soldiers and sailors, 2. Many women have been returned. There have also been striking Labor gains in the provinces.

The municipal elections held in London were the first since 1912. The public was more or less apathetic and there was only a small poll.

PREMIUM BOND PLAN IN BRITAIN OPPOSED

Labor Party Against Project For Which 200 Members Have Signed Petition

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 4.—The Labor Party has decided to oppose the issue of premium bonds; meanwhile nearly 200 members of the House of Commons have signed a petition in favor of the issue.

London, November 4.—Mr. Bonar Law announced yesterday that a new committee would be appointed to consider the premium bonds.

AMERICAN SCHOOL HEAD WILL SPEAK AT DINNER

Mr. E. S. Dreher To Describ Y.M.C.A. War Work To American Chamber

Mr. E. S. Dreher, principal of the Shanghai American School, will deliver a short address on the educational work conducted by the Y.M.C.A. among the American Expeditionary Forces in Europe, at the dinner to be given by the American Chamber of Commerce of China on Thursday evening, November 13. Mr. Dreher was stationed for several months with the Expeditionary Forces in both France and Germany.

There will also be short speeches by Mr. E. S. Cunningham American Consul-General, and Mr. J. Harold Dollar, President of the American Chamber of Commerce, who has just returned from an extensive trip in the United States. The dinner will be at the American Club at eight o'clock and a large attendance is expected.

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News Brevities

All restrictions on telegrams to Switzerland, beginning today, will be removed, according to notice issued by Mr. J. M. Beck, divisional manager of the Eastern Extension Australia and China Telegraph Company, Limited.

* * *

Mr. J. J. Kino, of the firm of Messrs. Kino Bros., London, who is at present in Singapore, has confirmed the story of the "biggest diamond robbery that has ever taken place." Diamonds to the value of £69,000 vanished mysteriously from the B.I. s.s. Merkera on the recent voyage between London and Colombo, and there is no clue to the thief.

* * *

Mr. J. Ruedolf, of the Ecole des Beaux Arts, Paris, is now in Shanghai, and will exhibit paintings, water colors, and sketches of the great war, at the French Municipal Hall from November 15 to 23.

* * *

Mr. Hugh Horne, Commercial Counsellor to the British Embassy in Tokio, was among the passengers sailing yesterday afternoon on the Mishima Maru for Japan.

* * *

Today will be celebrated by many patriotic organisations in Kwangtung. The day marks the anniversary of the Kwangtung Independence. As many know, Wuchang fired the first shot of the Chinese Revolution, then followed other provinces, and on November 11 of that year, Kwangtung Province declared its independence.

HEAVY COTTON SALES REPORTED IN AMERICA

One Big Purchase, According To Rumor, Made By German Agents

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Oct. 3rd, (by mail).—It is rumored that German agents have purchased in the neighborhood of 10,000 bales of spot cotton in the southeastern markets. A New Orleans firm says that Japanese interests have become among the South's best cotton customers. At the same time English export interests are also neglecting no opportunity to secure desirable lists of cotton in the southwest whenever they are offered. It is reported that bookings out of Galveston for shipment from November on to March have been very large.

It is understood that present consignments to Holland show large losses. It is said that there are between 80,000 and 90,000 bales of cotton at Rotterdam which overtakes facilities for handling supplies at that point. In fact, one man who sold cotton to a spinner out of Rotterdam, found it impossible to locate his cotton owing to congestion and confusion, and it is claimed that cotton can be shipped from Ghent to Rotterdam in shorter time than it takes to make deliveries in Rotterdam from the stock there, owing to the unprecedented congestion.

It is also claimed that there is more cotton in Europe on consignment at the present time than ever before in the history of the trade, suggesting some big losses among owners, as the only terms on which Germany can buy cotton is on twelve months credit, payable in marks.

FREE TRADE IN CHINA ADVOCATED BY WRITER

Better Communications Also Urged In New Article Printed At Peking

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, November 9.—The Peking Leader publishes a striking article by Mr. Putnam Weale dealing with the Shanghai Conference of British Chambers of Commerce which is attracting considerable attention in Chinese political and journalistic circles.

The writer invites serious attention to the need of absolute free trade within the Chinese republic, namely that commerce should be absolutely free and unfettered except for a tariff at the ports of entry, with the abolition of all likin and coast trade duties and also the reorganisation of the Customs, so that the port of entry idea with modern assessing and valuation departments could be carried out.

Mr. Putnam Weale next advocates improved communications, which except on the Lunghai Railway have not been improved for several years.

He specially recommends completion of the Hankow-Canton trunk line and the commencement of the Szechuen line.

These requirements are patent but a matter which is also important but not so patent is the question of British representation in China. The writer says he is in a position to state the earnest hope of the Chinese Government that the oldest treaty power will take the lead in raising the status of its representative, giving the Republic the rank and standing which may be justly claimed from its extent of territory and vast number of inhabitants and which would be a general notice to the world that the almost limitless possibilities which the future holds for China are officially recognised by Great Britain.

British Labor Party Opposes Solicitor As Coal Controller

Contend Policy Of Board Of Trade Will Result In Disaster

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 5.—In the House of Commons yesterday Labor members opposed the appointment of Scottish solicitor, Mr. Duncan, as coal controller, because the Coal Advisory Committee had not been consulted, and a lawyer was not suitable for the post.

They also declared that the Board of Trade's policy, thus exemplified, would lead to disaster, and they also denounced the six shilling increase in the price of coal.

They demanded the appointment of a select committee to enquire into the above matter and also into the causes of the declining output, and the Government's alleged excess profits.

Sir Auckland Geddes, in the course of his reply, stated that he believed it would soon be possible to reduce the price of coal because the miners were working better, the output had increased and transport was improving.

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The Opera

The little band of enthusiasts who have written and spoken in praise of "Boris Godownov" after its first performance, must have been pleased to see a fairly full attendance on Sunday night. For nearly all of them would be sure to be there again at its repeat. The writer must plead guilty to being one of those who are very keen about "Boris." If we had tried a little harder or a little longer the house might have been full; but on the other hand the town might have had one of its queer fits and stayed away, except for those who knew "Boris" before, and heard the former cast in it.

On Sunday there were half-a-dozen changes in the cast—not given on the program which was a reprint from the first time—Mr. Danilov replaced Mr. Preobragensky as "Gregory," Mr. Magsky was "Variaam," Mr. Svetloff was "Prince Shouisky," "Xenia," (Miss Sasouzova), "Theodore" (Miss Ivanova) Miss Zirianova doubled the parts of the Innkeeper and nurse to the Tsar's children. Other parts were in the same hands as before. Mr. Hochloff as "Boris" received the honors of the evening and an offering of flowers from an admirer.

The part of "Marina" was again Miss Burskaya's, and "Missail" remained with the competent Mr. Voronoff.

A company that can play Washington Post with most of its parts, even the big leads, is one of extraordinary resources. "Boris" so performed about once a month for a year or so would be a fine institution, and another idea (equally impracticable) would be to make a seat for "Butterfly's" and "Faust's" depend upon a regular attendance at "Boris."

[Practical suggestions are so seldom acted upon that it is just as satisfactory to make impossible ones.]

But all that has been said in praise of "Boris" should have to be said again of Rimsky-Korsakov's "Tsar's Bride" to be given only once—more's the pity—on Thursday next, so after all there is still a chance for the butterfield ones to redeen their reputation as all round lovers of fine opera. Nor does anyone grudge the big house to Puccini's opera. It was a pleasant sight. Only "Boris" and the "Tsar's Bride" are as well worthy, to say the least, of being appreciated.

R. B. Hurry.

BRITISH OFFICER PUNISHED

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 4.—The court martial ordered Lieut. Col. Sherwood Kelly, who was charged with contravening the army regulations by writing letters to the press in connection with the British expedition to North Russia, to be severely reprimanded.

Date Of War's End To Be Feted Today

Society Here To Make Merry On First Anniversary Of Armistice

This will be a gala day in Shanghai in celebration of the first anniversary of the cessation of hostilities in the World War. Armistice Day is to be marked by a round of festivities.

There will be a ball at the Shanghai Club tonight for members and guests, a dinner for the United Services Club at the Astor House tonight, a reception for the members of foreign societies here at the Race Club this afternoon and many less formal affairs.

Members of the Shanghai Race Club will be at home today, the anniversary of signing the armistice, to members of clubs and societies as follows: the Country, Shanghai, Masonic, American, Columbia, Merchant Service Clubs; Cercle Francais, Cercle Sportif Francais, Marine Engineers' Institute, and Circolo Italiana. The affair will be held following the races.

HONGKONG'S OBSERVANCE

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, November 8.—A Gazette Extraordinary contains a telegram from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, forwarding the following message from His Majesty which he has addressed to all the peoples of the Empire:

"To all my people. Tuesday next the 11th of November, is the first anniversary of the armistice which stayed the world-wide carnage of the four preceding years and marked the victory of right and freedom.

"I believe that my people in every part of the Empire fervently wish to perpetuate the memory of that great deliverance and of those who laid down their lives to achieve it. To afford an opportunity for universal expression of this feeling it is my desire and hope that at the hour when the armistice came into force, the eleventh hour of the eleventh day of the eleventh month there may be for a brief space of two minutes a complete suspension of all of our normal activities.

"During that time, except in rare cases where this may be impracticable. All work, all sound and all locomotion should cease, so that in perfect stillness, the hearts of everyone may be concentrated in reverent remembrance of the glorious dead.

"No elaborate organisation appears necessary. At a given signal which can easily be arranged to suit the circumstances of each locality, I believe we shall all gladly interrupt our business or pleasure, whatever it may be, and unite in this simple service of silence and remembrance.—George R. I."

The signal in the colony will be given by a gun fired at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. The Governor trusts that the community will comply with His Majesty's wishes.

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British Minister Speaker Before Chinese Bodies

Hope Of Nation, He Says, Lies With Younger Generation---Sees Need Of United Country

"The hope of China lies with the young generation and I am confident young China will do great things," said Sir John Jordan, the British Minister, in response to an appeal of Mr. C. C. Nieh, president of the Chinese Cotton Mill Owners' Association, at a reception given in his honor yesterday at the former German Club by 15 local organisations. Mr. Tang Shao-yi, former Southern peace delegate, acted as chairman. Mr. David Z. T. Yui, general secretary of the Y.M.C.A. was the other speaker.

"Although I am an old man," said Sir John, in part, "I feel that the present is infinitely better than old China. China with her vast area and large population is destined to play no small part in world affairs.

"If you are disappointed, you may have patience and look forward to better developments. Whatever the passing difficulties have been, you have one great people, one great family, of which I have been practically made a member.

"I sincerely hope that China will soon be united and that she will take her true position in the world and share the responsibility of a great nation."

The British Minister expressed his gratitude to his hosts, said the function given in his honor was unprecedented, and that never in his long residence in China had he seen and met so many young intelligent Chinese at a single gathering.

TELLS EXPERIENCES

The Minister told of his experiences in Korea after the China-Japan war when he looked after the interests of the Chinese in the Japanese dependency. It was there that Sir John became a good friend of Mr. Tang Shao-yi, the chairman, and co-operated with Mr. Tang in protecting the interest of Chinese merchants in Korea under unusual circumstances.

During his long residence here, Sir John said he found the Chinese people essentially reasonable and pacific. He pointed out that Mr. C. C. Nieh's sentiments expressed in his speech are represented by Great Britain in China, although he said the home people know too little about the Chinese.

Mr. Tang in his opening remarks said 15 organisations had gathered together to do honor to Sir Jordan as an old friend, and a foreign minister who always has China's interest at heart. He said that Sir John Jordan had been in China for 43 years and knew the country better than any one else. Then he related his experience with Sir Jordan, when after the China-Japan war, he looked after the interest of Chinese in Korea for four or five years.

Mr. Yui said in looking at the assemblage one's heart was filled with encouragement and hope. He said that the statement that it is useless to hustle the East was absolutely disproved at a gathering like this. In former times, it would be impossible even after weeks and months of preparation to get up a similar assemblage, but now only two or three days were necessary to organise the reception.

Sir John had seen old China as well as young China, said Mr. Yui, but he was assured that Sir John would also be filled with hope for China at this gathering. He considered that the reception by so many important organisation may be calculated to strengthen the cordial relationship already existing between Great Britain and the Republic of China.

MR. NIEH SPEAKER

Mr. C. C. Nieh spoke as follows:

"The representatives of no less than fifteen of the most important Chinese organisations in Shanghai, educational, commercial, industrial, social, philanthropic, and Christian, assemble here this afternoon to do honor to His Excellency, Sir John, the highest official representative of the British Empire in our country.

"In this capacity, His Excellency has rendered most significant service to his own country and no less to China, and has won the admiration of our people for his great and illustrious nation. We wish His Excellency many more years of this important service which will, doubtless, help strengthen the cordial relationships already existing between the two countries.

"We are here also to pay our highest and sincerest tribute to His Excellency as a leading statesman of the world on Far Eastern affairs. Sir John has lived in China for many years, and undoubtedly knows our country better than most of us. He is well acquainted with our past history, our present situation and our future possibilities.

"As a great authority on Far Eastern affairs, we hope His Excellency will continue to interpret the spirit, movement, aspirations, and hope of the New and Young China to the people of the West. Such a clear understanding is bound to produce happy and helpful relationships.

"Most important of all, are we gathered in this hall to welcome His Excellency as a true friend of ours, a friend of many years standing and through many vicissitudes of our national life. In the capacity of a true friend, His Excellency has rendered us far more invaluable service than in any other way. For this we are exceedingly grateful. This friendship we shall continue to treasure most highly. We are in greater need of it now than ever before. May we not count on Your Excellency's friendship at this hour of supreme need in our national welfare?

"The New and Young China is different from the Old China in many ways. One of the most significant and fundamental differences is the fact that the former has caught a world-wide vision and is intensely interested in the welfare of not only China but also the entire world, while the latter has been focusing its attention and energy more on personal advancement than on national interests, leaving alone the world-wide relationships.

"The New and Young China understands and appreciates the fact that today nations as well as individuals are struggling for equality and justice more strenuously than ever before. The recent world war, the present labor agitation and the Bolshevik movement are unmistakable outward manifestations of some strong and irrestible unrest caused by a sense of inequality and injustice, whether real or imagined. Whatever may be the significance and outcome of the struggle, one thing seems to be clear; so long as there is injustice, there will be no peace on earth.

"Human nature seeks justice just as persistently as water seeks its own level. Nations and individuals may, by artificial means or by compulsion, succeed in temporarily keeping a portion of humanity from enjoying equality and justice which are their due. Before very long the time will surely arrive when the enslaved portion of humanity will break down all barriers and restrictions and work great havoc on all concerned.

"There can be no permanent peace for any one nation, unless there is peace for all nations on an equitable basis. Again there can be no true justice for any one nation, unless there is justice for all nations concerned. There can no real freedom for any one nation unless there is freedom for all nations of the world. This is the greatest lesson which history teaches us.

"In the fight against injustice and brutal force, the British Empire has proved herself a noble champion. Not only has she a constitutional government for herself, but also she has been fighting against and crushing militarism and injustice wherever they seem to gain an upper hand over constitutionalism and justice.

"Her most important part in the recent world war is more than a convincing proof of her stand for democracy, justice and permanent peace, which stand must constitute a just pride and real gratification on the part of the great British people. Because of this noble stand, it is the sincerest hope of the new and young China that the British people will not be satisfied with having crushed the Prussianism of Europe but will extend their efforts to help suppress any possible recurrence of Prussianism in Asia or any other part of the world.

"For the sake of permanent peace, if for nothing else, this must be done, and that soon. Any further delay will simply retard the growth of democracy and will at the same time make the stronghold of militarism all the more impregnable.

"The New and Young China further hopes that all injustices which have hitherto been imposed on her people should be removed. We are much gratified in seeing that as soon as a better and clear understanding is created, the amount of injustices disappear in proportion. It is no less true that as injustices steadily disappear a more helpful understanding generally results.

"May the British and the Chinese people unite their best efforts in reducing the injustices to the minimum and in creating a most helpful and inspiring understanding between them. As the highest official representative of the British Empire in China, as the leading statesman on Far Eastern affairs, and as China's true friend, His Excellency, Sir John, unquestionably, is in the best position greatly to help fulfil these hopes of the New and Young China.

"The last trace of militarism must be effaced from the earth. Democracy must reign supreme. Injustice and inequality must be forgotten and unknown. Justice and permanent peace must be ruling elements of the world. Spread of education and development of industry and commerce will bring happiness and prosperity to the door of every home. Not only Eden but the entire world will be made a paradise. In the program the British Empire has been performing the lion's share. In the same, the New and Young China is confident that our country is destined to play no minor part. It will be real satisfaction, we are sure, to His Excellency, Sir John, and no less to us, if as a result of this meeting of welcome, we can at once join hands to make a splendid start on this great program."

Sir John was accompanied by Vice-Consul P. Grant Jones and Major Hilton-Johnson. Among others present were Mr. S. K. Chen and Mr. N. T. Yang, secretaries of the Foreign Commissioner, Messrs. George Fitch and Willian Lockwood, general secretaries of the Y.M.C.A., Mr. Chow Wan-pang of the Chinese Telegraph Administration, Mr. Y. C. Tong of the Chinese Red Cross Society and Mr. Sung Han-chang, manager of the Bank of China.

The organisations that gave the reception were the Kiangsu Educational Association, Shanghai Educational Association, Shanghai City Chamber of Commerce, Chinese Red Cross Society, Shanghai Young Men's Christian Association, Christian Union of Shanghai, Western Returned Students' Union, World's Chinese Students' Federation, Shanghai Students' Union, National Vocational Educational Association of China, Shanghai Commercial and Educational Club, Chinese Overseas Association, Chinese Cotton Mill Owners' Association, Iron Merchants' Union and Shanghai Fire Brigade Association.

MR. STEPHEN GIVES DINNER

The first dinner accepted by Sir John since his arrival in Shanghai was served at the home of Mr. A. G. Stephen, manager of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, and Mrs. Stephen on Sunday evening. Present were Mr. N. G. Stabb, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Fox, Mr. and Mrs. John Johnstone and Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Dodwell of Hongkong, Mr. and Mrs. Brooke Smith, Mrs. Brand, Commodore Ellison, Commander and Mrs. Hartford, Mr. A. Wilden, Consul General for France; Mr. and Mrs. MacArthur, Mr. and Mrs. Hynes, Mr. W. A. C. Platt, Mr. Bence, Mr. Deloro, Mr. H. E. Campbell and Mr. Hugh Horne, commercial counsellor to the British Embassy at Tokio.

Decision Of Council Sent To Rumanians

(Continued from Page 1)

Powers should by assigning the territory to Italy violate the principles of nationality and self-determination to which they have expressed devotion.

NOTE FROM GERMANY

Berlin, November 4.—The German Government has replied to the Supreme Council's note relative to the transfer of five German ships to Dutch companies during the war, offering to submit the question to arbitration to be arranged by the Allied and Netherlands Governments. Germany declares that her attitude is purely guided by a regard for the rights of the neutrals concerned.

Peace Treaty About To Become Effective

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

Peking, Nov. 6.—American wireless from Lyons, Paris, Nov. 3.—The coming into effect of the Treaty of Versailles on or about November 20 was foreshadowed by an announcement, following today's meeting of the Supreme Council, that all delegates and delegation commissions would meet here on November 10 for organisation purposes.

The object of this is to have these Commissions fully organised and prepared to assume authority in their respective areas on the day that the Treaty becomes effective.

The Commissioners will be on the spot that day in Silesia, Memel, Schleswig and Teschen to take over authority and will be supported by Allied troops.

Only Powers that have ratified the Treaty will be represented at the organisation of these commissions on November 10, and the occupying forces will be composed of British, French and Italians unless by then America has ratified the Treaty and its reservations have been accepted, in which case Americans will participate. The Council has formally decided that the Allied forces in Silesia shall be commanded by a French general.

The character of the American reservations remains a subject of the greatest interest here because it is considered that before America can participate the Powers must make clear their attitude towards whatever reservations are adopted. With the question in America so near decision, diplomats are maintaining silence on the subject and waiting until they know what the American stand actually is.

MEETING OF COUNCIL

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 8 (via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Supreme Allied Council met yesterday morning, M. Stephen Pichon presiding. The Council referred the British delegation's proposal regarding Galicia to the Polish Affairs Commission which will probably definitely decide the question.

The Council referred to the Belgian Affairs Commission two proposals, one emanating from the Belgian delegation and the other from the German delegation regarding Empen and Malmedy. The question of the removal of material belonging to the German Government at Danzig was referred to the reparations Committee.

The Council decided to appoint a Commission to draw up a comparative table of the lists compiled by the different Powers of the persons guilty of war crimes to be handed over by Germany. The Commission will fix the composition, precedure and meeting place of the courts summoned to try the cases.

A Prague telegram states that the Czecho-Slovak National Assembly yesterday unanimously adopted the bill for the ratification of the peace treaty. The result of the vote was hailed with enthusiasm.

NOTE TO HOLLAND

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, November 5.—The Supreme Council had advised Holland that it adheres to its decision not to recognise the Dutch ownership of German ships purchased since the outbreak of the war.

Vienna, November 6.—The reparation Sub-Commission has completed a ten days sitting and will issue an interim report.

Sir William Goode, the British representative, in an interview with Reuter's correspondent, said that the condition of Vienna was wellnigh desperate owing to the nonfulfilment by the Jugo-Slav and Czecho-Slovak Government of the contracts to deliver food stuffs and coal respectively.

There were absolutely no reserves of bread, meat and fats in Vienna and the gravity of the position was accentuated by the delays of the food trains owing to the shortage of coal.

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 9. (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—General Gouraud, the newly-appointed French Commander-in-chief in Syria, is due to arrive at Toulon in the evening of November 12 enroute for his new post. General Gouraud, who will be accompanied by five officers, will go on board the Waldeck Rousseau which will probably sail next day.

REPORT IS HEARD

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, November 9. (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Supreme Interallied Council yesterday morning heard the report of General Bernoust, Chairman of the Inter-allied Commission entrusted with the task of reporting on the complaints of the Turkish population of the Smyrna region who had protested to the Allied High Commissioner at Constantinople against the presence of the Greek troops of occupation.

General Bernoust's report points out the responsibility of the Ottoman population who by their actions and provocatory demeanor have frequently compelled the Greek High Command to take strong measures.

Nevertheless General Bernoust does not conceal the fact that the Greek occupation has had a considerable political drawbacks, namely that of provoking in Turkey a violent national reaction, resulting in a complication which the Supreme Council can hardly guard against save by keeping the Greek troops of occupation at Smyrna.

Italians Of Shanghai To Honor Their King

Italian subjects generally in Shanghai will observe King Victor Emmanuel's birthday today with a holiday. There will be a reception to all Italians and friends at the Consulate-General in the forenoon from 10 to 11:30 at which Mr. G. de Rossi, Consul-General, will be the host.

BILL TO END STRIKES INTRODUCED IN LONDON

Trade Disputes Referred To Courts Of Inquiry By Measure

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 4.—The text of the new bill designed to stop strikes has been issued. The bill establishes an industrial court and courts of inquiry in connection with trade disputes.

The industrial court comprises independent representatives of employers and workmen, the chairman also being independent. With the consent of both parties the Minister of Labor may refer any dispute to the court. In the event of no agreement being reached as regards an award, the matter shall be decided by the chairman.

The Minister of Labor may appoint courts of inquiry in connection with any dispute. These courts will be empowered to require evidence, and impose penalties in the event of misleading and false evidence being given. The reports of the courts of inquiry must be submitted to Parliament.

London, November 2.—There has been a series of conferences between the Minister of Labor and representatives of the trade unionists relative to the termination of the wages temporary regulation act on November 21.

The Ministry of Labor announced yesterday that Sir Robert Herne, Minister of Labor, would tomorrow introduce a bill for establishing a permanent industrial court, replacing the interim court of arbitration.

The announcement says that it is generally recognised that compulsory arbitration is impracticable and it is proposed that the industrial court should settle disputes with the consent of both parties.

The bill empowers the Minister of Labor to appoint courts of inquiry for trade disputes. Clauses empowering the Industrial Court to decide when awards and agreements are binding on a whole trade and prohibiting trades-unions from financing a strike against an award or agreement, have been dropped "owing to the very strong exception taken to the latter clause by representatives of the trades unions as interference with the trades disputes act of 1906."

British Guiana Is To Remain British

Lord Milner Says England Is Not To Cede Any Of Her Colonies

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 4.—The Governor of British Guiana has telegraphed to Lord Milner, Secretary of State for the Colonies, protesting against Lord Rothermere's recent suggestion that the Colony should be ceded to the United States in liquidation of debt.

Lord Milner has replied that there is no intention of ceding British Guiana or any West Indian colony to a foreign power.

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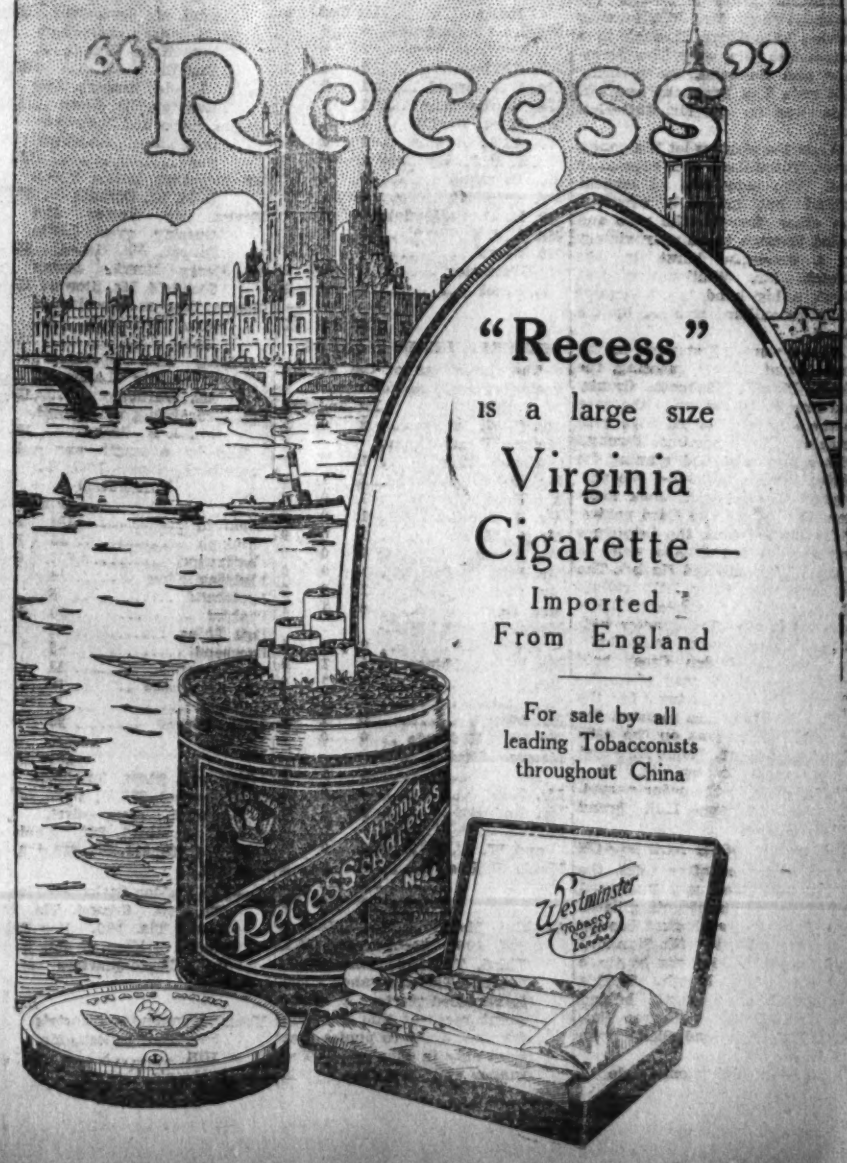

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Castlewood And Silver Streak Show Well On First Day Of Autumn Race Meeting

Former Takes Criterions Easily; Oriole Beaten In Autumn Cup Event; Mountain King Springs Surprise, Taking Leger With Maresfield Failing To Place

Castlewood and Silver Streak, two favorites for the Champions tomorrow, won races yesterday, the first day of the Shanghai Race Club's Autumn meeting. Castlewood's victory came in the Criterion Stakes, Mr. Vida's mount winning by a length and a half from The Corncrake and going the mile in 2:05 3-5. Mr. John Johnstone rode Silver Streak to a victory over The Oriole, with Billy Hill up, in the Autumn Cup event, a mile and a quarter. The ponies staged a great battle in the stretch after pulling away from the field of 19 starters. Silver Streak winning by a short head. The third horse, Bydand, was three lengths behind.

Mountain King pulled a surprise in the Leger, winning easily from Mazurek, with the Field ponies failing to show. Maresfield was the big favorite, 785 playing the pony to win and 780 figuring for at least a place. With Mountain King, Mazurek and Hallow-E'en figuring in the money, all the dividends were good, holders of win tickets on Mountain King drawing $51.90. Messrs. C. R. Burkill, J. K. Brand and John Johnstone, respectively, were the jockeys who made places.

The opening day was ideal for racing. Betting was brisk, there was a good crowd out and the cash sweep prizes were all big. There were big fields in eight of the ten races, 25 ponies starting the event for subscription griffins.

SIR JOHN JORDAN ATTENDS

Sir John Jordan, British Minister, was the guest of the Race Club. Sir John entered the enclosure just after the finish of the Leger. The crowd stood while the Municipal Band played "God Save The King."

The Municipal Band was located in the main grandstand with the Carlton jazz band playing the ponies across the finish line. As at the extra meetings the Carlton musicians were popular. In the intervals between races both bands were busy.

There were surprises other than Mountain King.

Pennyfield, Plaything, Rosewood and Gulfsand were favorites in races. The first three did not show and Gulfsand was a bad third.

—Press tips were consistently successful and the selections of the dopesters of the various newspapers were popular with bettors.

The best race of the day was the Autumn Cup when John Johnstone rode Silver Streak to a win over Billy Hill on The Oriole. Beaconlight, Majuba, Midas, Loganfield and Victoria figured in the race until about 250 yards from the finish, when The Oriole, sailing along with the pack, leaped and tore loose. An instant afterward Silver Streak stepped from the big field and the pair, getting further away from the other ponies at every jump, galloped by the main stand neck and neck. The margin at the finish was a short head.

TATOUILLARD IS WINNER

Another great race was the seventh when Mr. Wuilleumier carried Tatouillard through to a four-length win over The Screamer and Gulfsand, the favorite. Hill rode The Screamer and Mr. Vida was up on Mr. Sutterle's pony.

When the starters let the ponies away, Tatouillard was hopelessly lost. The pony was 20 lengths behind but gradually overtook the other four in the race and sailed through to an easy victory by a wonderful burst in the stretch. Mr. Wuilleumier was given a big hand by the crowd when Tatouillard was led by the stand.

There were 18 starters in the first event of the meeting, the Maloo Plate. Bixshoote, Cranby and Free-and-Easy made the pace in the early part of the race with Dancing Bird coming through with a fine finish and winning the half-mile race in 58 3-5 seconds. Nigger Minstrel and Jock Scott were the second and third ponies.

Castlewood took the Criterions and the Maiden Stakes went to Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's The Pelican, with Billy Hill riding. There were 12 starters. Flinders led for the first quarter with Shiplake stepping out at the half-way mark. Golden Crest held third place all the way while the others were jockeying for the lead. As the ponies rounded the turn, Plaything was on the rails with The Pelican, Home Bird and Dunera ready to step out. They did, finishing in the order named. The jockeys were Hill, Brand and Dalgarno.

ROSEWOOD DOES NOT PLACE

The first race after tiffin, the Fah Wah Stakes, saw Rosewood and Gladiator disappointing backers. Leofield was backed heavily and after a battle with Standard Dahlia and Rouble, won by three quarters of a length. Rouble was but half a length behind Standard Dahlia. Messrs. Stewart, Dalgliesh and Sleap were the jockeys.

Mr. John Johnstone rode a beautiful race in the event for subscription griffins, winning on Mr. J. Spunts Last Call. The big field—there were 25 starters, made it a difficult proposition for jockies to get the best from their ponies. Mr. Johnstone rode within striking distance until the Widow's Monument, Java Chief making the pace to the stretch. Scesaplana, Mr. Wuilleumier up, was second and Mr. Warmsley brought Co-insurance home to the third money.

The Leger, the day's classic, gave the crowd a thrill. Of the nine ponies going out Maresfield was figured the best. Hallow E'en took the lead at the drop of the flag with Black Fox, Mountain King and the two Field entries content to trail. At the mile Black Fox was in front, Petersfield second, Mountain King third and Maresfield fourth. Petersfield was figured as the pace maker but the crowd was anxiously watching for Maresfield to make the leap from third. Wilson started coming at Loongfei but never figured.

As the poines hit the stretch. Maresfield dropped back with Petersfield and Mountain King, Mazurek and Hallow E'en set sail for the wire, finishing in the order named.

Mr. Vida took his second victory in the Whangpoo Stakes, the ninth race. He rode Castlesand and left the other ponies a furlong from the wire. Castlesand won by four lengths from Golden Plume, Mr. Dalgarno up. Mr Hill, on The Hawfinch, was third half a length behind Dalgarno.

Eighteen ponies started the final event of the afternoon, the Kalgan Plate. Mr. Bremmer rode Pilgrim to a victory in the race with Young Alf, Mr. C. R. Burkill up, and Sumatra Chief, Mr. Knoll riding, as the other two money ponies.

SELLING LOTTERIES TONIGHT

Selling lotteries on the Champions Sweepstakes will take place at the Race Club tonight after dinner. Dinner will be served at the Grand Stand at 8:30 o'clock.

The Race Club is at home to members of various clubs after the races today in commemoration of Armistice Day.

HOW THE JOCKEYS FARED

Name	1st	2nd	3rd
Mr. John Johnstone..	2	0	1
Mr. Frank R. Vida ..	2	0	1
Mr. William Hill ...	1	4	1
Mr. J. K. Brand	1	2	0
Mr. Wuilleumier ...	1	1	1
Mr. C. R. Burkill ..	1	1	0
Mr. A. J. Stewart ..	1	0	0
Mr. S. B. M. Bremner	1	0	0
Mr. Dalgarno	0	1	1
Mr. Dalgliesh	0	1	0
Mr. M. O. Springfield	0	0	1
Mr. A. J. P. Heard ..	0	0	1
Mr. Sleap	0	0	1
Mr. Warmsley	0	0	1
Mr. Knoll	0	0	1
	10	10	10

SUTTERLE LEADS OWNERS

The standings of the stables yesterday were as follows:

Stable	1st	2nd	3rd
Mr. F. W. Sutterle ..	2	0	1
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty	1	3	1
Mr. Robson	1	1	0
Mr. Henry Morriss ..	1	0	0
Mr. J. Spunt	1	0	0
Mr. G. H. Potts	1	0	0
Mr. Jeromi	1	0	0
Mr. John Peel	1	0	0
Mr. Chaucer	1	0	0
Mr. Fash	0	1	1
Messrs. Sky and Hickling	0	1	1
Mr. F. S. Gibbings ..	0	1	0
Mr. Silex	0	1	0
Mr. McBain	0	1	0
Mr. Mem	0	1	0
Sir Ellis Kadoorie ..	0	0	1
Messrs. Stephen and Burkill	0	0	1
Mr. Risk	0	0	1
Mr. Renniks	0	0	1
Messrs. B. D. F. Beith and W. W. G. Ross	0	0	1
Mr. E. B. Rose	0	0	1
	10	10	10

1.—The Maloo Plate.—Winner, Tls. 300. Second, Tls. 125. Third, Tls. 100 For China ponies. The allowance given to unplaced starters in subsequent races at this meeting, does not apply to ponies that start only in this race. The winner and placed in this race incur the same penalties as winners and placed ponies in other races. (Jockey Allowance).—Half a Mile.

	lbs.
Mr. Robson's roan The Dancing Bird, Mr. J. K. Brand	161—2
„ Fash's dun Dunera, Mr. Dalgarno	167—3
Messrs. W. A. W. and Gussie's grey White Flyer, Mr. White	152—0
Mr. C. R. Burkill's grey Shiplake, Mr. C. R. Burkill	158—0
„ McBain's bay Golden Crest, Mr. McBain	155—0
Messrs. Harry and Joe's grey Play Thing, Mr. Johnstone	155—0
„ Teog and Speelman's grey Flinders, Mr. Knoll	155—0
Capt. Bahnson's black Aalborg, Mr. Crokam	158—0
Mr. R. Macgregor's bay Red Coat, Mr. Bremner	152—0
„ R. Macgregor's ches. Red Robe, Mr. Warmsley	152—0
„ Sutterle's ches. Beautysand, Mr. Vida	152—0

Won by a length and a half; half a length. Time—1:34 2-5.

Pari-Mutuel

	Win.	Place.
Beautysand	59	110
White Flyer	6	51
Red Robe	13	27
Aalborg	19	36
The Pelican	231	429
Dunera	25	59
Red Coat	9	24
Play Thing	390	389
Golden Crest	22	28
The Home Bird	159	276
Shiplake	32	36
Flinders	13	29
	978	1454

For win, $18.60; for place, first, $7.10; second, $8.30; third, 20.30. Members' sweep—first, 333; second, 58; third, 679. Unplaced—288, 737, 323, 75, 642, 280, 355, 308 and 385.

4.—The Fah-Wah Stakes.—Winner, Tls. 300. Second, Tls. 125. Third, Tls. 100. For all China ponies. Grimns allowed 5 lbs. (Jockey Allowance).—One Mile and a Half.

	lbs.
Mr. Henry Morriss' brown Leofield, Mr. Stewart	158—1
„ F. S. Gibbing's grey Standard Dahlia, Mr. Dalgliesh	164—2
„ Renniks' grey Rouble, Mr. Sleap	152—3
„ Ezra's grey Rosewood, Mr. Vida	155—0
„ M. O. Springfield's ches. Wild Cat. Mr. Springfield	161—0
„ Bonar's grey Battle Axe. Mr. Law	155—0
„ Uto's black Zomba, Mr. Schoch	156—0
„ Lamerton's grey Escapade, Mr. Knoll	158—0
„ Bahnchild's ches. Scala, Mr. Crokam	158—0
„ Grayland's black Blackford, Mr. Grayrigge	164—0
„ Outport's grey Gladiator, Mr. C. R. Burkill	158—0
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's grey The Bulbul, Mr. Hill	155—0
Mr. H. G. Robinson's ches. Sans Peur, Mr. J. K. Brand	155—0
„ B. D. Kapteyn's dun Runawaylight, Mr. Dalgarno	157—0
„ Jedfert's grey L'Aisne, Mr. Siffert	159—0
„ Birdrake's grey Seahawk, Mr. Hind	150—0
„ Beudem's grey Johnston, Mr. Richard	157—0

Won by three quarters of a length; half a length. Time—3:16 4-5.

Pari-Mutuel

	Win.	Place.
Wild Cat	4	17
Zomba	2	10
Rouble	20	108
Battle Axe	4	10
Standard Dahlia	55	106
Rosewood	370	393
Leofield	359	491
Scala	10	57
Gladiator	165	282
Blackford	1	12
Sans Peur	87	115
Johnston	1	13
Escapade	2	1
The Bulbul	40	115
Seahawk	2	13
L'Aisne	1	1
Runaway Light	1	16
	1124	1806

For win, $13.70; for place, first, $8.10 second, $19.40; third, $19.20. Members' sweep—first, 711; second, 14; third, 927. Unplaced—723, 907, 515, 776, 760, 968, 223, 785, 805, 186, 166, 895, 913 and 793.

5.—The Subscription Griffin Stakes.—Winner, Tls. 250. Second, Tls. 100. Third, Tls. 75. For Subscription Griffins of this meeting. Ponies not qualified unless they remain the property of the original owner or owners. —Three-Quarters of a Mile.

	lbs.
Mr. J. Spunt's ches. Last Call II, Mr. Johnstone	155—1
„ Silex's bay Scesaplana, Mr. Wuilleumier	152—2
„ Risk's grey Co-insurance, Mr. Warmsley	155—3
„ Risk's roan Re-insurance, Mr. Hine	152—0
„ Bellfield's ches. Lightning Raider, Mr. Springfield	155—0
„ C. R. Burkill's grey Wargrave, Mr. Perkinton	155—0
„ Harmony's bay Complaint, Mr. Bremner	155—0
„ Gussie's bay Whitebait, Mr. White	155—0
„ Clifton's ches. Inniskilling, Mr. Grayrigge	152—0
„ McBain's brown Golden Fluff, Mr. McBain	155—0
Messrs. Middy and Co.'s black All Black	152—0
„ Middy and Co.'s bay All Red, Mr. Vida	155—0
Mr. Fennell's bay Knutsford, Mr. Sleap	155—0
„ Edmund's bay Tahu, Mr. Knoll	155—0
„ Manningham's brown Vulcanite, Mr. Dalgliesh	155—0
„ Ginurba's grey Barleux, Mr. Cox	149—0
Capt. Bahnson's ches. Nyborg, Mr. Crokam	155—0
Sir Ellis Kadoorie's brown Java Chief, Mr. C. R. Burkill	158—0
Mr. Brand Bros.'s brown Goodenough Mr. J. K. Brand	158—0
„ Seth's bl. dun Blue Devil, Mr. Hind	152—0
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's skew, The Pewit, Mr. Taylor	152—0
„ Sky and Hickling's grey Leszek, Mr. Sweeting	152—0
Mr. Cire's dun Flashlight, Mr. Hulthen	155—0
„ Tedally's ches. Emmagee Mr. Dalgarno	155—0
„ Blix's ches. Altair, Mr. Braad-Sorensen	152—0

Won by two lengths; one length. Time—1:32 2-5.

Pari-Mutuel

	Win.	Place.
Reinsurance	6	20
Nyborg	22	49
Scesaplana	202	403
Altair	18	15
Tahu	7	31
Co-Insurance	154	231
Whitebait	1	10
Lightning Raider	11	31
Golden Fluff	3	23
Last Call II	427	457
All Black	9	30
The Pewit	3	10
Knutsford	14	23
Vulcanite	20	56
Leszek	9	13
Goodenough	56	139
Java Chief	53	140
Complaint	7	11
Old Red	35	85
Flashlight	1	6
Emmagee	2	15
Barleux	2	5
Inniskilling	3	20
Wargrave	1	8
Blue Devil	—	—
	1066	1831

For win, $10.90; for place, 1st $7.00; 2nd $7.30; 3rd $9.00. Members' Sweep—1st 76. 2nd 805; 3rd 726; Unplaced.—820, 840, 136, 108, 394, 443, 14, 973, 487, 512, 924, 967, 998, 49, 881, 507, 334, 934, 202, 661, 866 and 305.

6.—The Shanghai St. Leger.—Winner, Tls. 1,000. Second, Tls. 400. Third, Tls. 250. For China ponies that have never been raced previous to January 1, 1919. Weight 10 st. 7 lbs. Ponies over 14 hands to carry 3 lbs. extra for every inch over. Winners of a race 5 lbs. extra; two or more races 10 lbs. extra.—One Mile and Three-Quarters.

	lbs.
Mr. G. H. Potts' ches. Mountain King, Mr. C. R. Burkill	†157—1
Messrs. Sky and Hickling's grey Mazurek, Mr. J. K. Brand	*152—2
Messrs. Sky and Hickling's brown Hallow E'en, Mr. Johnstone.	†157—3
Mr. Cemos' black Black Fox, Mr. Dalgarno.	†157—0
Sir Paul's ches. Albion Dahlia, Mr. Crokam.	147—0
Mr. Henry Morriss' grey Maresfield, Mr. Stewart	*152—0
Mr. Henry Morriss' brown Petersfield, Mr. Morriss	149—0
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's gr. The Heron, Mr. Hill	†157—0
Messrs. Teog and Speelman's grey Wilson, Mr. Wilson	†157—0

*5 lbs. extra. †10 lbs. Extra. Won by three lengths; 1½ lengths. Time—3.48 4-5.

Pari-mutuel

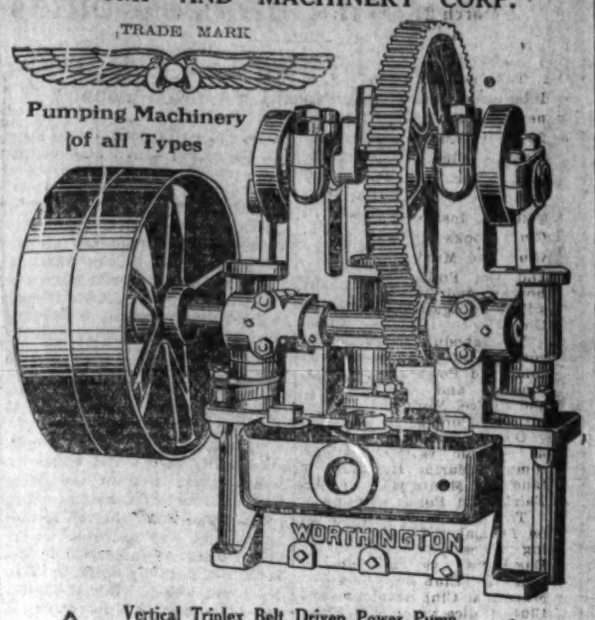
	Win.	Place.
Petersfield	313	193
Black Fox	11	47
Mountain King	135	175
Maresfield	785	780
The Heron	191	376
Hallow E'en	64	153
Mazurek	52	135
Wilson	34	83
Albion Dahlia	10	53
	1595	1995

For win, $51.90; for place, 1st $17.60; 2nd $21.40; 3rd $19.50. Members' sweep.—1st 576; 2nd 931; 3rd 667; Unplaced.—969, 674, 859, 396, 901 and 844.

7.—The Eclipse Stakes.—Winner, Tls. 300. Second, Tls. 125. Third, Tls. 100. For China ponies, griffins of this meeting. Winners 7 lbs. extra. (Jockey Allowance).—One Mile and a Quarter.

	lbs.
Mr. Jeromi's roan Tatouillard, Mr. Wuilleumier	161—1

(Continued on Page 5)



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INTER-CLUB BILLIARDS STARTING ON MONDAY

League Plans Season To End March 29; Ten Clubs Are Entered

The season of the Shanghai Inter-club Billard League begins next Monday and will end March 29. On the first night, the Masonic Club will meet the Customs Club, the Powhattan will compete with the Marine Engineers' Institute, the Lusitano Club hooks up with the Thirty Club, the Municipal Service Club and the Police will contest for honors and the American Club will play against the Portuguese Club.

The schedule for November 24 consists of games between Customs and Powhattan, Marine Engineers and Lusitano, Thirty and Police, Municipal and American and Portuguese and Masonic.

On December 1, the program is Masonic vs. Powhattan, Customs vs Marine Engineers, Lusitano vs Municipal, American vs Thirty and Police vs Portuguese.

The clubs are in action again on December 8 when the following games are scheduled: Marine Engineers vs Masonic Club, Lusitano Club vs Customs, the Municipal Club vs the Powhattan Club, Police vs Marine Engineers and American Club vs Lusitano Club.

Football Tomorrow

Football games are scheduled tomorrow at Nanking College and St. John's University. The Shanghai Recreation Club are journeying out to Nanyang College and the Shanghai Football Club to St. John's University.

Both games will start at 2:45 p.m. sharp.

The following will represent the Shanghai Recreation Club: Remedios; Wittsack and Quincey; Norris, Mears and Smith; Wilson, Cooke, A. Sofoulis, Brandt (Capt.) and C. Sofoulis.

Reserves: F. Ollerdessen and L. Canda.

The names of the college's players are not to hand but it is learned that they will put out as strong an eleven as they can muster which means this game will be well worth watching.

The Shanghai Football Club will have: Bertes; Johns and Tonkin (Capt.); Campbell, Brown and Bell; Clifford, Robertson, Drake, Forshaw and Leslie in their line up and should St. John's have the same team as they had last year then will be a hard tussle for supremacy.

Mr. E. G. Barnes will referee the S.F.C. versus St. John's game.

PUBLIC SCHOOL ELEVEN EASILY BEATS NANYANG

Youngsters Pull Surprise By 6-0 Victory Over College Team

An interesting and fast game was witnessed on the Nanyang College grounds on Sunday afternoon when the Shanghai Public School players were the guests of the College and proved victors by a wide margin of 6-0.

The Public School has a very strong and fast crew and in a few years should turn out stars in Shanghai's football world.

Nanyang were decidedly off color and with a very pronounced lack of team work had to admit defeat to an eleven very much younger than themselves.

Nanyang's center forward and the two backs were the pick of their side while the Public School have to thank Lawrie Smith, Drake, Madar and their center half for very valuable work. Mr. Cragie Ross refereed the game assisted by Messrs. Leslie and Mellows on the touch lines.

Tennis Tournament On At French Club

The results of the first day of the Cercle Sportif Open Lawn Tennis Tournament Sunday was as follows:

Ladies' hardcourt singles championship—Mrs. Elmore beat Mrs. Linton, 6-3, 6-4.

Men's handicap singles—L. G. M. Kidd plus 3-6, beat B. Rein plus 15, 7-5, 2-6, 8-6.

Men's hardcourt singles championship of Shanghai—J. E. Hargreaves beat K. E. Allen, 6-3 and 6-0; J. Elmore beat H. Gulich, 6-0 and 6-0; C. W. Atkinson beat L. D. Fawcett, 6-2 and 8-6; and K. B. Young beat Greentree, 6-1 and 6-1.

GOLF IS POSTPONED

Owing to wet weather Sunday, the championship golf matches arranged by the Shanghai Golf Club were postponed. They will be played next Sunday instead.

RACES AT MELBOURNE

(Reuter's Service)

Melbourne, November 4.—The Melbourne Cup was run with the following result:

Artilleryman	1
Richmond Main	2
Two Blues	3

Six lengths between 1 and 2, half a length between 2 and 3.

Twenty ran.

Betting.—10 to 1 Artilleryman.

Castlewood And Silver Streak Show Well

(Continued from Page 4)

Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's grey The Screamer, Mr. Hill. 158—2
Mr. Sutterle's bay Gulfsand, Mr. Vida .... 158—3
Mr. Huthen's ches. Prairiewind, Mr. Huthen ..... 152—0
Mr. Dick Turpin's roan Dumpling, Mr. Sleap 155—0

Won by four lengths; many lengths. Time—2.44 4-5.

Pari-mutuel

	Win.	Place.
Tatouillard	334	198
Dumpling	70	96
Gulfsand	362	313
The Screamer	284	249
Prairiewind	31	54
	1081	910

For win, $14.20; for place, 1st $9.70; 2nd $8.70.

Members' sweep.—1st 745; 2nd 972; 3rd 730; Unplaced.—535 and 873.

8.—**The Autumn Cup.**—Winner, Tls. 300. Second, Tls. 125. Third, Tls. 100. For China ponies. Winner of the Criterion Stakes, 5 lbs. extra.—One Mile and a Quarter.

lbs.

Mr. John Peel's grey Silver Streak, Mr. Johnstone ..... 152—1
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's ches. The Oriole, Mr. Hill .. 155—2
Messrs. Stephen and Burkill's grey Bydand, Mr. Weilleumier ... 152—3
Mr. E. S. Hine's grey Majuba, Mr. Hine.. 150—0
Mr. P. W. Massey's bay Beaconlight, Mr. Sleap ..... 158—0
Messrs. W. A. W. and Gussie's gr. White Fox late Sans Merci, Mr. White ..... 152—0
Messrs. Harry and Joe's dun Everything, Mr. Taylor ..... 150—0
Sir Paul's grey Purity Dahlia, Mr. Pinkerton ..... 147—0
Mr. Harry White's bald Victoria, Mr. J. K. Brand ..... 149—0
Capt. Bahnson's ches, Jomsborg, Mr. Crokam ..... 158—0
Messrs. Fay and Seth's skew. Golden Quill, Mr. Dalgarno ..... 155—0
Mr. Grayland's ches. Rob Roy, Mr. Grayrigge. 158—0
Mr. Henry Morriss' ches Loganfield, Mr. Stewart ..... 152—0
Mr. Primeymea's grey Midas. Mr. C. R. Burkill ..... 155—0
Mr. Sutterle's grey Ironsand, Mr. Vida .... 158—0
Mr. E. B. Rose's grey Revenge, Mr. Warmsley ..... 152—0
Mr. Dem's white Old Joe, Mr. Richard ..... 156—0
Messrs. Toeg and Speelman's grey Night Hawk, Mr. Knoll .. 152—0
Mr. Huthen's dun Fairylight, Mr. Huthen ..... 153—0

Won by a short head; three lengths. Time—2.40 2-5.

Pari-mutuel

	Win.	Place.
Silver Streak	630	390
Everything	4	6
Jomsborg	14	51
Majuba	2	14
Ironsand	46	123
White Fox	4	18
Revenge	14	53
Rob Roy	1	10
Beaconlight	6	21
Loganfield	96	148
Night Hawk	36	84
The Oriole	366	479
Golden Quill	7	26
Bydand	178	218
Fairylight	1	7
Old Joe	6	24
Victoria	72	130
Purity Dahlia	1	5
Madis	21	69
	1505	1876

For win, $10.50; for place, 1st $7.50; 2nd $7.10; 3rd $9.60.

Members' sweep.—1st 806; 2nd 550; 3rd 957; Unplaced.—934, 878, 205, 707, 927, 156, 650, 53, 243, 948, 683, 112, 620, 943, 497 and 18.

9.—**The Whangpoo Stakes.**—Winner, Tls. 300. Second, Tls. 125. Third, Tls. 100. For China ponies, griffins of this meeting. Winners of a race 5 lbs. extra. Griffins that arrived in Shanghai after August 1, 1919, allowed 5 lbs. (Jockey Allowance).—One Mile and a Half.

lbs.

Mr. Sutterle's ches. Castlesand, Mr. Vida .. 155—1
Mr. McBain's grey Golden Plume, Mr. Dalgarno 165—2
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's gr. The Hawfinch, Mr. Hill. 158—3
Messrs. W. A. W. and Gussie's White Streak, Mr. Brand.. 158—0
Mr. Bremner's brown Cyrano, Mr. Bremner ..... 155—0

Won by four lengths; half a length. Time—2:25 4-5.

Pari-mutuel

For win, $11.80; for place, 1st $8.80; 2nd $13.10.

Members' sweep.—1st 790; 2nd 220; 3rd 613; Unplaced.—832 and 996.

10.—**The Kalgan Plate.**—Winner, Tls. 250. Second, Tls. 100. Third, Tls. 75. For subscription griffins of this meeting. Ponies not qualified unless they remain the property of the original owner or owners. Winners of Subscription Griffin Stakes 7 lbs. extra. (Jockey Allowance).—One Mile.

lbs.

Mrs. Chaucer's bay Pilgrim, Mr. Bremner ..... 155—1
Mr. Mem's ches. Young Alf, Mr. C. R. Burkill ..... 155—2
Sir Ellis Kadoorie's ch. Sumatra Chief, Mr. Knoll ..... 152—3
Mr. E. S. Hine's chestnut Mafeking, Mr. Warmesley ..... 152—0
Messrs. Mailliw and Leon's ches. Torsk, Mr. Soreens. ..... 152—0
Mr. Stubbs' bay Saey Tai, Mr. Dalgarno.. 161—0
Mr. Angus' brown Luckpenny, Mr. Grayrigge 155—0
Mr. Dowbiggin's grey Windermere, Mr. Springfield ..... 155—0
Messrs. Harry and Joe's grey Flashy Thing, Mr. Vida ..... 152—0
Mr. Bahnchild's black Marienlyst, Mr. Crokam ..... 158—0
Mr. Kosmos' dun Popiel, Mr. Sweeting ..... 150—0
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's skew The Pewit, Mr. Taylor... 147—0
Mr. Huthen's brown Privateer, Mr. Huthen 147—0
Mr. W. S. Jackson's dun Oronoco, Mr. Dalgliesh ..... 152—0
Mr. John Peel's ches. Blotting Paper, Mr. Johnstone ..... 152—0
Mr. Dynasty's grey King David, Mr. Poulsen.. 156—0
Messrs. Fash and St. Andrew's black Dice Box, Mr. P. A. Cox. 155—0
Messrs. Stephen and Burkill's ches. Forglen, Mr. Brand. ... 155—0

Won by three lengths; one length. Time—2:11 2-5.

Pari-mutuel

	Win.	Place.
Blotting Paper	79	94
King David	11	32
Jumbo	18	44
Marrenlysc	21	70
Luckpenny	23	65
Young Alf	783	689
Oronoco	4	17
Torsk	87	111
Pilgrim	210	304
Forglen	67	90
Dice Box	14	11
Saey Tai	20	30
Privatier	3	8
Mafeking	7	16
Popiel	8	17
Sumatra Chief	21	41
Windermere	17	34
Flashy Thing	26	55
	1419	1732

For win, $29.70; for place, $7.80; $6.30 and $26.30.

Cash Sweep.—First, 815; second, 384; third, 436; Unplaced.—1046, 405, 748, 145, 1111, 219, 835, 592, 458, 638, 49, 466, 104, 264 and 828.

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Stewards—Messrs. W. S. Jackson, Chairman: H. E. Arnhold, A. D. Bell, A. W. Burkill, W. L. Merriman, H. H. Read, and A. G. Stephen.

Clerk of the Course: Mr. S. W. Pratt.

Secretary: Mr. A. W. Olsen.

OFFICIALS

Scales: Messrs. Read, Bell and P. W. O. Liddell.

Telegraphs and Numbers: Messrs. Stephen and Merriman.

Pari-mutuels and Sweeps: Messrs. Read and Merriman.

Judge: Mr. C. G. S. Mackie.

Assistant Judge: Mr. Percy Crighton.

Time Keeper: Mr. W. G. Pirn.

Handicapper: Mr. T. A. Clark.

Starter: Mr. W. B. O. Middleton.

Assistant Starter: Mr. I. Tuxford.

Dempsey Is Willing To Meet Beckett

(Reuter's Service)

Mobile, Alabama, November 4.—Jack Dempsey has signed an agreement to fight Joe Beckett at New Orleans on March 17, provided that Beckett defeats Carpentier, Dempsey to receive $125,000 for promoting the fight.

Vanity Fair Next Week

Miss Shirley Cooke, musical comedy star in the Vanity Fair revue, which opens here next week, quit the prospect of a commercial career in Sydney for one of the stage.

She had always been attracted by the stage. Then she was very clever at the piano but a lot of illness when she was a child was brought on by over-eagerness in practising.

According she was unable to obtain all the honors she had sought but she had so good a groundwork at the instrument that she was readily given a position with The Dandies, a well-known company of Pierrots in Australia. She was even then doing those songs at the piano she both sings and plays now so effectively. And presently she had the good fortune to meet Miss Margaret Cooper the exponent of this form of entertainment in the world. Miss Cooper heard Miss Cooke play and sing and encouraged her greatly, giving advice and frequent demonstration. The result is seen in the precision and expression of Miss Cooke's work. She has done many types of turns as well as songs at the piano but these last are her first love. She is ambitious to go into musical comedy.

She really loves wandering too and she came to the East for the sake of seeing what there is to be seen in the way of "sights." Miss Cooke is enraptured with the whole journey.

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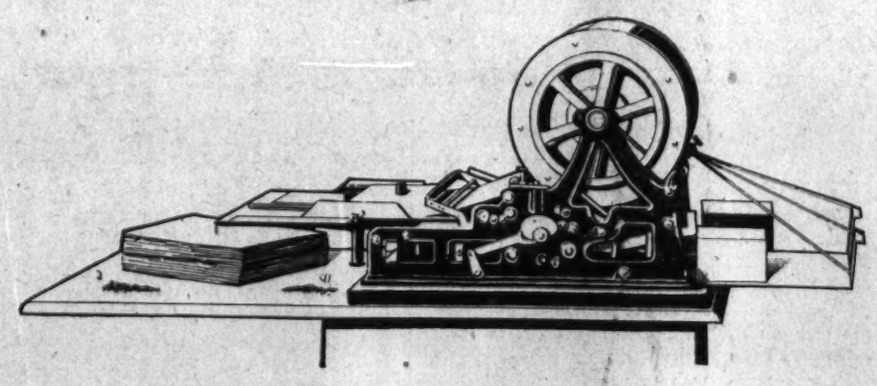

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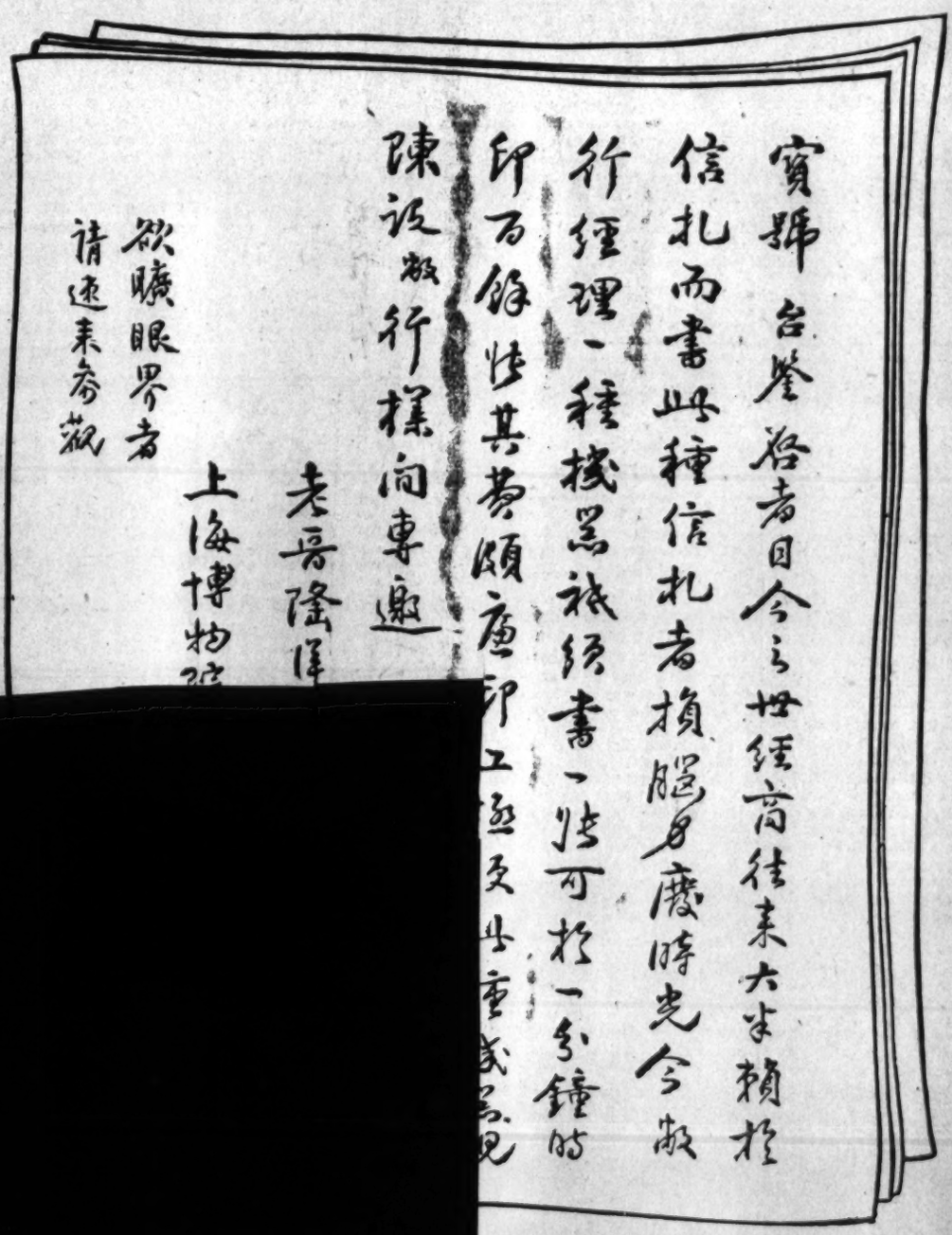

US BOYS Emily Has Turned Kidnapper, What D'ye Think O' That By McNamara

WHAT'S THE MATTER?- WHATCHA BEEN RUNNIN FOR?
EMILY-MORTON'S- BEEN — CHASIN'- ME - SHE'S- A- QUEEN- OF- THE- MAY - AND - SHE - WANTS- ME - TO- BE- A- KING - OF- THE - MAY - WHOO!!
WHERE'S YA UNCLE DAVE?
ON THE OTHER END OF THIS ROPE
WHERE'S THE OTHER END OF THE ROPE?
WHERE UNCLE DAVE IS!
AWNWW, NANG YANG, AWWWW! NANG YANG, AWWWW!
YOU MIGHT JUST AS WELL BE QUIET UNLE DAVE. YOUR NEPHEW WILL NOT GET YOU UNTIL HE DECIDES TO BE MY KING OF THE MAY!
McNAMARA

Militarists At Peking Oppose Cabinet Nominees

Former Civil Governor Of Mukden Named Minister Of Education Instead Of Hsia Shou-kang

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, November 9.—The Government has finally nominated Chang Yuan-chi, former Civil Governor of Mukden, as Minister of Education instead of Hsia Shou-kang. Meetings held on Friday and Saturday by the Anfu Club decided to reject the nominations for the ministries of Finance, Interior, Commerce and Education but the Premier is evidently determined not to make any alteration.

Liu Ching-jen recommends Ma Ting-liang, former Consul-General at Seoul, as Secretary of Legation at Tokio.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, November 5.—The Central Government has drawn up the list of the Cabinet officers whom it desires to appoint to serve under General Chin Yun-peng, and has submitted this document to the various members of Parliament for their consideration. In the event that the Government list does not meet with the disapproval of the majority, the names of the candidates as at present proposed will be submitted to both Houses of Parliament for ratification.

The Cabinet which the Government proposes, if possible, to appoint is as follows:

The Ministries of the Navy, War, Foreign Affairs, Justice and Agriculture and Commerce will be left in charge of the same officials who are now at the head of them. Li Shih-hao is the candidate for the Ministry of Finance; Tseng Yu-chun is slated for the Ministry of Communications; and Chang Chih-tan and Fu Tseng-hsiang are proposed as Ministers of the Interior and Education respectively.

ANFU MEN NAMED

Chu Shen in the Ministry of Justice and Li Shih-hao and Tseng Yu-chun at the head of the Ministries of Finance and Communications are strong Anfu men and furnish a solid Anfu nucleus in influential positions in the Chin Cabinet. The balance of the Cabinet has but slight Anfu affiliations, but, with the exception of General Chin Yun-peng as Premier and Minister of War, lacks forceful men. Chang Chih-tan is at present Vice-Minister of War, a post to which he was promoted, with the rank of Major-General, from civil life; and Fu Tseng-hsiang is the official who, as Minister of Education during the student movemen last Spring, resigned and ran away because he was unable to handle either the students or the militarists who were trying to suppress them.

The list of Vice-Ministers has not yet been completed, but it is understood that General Ting Shih-yuan, another Anfu man, will be Vice-Minister of Communications, thus assuring the complete control of that important ministry to the Anfu Club. Kuo Che-yun has been prevailed upon to remain in office as Chief Secretary of the Cabinet.

ONE NAME MISSING

The most interesting feature of the Government's slate is the absence of the name of General Wu Ping-hsiang, upon whom much pressure was brought to bear to accept the post of Minister of the Interior in order to make room for the appointment of General Yang Yi-teh as Metropolitan Chief of Police. General Wu has, however, succeeded in holding out against his transfer, thereby not only retaining the far more lucrative post that he now holds but also defeating the aims of those who desire to see General Yang Yi-teh come to Peking.

It is believed that the Government's Cabinet slate will pass the informal inspection by the individual members of Parliament and come up in that body for ratification by the end of the week. The Anfu Club is apparently satisfied with the slate as it stands today, and the only possibility of a deadlock lies in the selection of candidates for the Vice-Ministerships. If four or five dyed-in-the-wool are nominated for these posts there is no doubt that the Chin Cabinet will become a reality before the 10th of this month.

Stiff Under-Cut At Nationalisation

British Employers Move For Strike Prohibition In Government Services---Sequel To Anti-Union Police Act

London, October 10.—British employers representing a capital of more than $20,000,000 have delivered a stiff under-cut at nationalisation. It takes the form of a resolution from the National Union of Manufacturers calling on the government to extend the provisions of the Police Act to all nationalised public services, together with the mines and railways if and when nationalised. The special provision contained in the Police Act not only forbids strikes but engages all those employed under it to refrain from joining a trade union or any organisation affiliated with trade unions. The Union of Manufacturers also demands that the advocacy of a strike in any national service shall be made a penal offense.

Some move of this kind was anticipated by Labor members when they fought the Police Bill in the House of Commons. They declared then that the Bill was only the thin end of a wedge which business interests behind the government were preparing to drive into the trade union movement. In Labor quarters it is regarded as a direct challenge to the practically unanimous vote of the recent trade union congress, representing through its members at least half the population of England, for the nationalisation of the coal mines.

In political circles it is taken for granted that the present government could not refuse the demand for insertion of an anti-strike clause coming from this quarter even if they had been forced by organised labor to take up nationalisation.

The inclusion of a strike prohibition clause in any nationalisation bill would never be accepted by the Labor party.

Lloyd George himself is said to be in favor of bringing the nationalisation issue before the House of Commons at an early date in order to transfer discussion of it from the industrial to the political field, in the belief that labor could be defeated more easily when such details as strike prohibition had been raised than on the simple issue of nationalisation as it now stands.

The demand of the Union of Manufacturers is being made much of by advocates of direct action. They represent this body as a Trade Union of Manufacturers who would not hesitate to threaten the life of the government by secret, but perfectly direct action, if the government does not obey them, and so seek to justify their own intentions.

Wedding

BRISTOW-BLAIR

Mr. John Bristow of the Standard Oil Company's Shanghai office and Miss Frances Helen Blair of Los Angeles were married at Hankow Sunday evening, November 2, by the Rev. S. H. Little. Among those attending were Mr. R. C. Mackay of the American Consulate and Mrs. G. M. Jackson, sister of the bride and wife of the general passenger agent of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services office in Shanghai.

Following the wedding the young couple left for their honeymoon trip to Chungking. They will return to their home in Shanghai in December.

PRINCE OF WALES PAYS TRIBUTE TO COLONIES

Tells Canada Dominions Are Regarded As Sisters Of British Nation

(Reuter's Service)

Montreal, November 2.—The scenes of affectionate enthusiasm, with masses of people lining the streets, were renewed on the occasion of the departure of the Prince of Wales, whose visit here has completed the official portion of his Canadian tour, during which the Prince travelled 8,000 miles on the Canadian Pacific Railway in addition to long journeys on other railways in Eastern Canada.

The Prince will spend a few days in paying unofficial visits before proceeding to the United States.

Toronto, November 4.—The Prince of Wales addressing a combined meeting of the Canadian Empire Clubs said that the welfare of the whole Empire is the big question. It has taken new shape since the war.

Because of their whole-hearted participation in the great struggle, the Dominions had entered the partnership of nations as signatories of the peace treaties and members of the League of Nations. The Dominions are no longer colonies, but sister nations of the British nation.

Their international importance will steadily increase, yet all desire that they shall remain within the Empire, whose unity is shown by the common allegiance to the King.

Consequently, I do not regard myself as belonging primarily to Great Britain and only in a lesser way to Canada and the other Dominions; on the contrary, I regard myself as belonging to Great Britain and Canada in exactly the same way. This also means that when I will go to the United States next week, I shall regard myself as going there not only as an Englishman and a Britisher, but also as a Canadian and a representative of the whole Empire.

Now that the war is over we must keep up the standard of patriotism and unity of which we showed ourselves capable during the long struggle. We must not lose touch with each other or we shall lose all."

Referring to the wonderful welcomes accorded to him in Canada the Prince said, "I am not conceited enough to accept these welcomes as personal to myself, and realise that they have been given me as the representative of the King.

"This means that the throne stands for a heritage of common aims and ideals which are shared equally by all sections, all parties and all nations within the British Commonwealth.

"No government represents or stands for all parties or all nations within the Empire but nevertheless there is a common sentiment which is shared not only by all nations within the Empire, but also by all political parties within each nation.

"It is this common sentiment which has made Britishers stand together in the great war, and I realise that this same sentiment has been expressed in the wonderful welcomes given me in Canada, as heir to the throne.

"I shall always endeavor to live up to the great responsibility of my position, and be worthy of your trust."

All the leading men of Ontario were present at the meeting which was most enthusiastic. The Prince had to stop his speech frequently until the cheering had subsided.

France Starts Work On Commercial Ships

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, October 31.—The Oeuvre understands that the Minister of Marine, in agreement with the Commissioner of Marine and Transport, has decided to construct at the naval arsenals at Cherbourg, Rochefort, Brest and Lorient, ten new cargoboats and six liners for the Indo-China line. The construction of the vessels will not be completed before 1922.

KING OF SPAIN LEAVES

(French Wireless Service)

Pris, November 9 (via Lyons and Koukaza).—The King of Spain who has been staying in Paris incognito under the title of the Duke of Toledo, left last night.

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A Strictly First-Class Family Hotel, at Moderate Rates
Satisfactory Home with Excellent Service and Superior Cuisine
SPECIAL RATES FOR MONTHLY GUESTS

British Admiralty Considers Housing Question In Orient

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 2.—The Admiralty publishes the extract of a report from the Commander-in-Chief, China Station, calling attention to the question of housing accommodation for the wives and relatives of naval officers in view of the forthcoming reconstituion of the China fleet.

He points out that at Singapore, Hongkong, and Weihaiwei suitable accommodation is almost unprocurable, even if officers could afford the very high prices demanded and that Shanghai is one of the most expensive places in the East and accommodation for Europeans at reasonable rates does not exist.

Company Takes Over TeutonDiamondField

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 3.—Reuter's Agency is informed that a new company has been formed to take over German interests in the diamond fields in southwest Africa. The company has a capital of £3,250,000 and is controlled by British and Allied subjects.

IMPORTS FROM ORIENT DISCUSSED IN COMMONS

Bill Embodying Government's Trade Policy Will Soon Be Introduced

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 3.—In the House of Commons today replying to Mr. George Terrell, who asked whether the Government contemplated protection against "unfair Asiatic competition," Sir Auckland Geddes stated that imports of Japanese manufactures, excluding food, in June amounted to £700,000; in July to £600,000; in August £430,000, and in September to £1,000,000.

He added that a bill would shortly be introduced embodying the Government's complete trade policy, as recently stated by the Prime Minister, which might affect Japan in connection with certain proposed provisions.

Sir Auckland Geddes pointed out that the goods imported from Japan were mostly of cheaper kinds and that the employment of Britons in the manufacture of such goods would be less profitable than the production of high grade goods for export.

To another question, Sir Auckland Geddes stated that the profiteering act was working satisfactorily, and that probably the House would soon be asked to extend its scope.

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The Lion Footwear Factory is offering from
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at great reduction:

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Men's Box Calf Shooting boots	$20.00	$16.00
Men's Walking Boots	$12.00	$8.50
Men's Kid Boots	$13.00	$10.00
Men's Box Calf Shoes	$10.00	$7.75
Ladies' Kid Lace Boots	$13.00	$10.00
Ladies' Kid Lace Walking Shoes	$10.00	$7.50
Ladies' Kid Pumps Various colored leather	$9.00	$6.75
Ladie's Suede, Very stylish	$10.00	$7.50

Children's Box Calf Boots & Shoes at extremely low prices. Of the above various grades and qualities any size desirable can be obtained.

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Mysteries Of Film Art Are To Be Bared Here

Shanghai Invited To See What Goes On Behind Scenes When A Modern Motion Picture Is Made

Many of the secrets of the art of motion picture making have been disclosed by magazine writers but the people of Shanghai are to be given the unusual opportunity of actually seeing for themselves just how a film masterpiece is brought into being.

This was the news given to THE CHINA PRESS last night by Mr. Henry McRae, director, and Mr. Tom Gubbins, assistant director, of the Universal Film Company's motion picture troupe which is here for a stay of six weeks to film episodes in the thirty-six reel serial picture "The Petals of Lao-tze."

Explaining that it is not customary for motion picture companies to invite audiences to watch the work of making a film, the directors said they were desirous of showing their appreciation of the many courtesies that have been offered by the people of Shanghai. Consequently, they said that Mr. Gubbins would be pleased to reply to any notes from the people of the city asking for information as to where the company will be "on location" from day to day. These notes should be addressed to Mr. Gubbins, at the Palace Hotel.

WEATHER AIDS ARTISTS

Fair weather yesterday morning made the first appearance of a star motion picture company in Shanghai wholly successful. The morning was spent on the Whangpoo river where Miss Marie Walcamp, the daring star, made a leap from the deck of the s.s. Kashima Maru, swam to a waiting sampan and was rescued under properly dramatic circumstances from the clutches of the villain, in the person of Mr. Otto Lederer, who with Mr. Wadsworth Harris, instills the breath-taking moments into the play.

In the afternoon the company visited the Chinese City where the heroine, the villian and his Chinese aides dashed frantically through rock mazes, over picturesque bridges and into awesome nooks and crannies that will lend a truly Oriental atmosphere to the film.

Most of today will be spent by the company at Woosung where some of the incidents begun on shipboard and uncompleted because of the rainy weather Saturday will be finished.

Tomorrow the scene of action will again be in the Chinese City where further details of the episodes begun yesterday will be worked out.

Director Henry McRae, formerly general manager of the Universal Film Company, is one of the most interesting members of the troupe and is already familiar to readers of the Saturday Evening Post although heretofore they have probably never realised the fact. For he is in real life the man who was presented to them in fiction by Charles E. Van Loan under the name of "Davy McWade." Mr. Van Loan, who died several months ago in California, was a warm personal friend of Mr. McRae and made him into "copy" in some most interesting short stories dealing with the motion picture industry.

SEVEN TONS OF MATERIAL

Mr. Charles S. Munroe, on whose industry and skill the electrical and mechanical effects depend, and Mr. Eddie Bernoudy, property man, have been two of the busiest members of the troupe since its arrival in Shanghai. For be it known that seven tons of material, including a complete portable studio and laboratory, are carried on this trip. Mr. Joe Waddell, camera man, and his assistant, Mr. Stockton Quincey, have not been idle, either, for two complete sets of camera equipment are included in the outfit.

Miss Eleanor Fried, business manager, has been occupied with the intricacies of Shanghai exchange and Mrs. Waddell, whose honeymoon journey this is, is naturally quite busy with sight-seeing, while Harland Tucker, leading man and famed as the winner of the title of handsomest man on the screen, seems to be about the only member of the company who is "taking it easy." At the present time the script does not call for much activity on his part but the directors have assured him that before leaving China he will more than make up for his present inactivity.

Death Of English Peer Is War Mystery

Lady Elcho.

The fate of Lord Francis Elcho, who was reported missing after a battle on the British front in France in the early part of 1916, is one of the mysteries of the World War. British authorities have combed the war records, but nothing which might bring light on the fate of Lord Francis has been found. Lady Elcho, wife of Lord Francis, is doing all in her power to solve the mystery. She is a sister of the famed British beauty, Diana Manners, and daughter of the Duke of Rutland.

Siberian Refugees Aided By B. W. W. A.

Garments And Supplies For Soldiers In Hospitals Make Up Shipment

Garments for refugees in Siberia and bandages and other supplies for Siberian hospitals made up a shipment made by the British Women's Work Association to Vladivostok. The garments and other materials were valued at $2,569. They were sent to the Siberian port on the Penza, through the courtesy of the local agents.

Following the retirement of General Kolchak many letters have come to local organisations expressing the necessity for relief of refugees in Siberia. Some of these letters were written by Colonel Douglas Young, who visited Shanghai last July and has been in the United States before returning to Siberia and others came from General Knox and Captain Atkinson.

Commons Gets Report On Goeben Surrender

Former German Vessel Placed In Charge Of Turk Garrison Crew

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 3.—In the House of Commons today at question time Mr. Walter Long, First Lord of the Admiralty, stated that the Goeben had surrendered to the Allies and had been partially repaired.

She was in charge of a Turkish garrison crew in accordance with the terms of the armistice and every precaution was being taken to prevent her being scuttled and sunk.

Scientists Form A Trade Union In England

Dr. E. F. Brady. INTERNATIONAL

The first trade union of scientists was recently formed in England with Dr. Brady, noted scientist, as its president. The organisation will be known as the National Unit of Scientific Workers. The present membership numbers more than 600, including thirty members of the Royal Society.

Clemenceau Talks Of Needs Of Nation

Premier Sets Foot On German Soil For First Time In Many Years

(Reuter's Service)

Strasburg, November 4.—M. Clemenceau arrived here yesterday, this being his first visit to ex-German soil for years. He received an enthusiastic reception from the cheering crowd, which broke through the cordon of soldiers.

Strasburg, November 4.—M. Clemenceau speaking not as a candidate for election but as the head of the Government, dwelt on the formidable reconstruction task of the democracies.

The only solution was work. In view of the complexity of the problems confronting the new political era, it was important that the elections should result in the establishment of a homogeneous parliamentary majority, which would carry out a well-defined program of action. An all-Republican majority alone could fight the destructive action of revolutionary minorities. M. Clemenceau condemned general strikes, but if society was menaced it ought to rely less on armed force than on itself.

He cited the railway strike in Great Britain as an example of the efficacy of the free organisation of citizens. One of the grave dangers of the future he declared, was Bolshevism, but the union of all good Frenchmen should be sufficient to build an insurmountable rampart against such savagery.

Submarines Enroute To Orient At Bombay

(Reuter's Service)

Bombay, November 4.—Six large submarines have arrived here enroute to the Far East. They are the first that have ever visited Bombay.

'Intolerance' At Victoria

"Intolerance," D. W. Griffith's film masterpiece, is to be shown at the Victoria Theater for three nights this week, beginning Friday. It is probably the most spectacular picture ever produced and shows scenes of mighty cities, long dead, reconstructed. As a drama it is four unusual stories woven into one.

French Officer Sentenced To Death

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 9. (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The trial of Captain Sadoul ended yesterday evening. The ex-officer was found guilty of intelligence with the enemy and of having when abroad encouraged desertion of men from the army, and was sentenced to death per contumaciam.

Britain Aids Plan For Oil Production

Partnership Agreement With Australian Commonwealth Announced At Sydney

(Reuter's Service)

Sydney, November 4.—Sir Joseph Cook, Commonwealth Minister for the Navy, in the course of a speech disclosed the existence of a new partnership between the Imperial Government and the Commonwealth of Austrian for the more efficient exploitation of the Papuan oil fields. The Imperial Government will make a grant to the Commonwealth of £50,000 and select the borers.

Afghans Breaking Terms Of Armistice

(Reuter's Service)

London November 4.—The Times says: "The Afghan troops still occupy the Wana position in the Mahsud Wazir country, which is a breach of the armistice preceding the peace. Thus the British expedition about to advance in Waziristan may assume a more serious aspect."

Shanghai-New York Dollar Line Opens

(Reuter's Service)

New York, November 2.—The Robert Dollar Steamship Company announces the establishment of a direct New York-Shanghai line via the Panama Canal.

Britain To Maintain Territorial Forces

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 4.—In the House of Commons today Mr. Winston Churchill definitely announced that the territorial force would be maintained.

Ten Killed, 21 Hurt In French Rail Wreck

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, November 4.—Ten persons were killed and twenty-one injured in a collision between the Simplon express and the Geneva Express between Pont Sur Yonne and Sens. The latter train left Paris ten minutes after the former and ran past the signals.

BRITISH ARE POPULAR IN OCCUPIED AREAS

Nothing Germans Desire Less Than That They Should Leave, Is Reported

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 3.—Letters from soldiers and others in the occupied Germany territory agree that there is nothing the Germans desire less than that the British should leave owing to the absolute fairness and admitted capability of the British administration.

An interesting illustration of this was provided when two British officers recently motored to a town in the neutral zone. The inhabitants turned out and cheered, thinking they had come to occupy the place and were profoundly disappointed when they were disillusioned. This does not mean, as one correspondent emphasises, that "the Germans love us, but that they realise that we stand between them and worse evils."

A correspondent mentions as a sidelight on the baffling psychology of the German character the fact that all Rhineland is at present flocking to Cologne Cathedral where a Franciscan monk is holding immense audiences spellbound preaching that the "Kingdom of Heaven is within us all and that the true power of victory is that of the spirit."

RIVIVAL OF BUSINESS IS SEEN IN BRITAIN

Many Companies Launched And Situation Is Taking On Aspect Of Boom

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 3.—Evidence of the revival of business is afforded by the publication in the papers of pages of advertisements and company prospectuses, eight of which today invite subscriptions aggregating £10,000,000 sterling, the largest being that of Messrs. Lovers calling for £4,000,000.

The activities of the companies concerned range from margarine, soap making, oil mining, metal mining, agriculture and agricultural engineering to film production and general produce distribution.

Financial writers discussing the boom while dwelling on the risk of promoters forcing the pace and bewildering the public, point out that there are good reasons for the flood of issues, including the arrears of capital requirements accumulated during the war; the higher prices which require a larger capital, the absorption of smaller concerns by big industries, and the replacement of former enemy monopolies by the British.

Urges Starting Work On Channel Tunnel

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 5.—In the House of Commons today, Mr. Bonar Law stated that the Prime Minister would be happy to receive a deputation from the House of Commons of the channel tunnel committee to urge the immediate construction of the tunnel.

Sir Robert Horne Minister of Labor announced that 5,088 employers had undertaken to provide employment for 46,000 disabled ex-soldiers in response to the recent appeal of His Majesty.

British To Safeguard Health Of Colonials

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 4.—Lord Milner, Secretary of State for the Colonies, has appointed a Committee to consider the position of the medical services in the various Colonies, and dependencies with a view to maintaining an increasing supply of candidates, and securing contentment and further, to consider whether the principle of assimilating the medical services of neighboring colonies may be usefully extended.

Aliens Bill Clause Passed In Commons

Several Amendments, However, Are Subsequently Adopted Making Changes

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 5.—The House of Commons last night after an acrimonious discussion passed clause eight of the Aliens Restriction bill for repatriation of ex-enemy aliens unless they have been licensed to remain. Subsequently several amendments were adopted considerably modifying the application of the provisions of the clause.

TRAVELERS IN BRITAIN HOPE TO USE WARSHIPS

Business Concerns Interested In Proposal Recently Made To Admiralty

(Reuter's Service)

London, October 31.—The news that outgoing British warships will, if Mr. Walter Long can so persuade the Lords of the Admiralty, convey commercial travellers and business men, affects thousands of manufacturers some of whom have as many as a score of representatives whom they wish to send abroad.

Mr. Springer, head of the overseas organisation of the federation of British industries says that they could get immediately a party of a thousand men who want to go to all parts of the world but probably the greatest demand is for ships going to the Far East.

For example recently a man who wanted to go to China could only get a ship to Alexandria whence he could try to get a Japanese vessel to take him to his destination.

Another man who wanted to get to Singapore managed to secure a passage as far as Bombay, where he must remain until he can get another ship.

REPORT OF MISSIONS IS MADE IN LONDON

Work In Africa, India And China Fully Maintained Throughout War

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 2.—The report of the Church Missionary Society for 1918 states that work in Africa, India and China was fully maintained during the war except in the war areas of East Africa, Palestine and Mesopotamia.

The staff of foreign missionaries remains about 1,330 while that of the native Christian workers has increased to nearly fourteen thousand.

The Society has 4,390 institutions, colleges and schools and the medical branch employs 134 missionary doctors and nurses, besides a much larger native staff.

The expenditure under war conditions increased to £412,848 and the income was £353,750 leaving a deficit of £59,098. The position created this year by the exchange with India and China is even more serious. The estimate for the current year is over £600,000 as compared with £350,000 normally.

ALEXANDRIA DISORDERS ARE NOT YET QUELLED

Trouble Starts After Troops Are Withdrawn On Pledge Given To Governor

(Reuter's Service)

Cairo, October 31.—The police and military were withdrawn from Alexandria after a deputation of notables had given the Governor an undertaking that there would be no more demonstrations or disorders.

Nevertheless a procession of carters and car drivers, on strike, was formed at noon on October 29, and was joined by thousands of natives, who marched to the European quarter.

An army ambulance driven by an Egyptian dashed into the procession killing one person and injuring five. The passions of the demonstrators broke out and there was general looting along the line of march for an hour.

The demonstrators were finally dispersed on the persuasion of the notables. There were a few incidents yesterday when some British soldiers were beaten and officers' motor cars stoned by the crowd.

Cairo, November 1.—There were six native victims in yesterday's riot in Alexandria. All is quiet today.

Roof Garden Bomb Bursts; None Hurt

Explosion On Sincere Company's Building Is Attributed To Extortionists

Pedestrians and shopkeepers along Nanking Road were thrown into a state of commotion late yesterday afternoon when a bomb, planted under a porcelain stool on the roof garden of Sincere and Company exploded. None was hurt, the only damage done being the destruction of the stool.

The bomb which was of the tin can species was carefully planted underneath the stool, which was placed in the Marionettes theater at the foot of a bridge. It is believed that extortion was the motive.

Obituary

Mr. G. S. Ragland Phillips

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 4.—The death is announced of Mr. J. S. Ragland Phillips, who had been editor of the Yorkshire Post since 1903.

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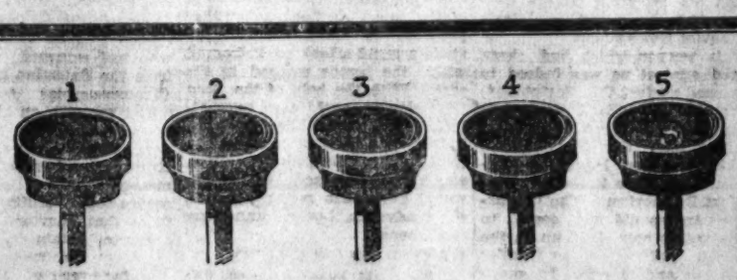

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'Germany Walked Straight Into Trap Made By Lenin'

—Ludendorff

German Chief Of Staff Says He Had No Napoleonic Dreams Of World Conquest In East, And Did Only What Military Necessity Demanded

Not alone with a disintegrating army did Ludendorff have trouble in the early summer of 1918. He was compelled to take a hand in forming Government policy and to try to arrange matters in Russia and far off Turkey. He wanted to overthrow Lenin but found himself at odds with the Berlin authorities.

A dramatic incident was the fall of Foreign Secretary Von Kuehlmann. This adroit diplomatist, thinking he was speaking for the army command in endeavoring to initiate peace negotiations, frankly told the German Reichstag that victory was no longer possible, and compromise of Germany's vast ambitions was necessary.

His letting the cat out of the bag brought a howl from the Junkers and the army command backed them up. So Kuehlmann, who had also angered Ludendorff by receiving and tolerating Joffe, the Bolshevik Ambassador, fell and Admiral Von Hintze was put in his place.

By General Erich Ludendorff

At the beginning of July, Secretary of State Von Kuehlmann retired from office. His attitude in the Reichstag, and particularly his assertion that the war could hardly be ended by a purely military decision, was going too far for the Imperial Chancellor. We also had felt it our duty to express our opinions. But what finally turned the scale in favor of the resignation of Secretary of State Von Kuehlmann was his personal attitude during these days.

Von Kuehlman was the type of the post-Bismarckian German diplomat. The entrance of the Bolsheviks in Berlin and the unspoken consent to the propaganda sent out from the Russian Embassy will always be connected with his name.

I greeted Secretary of State von Hintze as his successor, as I considered him a strong nature. I told him of my hope to make the Entente yet eager for peace, and pointed out the dangers of Bolshevism as well as the revolutionary activities of Herr Joffe. He continued in the Bolshevik current of his predecessor in office, partly because of his views on Russia, partly because he too did not become master of the old policies of the Foreign Office.

In Russia events had taken a peculiar course which was typical of the Soviet Government's untruthful attitude.

With its consent, the Entente had continued to organise Czecho-Slovak bands of troops from the Austrian-Hungarian war prisoners. They were intended to be used against us, and were to be brought to France across the Siberian railway. And this was allowed by a Government with which we were at peace, and we let it go on! I wrote to the Imperial Chancellor at length about this at the beginning of June, and called his attention to the dangers which threatened us from the Soviet Government.

This weapon which had been forged against us was indeed to be turned against the Soviet Government itself. The Entente had recognised that there was no use working with this Government, which, moreover, leaned on Germany. Therefore it took a stand against Bolshevism. The Czecho-Slovak troops did not come to France; they were held up on the Siberian railway on the frontier of Russia and Siberia, in order to fight the Moscow government from this point. They pressed forward more and more against the middle Vialge, in the direction of Kazan and Sumara.

BLOCKED GERMAN SCHEME

By occupying the Siberian railway the Entente at the same time succeeded in preventing the return of our prisoners of war in Siberia. This was certainly a blow to our strength. If the Soviet Government had been in good faith with its peace treaty, these same trains which carried the Czecho-Slovaks could have borne German prisoners of war as well. But it was not honorable. Bolshevism hurt us wherever it was able.

Up the Volga and westward of its downward current, that was still completely in Bolshevik control, the Don Cossacks occupied the Lower Don down into our sphere of occupation. The Hetman, General Krasnoff, was decidedly anti-Bolshevik in feeling and fought the Soviet troops. But he lacked weapons and ammunition. I had entered into communication with him in order to prevent his joining the Entente.

The situation was complicated in so far that I could not make any difficulties for the Bolshevistically inclined policy of the Government, and that Krasnoff looked upon the Soviet Government and not the Entente as his foe. Nevertheless, it was possible to keep him from taking any open stand in favor of the Entente and to win him in a measure as a confederate. If we decided to fight Moscow then he would openly come out on our side.

In the wide, fruitful steppes of the district of Kuban, between the Don Cossacks and the Caucasas Mountains, General Alexieff with his volunteer army was fighting against the Bolshevik troops. He was acting under English influence. But I believe that he was so good a Russian that he too would have joined us if we had fought the Soviet Government.

ANNIHILATED BOLSHEVIKS

The Bolsheviks for the time being were in the ascendancy. In the beginning of June, although the Moscow Government could not go far enough in its assurances of peace, they landed a few thousand men from the southeastern Azof district over the Sea of Azof at Taganrof. Here they were soon annihilated by German troops.

In Novorossiisk were still the remnants of the Russian ships which had escaped from Sebastopol. "Our military right and the laws of necessity required us to demand or enforce their return from there. In this, too, the Foreign Office, in consideration for the Soviet Government, delayed negotiations, although no better proof could have been shown of its unfriendly attitude, at least of its inability to prevent unfriendly actions of its troops, than the landing at Taganrog.

At length the Soviet Government agreed to the return of the ships to Sebastopol. "Only a portion of them arrived; the majority of them were sunk by the Bolsheviks, influenced after all by a national feeling, in the harbor of Novorossiisk." We had stipulated with the Soviet Government to make use of the ships during the war as much as the military situation should require. We have had no use of them.

GERMANY HELPED THE REDS

As regards Great Russia, our policy, as carried out by Ministerial-director Krieg, worked directly in favor of the Bolshevists. There is no doubt that right through the summer it prevented us from forming a new military front. This I recognised. On general grounds I held such a policy to be short-sighted, as it was bound in the long run to strengthen the whole Bolshevist movement.

That could only do us harm, and I regarded it as the duty of our government to guard against such an eventuality, not only on military grounds, but also, and indeed more urgently, from the purely political point of view. Dr. Helfferich regarded this as quite possible. The position of the government was certainly difficult, but they had only themselves to thank for it. They assured me that their policy reflected public opinion in Germany.

Here again I was compelled to believe that consideration for tendencies of internal politics was impeding the effective prosecution of the war. As for our military position, we could easily have made a rapid attack on Petrograd with the troops we had in the east. With the help of the Don Cossacks we could also have attacked in the direction of Moscow. This would have been far better than merely defending a long line, which absorbed more troops than would have been required for a short advance, besides unnerving the troops.

WANTED TO OUST LENIN

"We could have deposed the Soviet Government, which was thoroughly hostile to us, and given help to other authorities in Russia, which were not working against us, but indeed anxious to co-operate with us. This would have been a success of great importance to the general conduct of the war."

If some other Government were established in Russia, it would almost certainly have been possible to come to some compromise with it over the Peace of Brest, whereas, in dealing with the Bolshevists, a simple abandonment of the treaty without any idea as to how matters would develop, would have been the same kind of "payment in advance" policy as were all the ideas about a peace of "understanding," so long as the enemy would accept no such peace.

Our Government remained wholly ignorant of the underground activities of the Bolsheviks, whom they regarded, or wished to regard, as honest. They entered into further negotiations with them over those points of the treaty which had not been cleared up. Nothing, not even the unavenged murder of our Ambassador at Moscow, shook their faith. They walked straight into the trap set by the Bolsheviks, while simultaneously showing distrust of all other tendencies in Russia.

The Bolshevist Government was very accommodating; it granted the German demands with regard to Esthonia and Livonia, conceded the independence of Georgia, agreed to pay an indemnity by instalments, and held out prospects of the delivery of raw materials, including oil, from Baku. Later on, the first instalments of the indemnity were actually paid as agreed, rather to my surprise. Our Government's confidence in the Bolshevists went so far that they actually wanted to supply arms and ammunition to Herr Joffe. The gentleman who brought from the Foreign Office the document dealing with the matter, remarked to me: "This material remains in Germany and Joffe will use it against us here."

TURKEY NOT RELIABLE

At the conference in Spa, when our Georgian policy was being discussed, the Imperial Chancellor agreed to send Col. von Kress, who had returned to Germany from the Palestine front, to Tiflis (Transcaucasia) as his representative, with an escort of one or two companies. It had become essential for us to show a stronger hand in this district, not merely because we hoped to secure some military assistance from that quarter, but also in order to obtain raw materials (German and Turkey were then clashing over control of the rich of the Caucasus).

"That we could not rely on Turkey in the matter had been once again demonstrated by her conduct in Batum, where she claimed the right to retain all the oil stocks for herself. We could only expect to get oil from Baku if we helped ourselves.

The shortage of fuel at home and the difficulties of our wintry fighting, with all their attendant inconveniences, were only too firmly impressed on my memory. After the attack of the 7th Army the army's reserves of fuel had also run out, and we felt the shortage keenly. Oil was needed for the Ukraine railways also.

The Director of Railways had to solve the problem of tank ships. I was highly disgusted when the Bolshevists, simply in order to injure us, sank the Elbruz, the largest tank steamer in the Black Sea, at Novorossisk.

BRITISH WERE THERE FIRST

The crucial question, of course was how we were to get to Baku. Here, again, consideration for the Soviet Government prevented us from acting firmly or rapidly, and the first event of importance was that the English from Ensell crossed the Caspian Sea at the beginning of August and took possession of the town.

Their occupation of Baku, which was only rendered possible by the complete inactivity of the Turks in North Persia, was a serious blow for us. By this move the English also came into closer touch with the Volunteer Army in the Kuban district, but, on the other hand, at Baku they were within our reach.

An attack upon them, involving only a small force, seemed possible. G. H. Q. set about preparing a blow against them, with the co-operation of Nuri's troops, and sent a brigade of cavalry and a few battalions to Tiflis. The question of the transport of troops had not yet been settled, when the situation in Bulgaria compelled us to send the troops to Rumania.

"In the East I went only so far as in my view was absolutely demanded by our military position and economic needs. I had no Napoleonic dreams of world conquest. The anxious struggle in which I was so deeply engaged left me no time to pursue fantastic schemes."

I wanted no territory in the Ukraine or Caucasus; my only object was to procure the supplies [redacted] so urgently needed for [redacted] and thus [redacted] "Some of my acquaintances had placed a substantial sum of money at my disposal for this end. I used it to support the German national press in Austria.

I steadily furthered my pet scheme of settling the isolated Germans scattered throughout Russia, side by side with our soldiers in the Eastern districts. In this matter I made myself the advocate of Germanism against the Government. I rejected as fantastic, however, such proposals as the foundation of a German colonial state on the Black Sea.

FAIL TO COERCE AUSTRIA

No progress had been made with the solution of the Polish problem. The Emperor Charles's attitude varied from time to time. Baron Burian, the successor of Count Czernin, adhered to the Austro-Polish solution (which involved an Austrian King for Poland). Our Government was still in the position of not knowing its own mind. It was as uncertain on this point as in the rest of its Eastern policy.

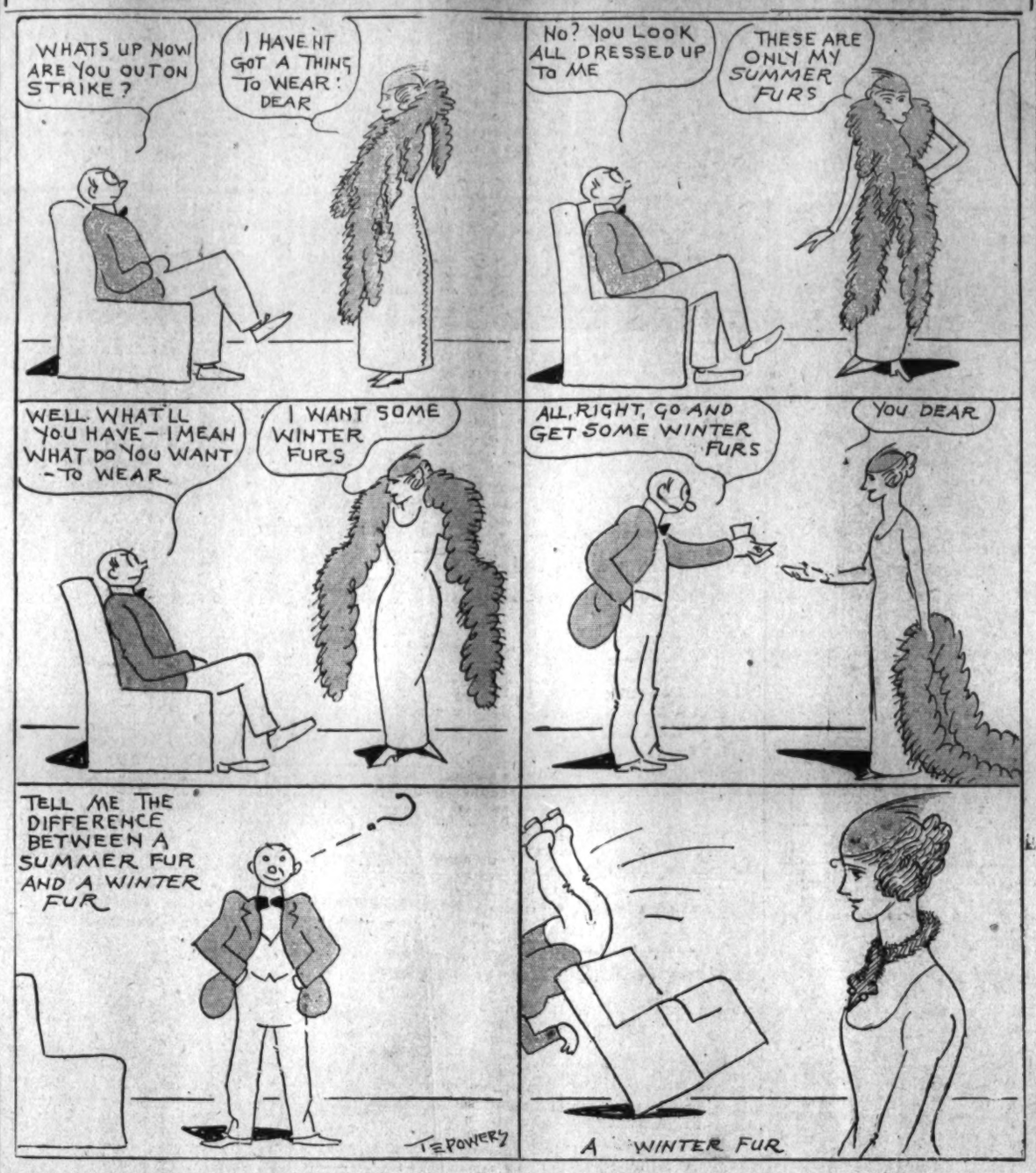
A good opportunity to dispose of the Austro-Polish question once and for all was not taken. The Emperor Charles had written the Parma letters (proposing peace to France and offering to urge Germany to give up Alsace-Lorraine). Under pressure from Vienna he had to decide in May to make his "Canossa" pilgrimage to Spa. (This journey was undertaken to make amends to the Kaiser).

The position was one of which anything might have been made. The Field Marshal and myself urged Count von Hertling and Secretary of State von Kuehlman to use this favorable opportunity to get matters put on a clear footing. They, however, lacked the necessary resolution.

"With great solemnity, some document or another was drawn up and signed, not merely by the leading statesmen, but also by the two monarchs personally. This agreement, however, laid no obligations whatever on Austria-Hungary, and was utterly worthless. Our diplomacy had failed and the Dual Monarchy had won."

Everything had turned out as we soldiers had prophesied. Baron Burian felt himself, and with good reason, not bound by anything. He continued to aim at the Austro-Polish solution with the persistence which was at once so prominent a feature of his character and so annoying to our diplomats.

The League Of Husbands — Furs Winter and Summer — By T. E. Powers


WHATS UP NOW ARE YOU OUT ON STRIKE?
I HAVE'NT GOT A THING TO WEAR: DEAR
NO? YOU LOOK ALL DRESSED UP TO ME
THESE ARE ONLY MY SUMMER FURS
WELL WHAT'LL YOU HAVE— I MEAN WHAT DO YOU WANT -TO WEAR
I WANT SOME WINTER FURS
ALL RIGHT, GO AND GET SOME WINTER FURS
YOU DEAR
TELL ME THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A SUMMER FUR AND A WINTER FUR
T.E.POWERS
A WINTER FUR

Prison Term Given To German Agent

(Reuter's Service)

Fredericton, New Brunswick, October 31.—Werner Horn the German agent who was convicted of blowing up the international railway bridge at Ste. Croix in 1915 and was recently extradited to Canada from the United States has been sentenced to ten years in a penitentiary.

FRENCH HIGH COMMAND TO CHANGE, REPORTED

Petain To Be Made Chief Of Staff, According To Paris Paper

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 8 (via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Petit Parisien understands that certain changes will shortly be made in the High Command. Marshal Petain, according to the journal, will be appointed Chief of Staff and will have under him as Deputy-Chiefs, Generals Buat and Pont who were Major-Generals during the war.

As regards Marshal Foch, the Petit Parisien says: "He has been entrusted with the study of the formation of an Inter-Allied military organisation. The scheme is still the subject of negotiations between the Allies and is far from being abandoned."

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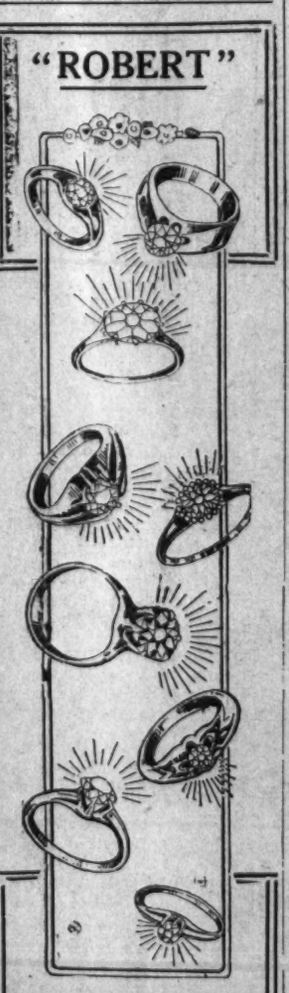

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Fou Foong Flour Mill Co.
HEAD OFFICE
57 Peking Road: Phone, Central 154
We are doing both wholesale and retail business, and will send goods to destination ordered.
AGENCIES:
Ting Sheng Rice Shop, Broadway.
Heng Sheng Rice Shop, French Concession.

To conform with U. S. I. regulations all advertisements of Wines, Spirits and Liquors have been removed.

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1919.

Business and Official Notices

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimun Charge 40 cents)

Shanghai Race Club

Autumn Race Meeting, 1919.

TO-DAY

Second Day, Shanghai Stakes and Armistice Cup Day, Tuesday, 11th November.

The Races will commence at 11:30 a.m. Prompt To-day.

The First Bell after Tiffin will be rung at 2 p.m. Prompt.

Race Badges giving admission to the unreserved part of the Enclosure may be obtained at the Gate or from Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Ltd.

Prices—

For the Three remaining Race Days ..... $6 each

Single Day Badges .... $2 each

The Tiffin Interval will be After The Third Race.

Tiffins and Refreshments will be served at the Course.

For Members & Grand Stand Ticket Holders—In the Coffee Room.

For the Public—In the Public Refreshment Rooms.

Race Tickets and Badges Must Be Worn Visibly.

The Public Band and The Carlton Jazz Orchestra will Render Popular Music During The Afternoon.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.
26293

Shanghai Race Club

REMINDER

In Commemoration of Armistice Day, members of the Shanghai Race Club will be at home to the members of the Country, Shanghai, Masonic, American, Columbia, Merchant Service Clubs: Cercle Francais, Cercle Sportif Francais, Marine Engineers' Institute, Circolo Italiano after The Races, Today Dinner will be Served at the Grand Stand at 8.30 p.m., after which there will be two Selling Lotteries on the Champion Sweepstakes (Ponies).

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.
26292

The Shanghai Electric Construction Company, Limited

Notice of Dividend to Holders of Share Warrants to Bearer.

NOTICE is hereby given that an interim dividend at the rate of six per cent (twelve shillings per share), less income tax at 6s. in the £, for the half-year ended 30th June, 1919, has been duty declared upon the share capital of the Company, and will be payable against presentation of Coupon No. 11 (accompanied by the declaration required by H. B. M. Government, forms for which are obtainable at the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation) on and after the thirteenth day of November, 1919, in sterling at The Eastern Bank, Ld., 4 Crosby Square, London, E. C., or may be negotiated in local currency at the demand buying rate on London for coupons on date of lodgement at The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Shanghai. Coupons must be left with the Bankers two clear days for examination before payment.

L. W. HAWKINS,
Secretary.
26299

Szechwan Crepe de Chine

Direct from the Source of Supply, to any Address in the World.

Travelling through Szechwan Province more than 600 years ago Marco Polo, the celebrated Venetian Explorer, observed this beautiful Crepe de Chine. He took it to Kublai Kahn, the greatest Emperor the world has ever known and Kublai Kahn presented it to the most favoured women of his court, adding charm and beauty to the already most beautiful women in the world. Send us your cheque or Chinese Post Office money order for $20. In return we will mail you one roll of Szechwan Crepe de Chine, postage free. Width 26 inches, length 30 feet. Original Shade.

WIDLER & COMPANY
Chungking, West China.

Conseil D'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai

Emprunt Municipal de 1911
(Obligations à 6%)

Aucune opération de transfer ne sera enregistrée du 17 au 30 Novembre inclus.

Par ordre,
Le Secrétaire du Conseil
P. LEGENDRE.

FRENCH MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Municipal Loan of 1911
(6% Debentures)

Transfer books for the above loan will be closed from 17th to 30th November, both days inclusive.

By order,
P. LEGENDRE,
Secretary.
26272

Russia Offers

Great Opportunities in the near future

Learn Russian,
Classes Organised
by
S. A. DAVIDOVICH
at the
Russian Assembly, 10 Kiukiang Road.

For particulars, please apply between 5:30 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. or write to C.P.O. Box No. 104.
26236.

Prof. I. K. Seto
TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment
Specialities:—Rheumatism; Nervousness; Fat people reduced; etc.
No. 85 Szechuen Road, (Corner Nanking Road), Tel. C. 2768

Municipal Notification

No. 2647.

7 PER CENT. LOAN, 1910.

Price of Issue until futher notice 95 per cent.

UNDER the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent. Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent. until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants, but no allotment for a less amount than Tls. 500 nominal will be made except to depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
E. S. B. ROWE,
Assistant Secretary.
Council Room,
Shanghai, August 28, 1919.
26134

Shanghai Race Club

AUTUMN RACE MEETING, 1919

NOTICE

Only Bank-notes issued by the following Banks in Shanghai will be accepted at this Race Meeting:—

Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China.
Bank of China (Shanghai New Issue only).
Bank of Communications (Shanghai New Issue only).
Bank of Taiwan.
Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger.
Banque de l'Indo-Chine.
Banque Industrielle de Chine.
Commercial Bank of China.
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.
International Banking Corporation.
Mercantile Bank of India.
Netherlands Trading Society (Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij).
Ningpo Commercial Bank.
Russo-Asiatic Bank.
Yokohama Specie Bank.
Bank of Canton.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.
26263

[redacted]

The Consul General for Italy will be glad to receive Italian residents and friends on the 11th., instant from 10 to 11.30 a.m., on the occasion of the birthday of H. M. Vittorio Emanuele III.

G. de ROSSI.

Shanghai, 8th November, 1919.
26261

FOOCHOW—The Ningshin S.S. Co's. Steamer "NINGSHIN"

Captain J. Augestad, will leave from the Ningshao Wharf, Chinese Bund, Nantao, on Tuesday the 12th November, at about 9:00 p.m. Passage money, Shanghai to Foochow, $30 single and $48 return. For freight or passage apply to the San Pei S. N. Co., Ltd., No. 16a Peking Road.
26277

The North China Insurance Co., Ltd.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

The Sixteenth Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office, Shanghai, on Tuesday, the 18th November 1919, at 4.30 p.m., for presentation of the Report of the Directors and Accounts to 30th June last.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 7th to 18th November, both days inclusive.

By order of the
Court of Directors,
H. G. SIMMS,
Secretary & General Manager.
Shanghai, 4th November, 1919.
26178

LADY DENTIST

Miss A. Gauhman

20 Nanking Road

Tel. 1916

Time: 9-12 and 2-6

Carpets and Rugs FOR SALE

AT

REASONABLE PRICES

HWA VENG CARPET FACTORY

F94 Bubbling Well Road,

Opposite Race Course.
24280

CODE BOOK

BENTLEY'S COMPLETE PHRASE CODE

(New Edition)

Former Price $25.00
Present Sale Price for ONE WEEK ONLY $20.00

For Sale at

CHOW TZU KONG BOOKSTORE
周慈康書莊
111 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.
26150

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

The *Prest-O-Lite* Battery

is a battery of the highest quality, scientifically designed to insure the utmost in power, capacity and long life, backed by *real* service.

Service Station And Distributor for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE BABY FOX

The latest and most compact Portable Typewriter on the market. Will do the work of a standard-size machine. A combination typewriter for home, office and travel.

Specifications: Weight 7 lbs., backspacer, two-color ribbon, variable line spacer, writes 84 characters, stencil device, movable page fingers, handsome leather carrying case, outside measurements of case 12-ins. by 12-ins. by 4½-ins.

PRICE $85.00

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add.: Mackbanck

CHIROPRACTIC

CHIROPRACTIC (KI-RO-PRAK-TIK) is a scientific method of removing the cause of disease (acute or chronic) without the aid of drugs, surgery, or appliances. The science of Chiropractic is based upon a correct knowledge of brain, spine, spinal cord and nerves emanating therefrom.

If others failed to relieve you, why remain sick and suffer!

Try Chiropractic Spinal Adjustment and get well

Dr. P. S. Kawaguchi, D.C., Ph.,C. Chiropractor
Graduate of Palmer School of Chiropractic,
(Chiropractic Fountain Head) U. S. A.
Office: 71 Szechuen Road
(on the same floor as Toyo Kisen Kaisha or Oriental Steamship Co.)
OFFICE HOURS:
9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Except Sundays. Send for booklet.
Licentiate of States of North Dakota, Washington, U.S.A. and also Japan.
Complete X-Ray Laboratory for Spinograph work now established.
Main Office: 51 Main St., Yokohama, Japan. 26271

BONDHOLDERS OF I.S.S. PREMIUM BONDS

In that Saturday, November 15th, is a Race Holiday

THE MONTHLY DRAWING

Will take place Monday, November 17th at 2 p.m.
At The Head Office, Avenue Edouard VII.

Bondholders and Friends Invited to Attend

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY
Head Office: 5 Avenue Edouard VII, Shanghai.

Modern Dancing

A class for tuition in Ball Room dances will be conducted by

Paul Nijinsky
at
The Burlington Hotel

Tuesday and Friday
Commencing
at 5.30 p.m.

First class held on November 7
Terms for Eight Lessons:
Ladies $10; Gentlemen $15
Private Lessons Also Given
Apply at No. 1
YOUNG ALLEN TERRACE
Tel. North 2072
26288

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association

The Exchange Banks which are members of the above Association will open at 9 a.m. and close at 11 a.m. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 10th, 11th and 12th November on account of Autumn Race Meeting.
26206

The Oriental Hospital

Surgical and Venereal Diseases: Injections of all kind of vaccines, serums and 1914 (606); Tests of blood, treatment by X Ray and Diathermy.

Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.
(Japanese)
He studied medicine in Japan, America and Europe, so can speak English well.
21 HAINING ROAD
(fifth house from North Szechuen Road.)
SHANGHAI
Tel. North 2279.
21666

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to
73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

HONMA HOSPITAL

No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

SHOP with flat to let, situated on Nanking Road near the Edward Ezra Building. Apply to Box 319, THE CHINA PRESS.
26255 N. 13

STORE to let, best location in foreign district in Nanking Road, with long lease and moderate rate of rent. Apply to Box 314, THE CHINA PRESS.
26247 N. 19

TWO first floor rooms to let at 51a Kiangse Road suitable for offices. Apply International Advertising Agency, 51a Kiangse Road.
26264 N 11

OFFICES to let, 6 Foochow Road, ground floor, four very large rooms with godowns; also have to let several suites of offices, from one to four rooms, in other buildings Central district, near this office. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
26136

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.
Board. Residence.
Apply
Mrs. Pollock.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly furnished flat, with private bathroom. Excellent cuisine, telephone, garage. Apply to Box 223, THE CHINA PRESS.

Oriental House
31 Boone Road.

Two large rooms, one front, one back, also one small room, facing garden. Hot water with bath attached. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Telephone North 1102.
26221.

FOR RENT Modern furnished flat, down-town district, suitable for two couples. Rent Taels 200. For particulars apply Mr. Marble, Grace China Co., forenoons only.

TO LET, nicely furnished rooms, with bathroom and verandah attached, suitable for bachelors, with or without board, in private family. Apply 36 Quinsan Road.
26290 N. 15.

TO LET, nice furnished rooms with bathroom attached. Full board, garage. 304 Avenue Joffre.
26276 N. 12

TO LET, half floor on Kiukiang Road, containing three fair sized rooms. Apply to Box 321, THE CHINA PRESS.
26258 N. 11

LOST OR STOLEN

LOST on Car No. 1 between Custom House and Bubbling Well, Sunday evening, one gold cuff button. Liberal reward offered. Apply to Box 335, THE CHINA PRESS.
26297 N. 13.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED, Chinese interpreter. Exceptional salary offered court interpreter familiar with legal work. Ask for Mr. Linebarger, 1-B Kiukiang Road, corner Bund, after 4 p.m.
26296 N. 13.

WANTED a lady as mother's help for few hours daily. Western district. Apply to Box 333, THE CHINA PRESS.
26289 N. 13.

PROOF-READER wanted. One who has had experience in making estimates and as foreman preferred. State salary required, experience and nationality. Apply to Box 329, THE CHINA PRESS.
26273 N. 12

WANTED by large American firm first class stenographer. Apply to Box 331, THE CHINA PRESS.
26276 N. 11

WANTED An English speaking Chinese Mechanical Draughtsman with experience in large engineering works, one having served his time in large railway, mining or shipbuilding shops preferred. Send full particulars of previous experience and references to Box 330, THE CHINA PRESS.
26275 N. 12

LEARN MORE—EARN MORE: Don't waste time regretting lack of training. Make up for deficiency by studying in your spare time. The I.C.S. will provide you with thorough training in Mathematics, Preparatory and High School subjects, General English subjects, etc. Ask us to send you Catalog. Office 15a, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

MARINERS—WANTED you to know that you can qualify for promotion with I.C.S. training. Many officers in Far East qualified for examinations through I.C.S. Courses in Navigation, Marine Engineering, Marine Gas Engineering, Surveying, etc. Frequent change of address no obstacle. We teach wherever the mails reach. Write for Catalog. Office 15a, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

WANTED immediately, lady as companion or teachor in missionary family. Good salary. Interior station. Apply in person 166 Dixwell Road, Monday or Tuesday morning.
26266 N. 11

LADY'S MAID WANTED. Good salary to capable person. Apply to Box 313, THE CHINA PRESS.
26246 N. 11

WANTED, thoroughly capable and competent stenographer. Apply to Box 308, THE CHINA PRESS.
26235 N. 11.

SITUATIONS WANTED

РУССКАЯ Дама окончившая полный курсъ гимназій желаетъ получить мѣсто въ Русской конторѣ, знаетъ пишущую машину. Предложенія, адр The China Press, Box 285.
26204 N.11

Certificated English nurse (30) is open for engagement, preferably by hospital or medical firm. Will also consider other offers. Apply to Box 334, THE CHINA PRESS.
26296 N. 11.

AMERICAN ENGINEER offers his service for sales work. Energetic and good appearing. Has lived thirteen years in China. Apply to Box 336, THE CHINA PRESS.
26298 N. 13.

FOREIGNER, speaking six languages, good knowledge of import and export business, experienced salesman, reliable accountant and bookkeeper, seeks any position. First-class references. Apply to Box 328, THE CHINA PRESS.
26270 N. 12

YOUNG foreigner, 32 years old, having good references, seeks position in any capacity. Has a thorough knowledge of auto business. Speaks English, French, German, Polish and Russian. Outport no objection. Apply to Box 315, THE CHINA PRESS.
29248 N. 11

THOROUGHLY capable and competent stenographer seeks position. Speed 130-50; moderate salary. Apply to Box 316, THE CHINA PRESS.
26249 N. 15

EXPERT male stenographer, with good knowledge of cabling, filing, bookkeeping, and general office routine, seeks position in American firm, preferably office just opening. Seven years' experience. Apply to Box 320, THE CHINA PRESS.
26256 N. 11

POSITION as an accountant wanted by a young man with knowledge of bookkeeping and general office work, quick and accurate at figures. Good references. Apply to Box 311, THE CHINA PRESS.
26243 N. 14

EXPERT mathematician (European), graduate London University, knowledge foreign languages, engineering and correspondence, open to accept position, excellent references. Apply to Box 317, THE CHINA PRESS.
26252

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, furnished or unfurnished house or flat of five to ten rooms, preferably near Central district. Apply to Box 327, THE CHINA PRESS.
26270 N. 12

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, a large six-roomed house in the Wayside district, fully furnished, low rental. Furniture and fittings must be taken over. Apply to Box 324, THE CHINA PRESS.
26267 N. 12

TO LET, 20 Robinson Road, excellent ten-roomed residence with garage, facing Park. Rent only Taels 90. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
26137

PROFESSIMAL

WANTED, ladies who wish to learn to drive motor car, by expert lady driver. Apply to Box 326, THE CHINA PRESS.
26269 N. 12

EXPERIENCED American teacher gives private English lessons at reasonable rates. Apply to Box 306, THE CHINA PRESS.
26233.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, a full dress suit, custom made, about size forty-two, almost new. $50. Apply to Box 332, THE CHINA PRESS.
26287 N. 11.

FOR SALE, one portable concrete mixer, low charge "Milwaukee" No. 4, with steel housing and hopper, with three h.p. gasoline engine, capacity 4 cubic feet per hour, Taels 500. For inspection, apply to Box 264, THE CHINA PRESS.
26131

PHILATELISTS: What offers for the following new issues of German stampa (unused):—Deutsches Reich—pf. 2½ (4), 7½ (4), 10 (2), 15 (2), 20 (2), 40 (2), 75 (1); Deutsche National Versammlung—pf. 10 and 25. Reply to Box 201, THE CHINA PRESS.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
28 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Corniah Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	London	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy
Hankow	Peking	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
Iloilo	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a speciality. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital..$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.99

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Beligique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,890

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

SavingsBank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Manager's Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIN, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $3,054,000
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,
Sole Stockholders.

Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines
Shanghai	Manila
Peking	Cebu
Tientsin	Straits Settlements
Tsingtau	Singaporo
Hankow	Colombia
Hongkong	Medellin
Canton	Dominican Republic
Manchuria	Santo Domingo
Harbin	San Pedro de Macoris
India	Sanchez
Bombay	Santiago
Calcutta	Puerto Plata
Rangoon	Panama
Japan	Panama
Yokohama	Colon
Kobe	
Java	
Batavia	
Soerabaya	

BRANCHES OF THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Cuba
Buenos Aires	Artemiso
Once (Buenos Aires)	Bayamo
Rosario	Caibarien
	Camaguey
Brazil	Cardenas
Bahia	Ciego de Avila
Pernambuco	Cienfuegos
Porto Alegre	Cruces
Rio de Janeiro	Guantanamo
Santos	Havana
Sao Paulo	Manzanillo
	Matanzas
Chile	Pinar del Rio
Santiago	Placetas
Valparaiso	Remedios
	Sagua la Grande
Uruguay	Santa Clara
Montevideo	Santiago
	Sancti Spiritus
Venezuela	Union de Reyes
Caracas	Yaguajay
Maracaibo	
	Russia
Siberia	Moscow
Vladivostok	Petrograd
	Spain
Italy	Madrid
Genoa	
	Trinidad
Porto Rico	Port of Spain
San Juan	

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
In Kiukiang Road.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

	Yen
Capital Subscribed	100,000,000
,, Paid up	61,000,000
Reserve Fund	Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
	Manila	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Mukden	Singapore
Chanchun	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dalny	Newchwang	Sydney
Hankow	New York	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokio
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kaiyuen	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock
Kobe		

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 30,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Beton
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.
Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.

Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

LI MING, *Manager.*
CHEN SIN TSENG, *Sub-manager.*
ZAI MOH ZUNG, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. HEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

Banking Service with AMERICA —direct and personal

EXPORTERS or importers now engaged in, or th America would do well cial nature of our facili- interest we take in every sactions.

ct banking service—with- or unnecessary delays.

personal service. Every ough, both here and in sentatives with a personal is evident in the service

n about America?

the Far East:

ghai

d Kiangse Roads

ches in

nkow — Hongkong— Manila—Peking—Tientsin

Asia Banking Corporation

Yew York

CAPITAL U.S. $4,000,000 SURPLUS U.S. $1,100,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York
Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

Owned and controlled by

The National Park Bank New York — Union Bank of Canada

We beg to announce the opening of a Branch in Shanghai in temporary quarters at

No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD

BRANCHES

SAN FRANCISCO — SEATTLE
PARIS — YOKOHAMA

DIRECTORS

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	E. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road

Capital (registered).....	$1,000,000.00
Capital (paid-up)	655,900.00
Deposits (June 30, 1919).....	5,242,000.00

Branches and Agents in all principal cities of China.

Correspondents in London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Chicago, Tokyo, Kobe and Osaka.

Your business is solicited.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on November 4, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-26
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-18
Cod	,,	16-18
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	20-30
Pomfret	,,	25-30
Salmon	,,	16-18
Samli	,,	40-60
Soles	,,	15-20
Whitebait	,,	none
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.50-$3.00
Duck	,,	40-70
Hare	each	30-35
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	60-90
Pigeons	,,	16-18
Quail	,,	12-14
Snipe	,,	12-14
Teal	,,	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	,,	25-30
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	16-20
Bananas	,,	5-6
Figs	per doz.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	6-8
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	,,	10-15
Persimmons	,,	none
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	,,	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	,,	14-15
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bread Beans	per lb.	4-5
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	none
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	10-12
French Beans	,,	4-5
Green Corn	each	2-3
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	30-40
Onions	,,	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	4-5
Potatoes	per picul	$3.20-$3.50
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	,,	3-4
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour, Australian	,,	$3.60
Flour, Shanghai	,,	$2.30
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.60
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	,,	Tls. 23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000 one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Marseille, Vladivostock, Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

中華滙業銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital .. $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund .....$ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shanai
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Osaka
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2613 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 10, 1919.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate, @ 6/10 = Tls. 3.9268
@ exch. 75.1 = Mex. $3.8972
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate, @ 143⅜ = Tls. 69.75
@ exch. 75.1 = Mex. $92.88
Mex. Dollars: Market rate: 74.9375
Copper Cash .. per tael 182.300
Native Interest ..... Tls. 16

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 67d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London .. Fr. 37.58
Ex., New York on London T.T. G. $4.14¾

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 6/10
London ..... Demand 6/10¼
India ..... T.T. 334½
Paris ..... T.T. 1265
Paris ..... Demand 1268
New York ..... T.T. 143½
New York .... Demand 143¾
Hongkong ..... T.T. 67
Japan ..... T.T. 35⅝
Batavia ..... T.T. 369
Singapore ..... T.T. 34½

Bank's Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 6/11
London ....4 m/s. Cdts. 7/1½
London ....4 m/s. Docy. 7/1¾
London ....6 m/s. Cdts. 7/2¼
London ....6 m/s. Docy. 7/2½
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 1380
New York ...o/d. Docy. 151½
New York ..... 4 m/s. 152¼

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 14,250 .... = Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... = Mex. $.93

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR NOVEMBER

Hk. Tls. 2.75 @ 6/6¼ £1
„ 1 @ 1173 Fr. 13.07
„ 0.66 @ 136¼ Gold $1
„ 1 @ 37 Yen 3.01
„ 1 @ 15 Rupees 5.45
„ 1 @ 1.50 Mex. $1.50
„ 1 @ — Roubles —

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, November 10, 1919, Official

Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.)
Tls. 25.50 December
Ewo Cotton (Ord.)
Tls. 625.00 December

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, November 10, 1919.

Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 36.60 November
Tls. 37.60 December
Tls. 40.00 January
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 41.00 November
Tls. 45.90 December
Tls. 49.20 January
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 28.50 November
Tls. 28.00 December
Tls. 28.60 January
Local Yarn
Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 227.00 November
Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 236.00 December
Tls. 240.40 January
Tls. 242.00 February
Tls. 245.00 March
Tls. 245.00 April
Phoenix & Wedding
Tls. 222.50 November
Local Yarn for Standard
Tls. 226.50 November
Tls. 231.50 December
Tls. 234.00 January
Tls. 234.00 February
Tls. 238.00 March

Rubber Outputs

	Sept.	Oct.
Alma	32,000	29,000
Amherst	2,769	2,811
Anglo-Dutch	25,000	67,000
Anglo-Java	118,400	211,800
Ayer Tawah	33,978	29,821
*Batu Anam	27,016	21,106
Bukit Toh-Alang	21,855	21,181
Bute	22,000	17,950
Chempedak	13,250	13,500
Chemor	23,734	23,429
Cheng	19,025	17,619
Consolidated	70,002	57,455
Dominion	43,981	37,677
Gula Kalumpong	126,000	133,000
Java Consolidated	41,000	67,000
Kamunting	22,282	25,712
Kapala	12,522	14,604
Kapayang	—	—
Karan	12,630	12,150
Kota Bahroe	40,470	42,107
Kroewoek	25,500	46,000
Langkat	68,644	71,150
Padang	17,000	18,000
Permatt	5,689	—
Pengkalan	16,879	11,766
Repah	23,000	18,000
Samagaga	27,600	23,500
Semambu	17,515	18,050
Senawang	18,212	13,185
See Kee	—	11,404
Shanghai-Malay	—	—
Shanghai-Serem-ban	16,019	10,680
Shanghai-Kelan-tan	20,600	21,500
Shanghai-Pahang	18,159	13,016
Shanghai-Klebang	14,418	11,334
Shanghai-Sumatra	72,660	62,000
Sua Manggis	—	—
Sungala	14,470	8,570
Sungei Duri	29,017	29,192
Taiping	10,993	—
Tanah Merah	33,000	30,000
Tebong	80,000	81,000
Ulobri	5,815	5,325
Ziangbe	57,200	62,000

*Shortage owing to rain.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

"UH-YOURE CERTAIN THAT THE MANAGER IS NOT IN EH? UH-I UNDERSTOOD THAT HE WAS ALWAYS IN BETWEEN 2 AND 3
NO-YOURE RIGHT HES NOT IN-YA DONT THINK ID BE LOAFIN LIKE THIS IF THAT BIRD WAS IN DO YA?
I KNOW THAT THE MANAGER EXPECTED THAT GUY TODAY
YEAH-BUT HE TOLD JIM TO SAY THAT HE WAS OUT HE ALSO TOLD JIM NOT TO WORK WHEN THE BLOKE CALLED-THEN HED BELIEVE THAT THE BOSS WAS OUT.
INDOOR SPORTS
PUTTING ON A LAZY POSE IN ORDER TO MAKE A PEST BELIEVE THAT YOUR BOSS IS REALLY OUT
TAD '19

GIBBS FINDS ARRAS RESTORED TO LIFE

Center Of Hard-Fought Somme Battles Is Again A Thriving City Of 20,000

FIX UP WAR'S WRECKAGE

German Prisoners Help To Rebuild Damage Done By By Their Guns

By Philip Gibbs

Arras, Sept. 15.—There is a surprise awaiting anybody who travels as I have done through the lonely wilderness of the Somme battlefields to the old City of Arras by way of Bapaume.

No human labor will ever "restore" the town of Bapaume, or any of those villages where now some of the people who lived there before the war are raking along its ruins for relics of their old life, and having to dig deep to find even one brick of their former habitations. It is different in Arras, and yesterday, when I came here, I was astounded by the life that has been resumed in the streets. There are 20,000 people living in Arras today, 12,000 old inhabitants and 8,000 laborers, though the population of this old capital of Artois was not more than 25,000 before the war.

For the last six months, they tell me, they have been hard at work to restore the beauty of their city, bombarded for four long years but never utterly destroyed in spite of all those shells, and to make it once more a city where people may live in comfort, dine well in good restaurants, and sell merchandise in many shops. They succeeded in an astonishing way, and to those of us who were here scores of times in the fighting days when only a few women lived in the deep vaults upon which the city is built and shells came crashing into the houses where many of our officers and men were killed, and for a long time we walked in single file close to the walls with steel hats on, the change is startling.

MEETS FRIEND OF WAR TIMES

It was a woman who had lived in Arras through the war who led me to the house where I slept on my last night here. I am now writing these notes in a well-furnished room, with a freshly papered ceiling, at the corner of Petite Place, where the ruin of the Hotel de Ville, the glory of Arras, may never rise again above their wreckage. She knew I had been in Arras in the war, and spoke to me as one who understood.

"It is like a dream, Monsieur, all this new life," she said. "You remember how it was in the old days, not even a dog in the streets, not a pane of glass in my window, and the great silence except for the distant rumbling of guns, and then the crash in the street near by, where another great shell fell inside a house or made another hole in Petite Place or elsewhere."

She laughed at the frightful old remembrances, which once had been her normal way of life.

"We lived down in our cellars, and came up for fresh air now and then. By the station I have seen many dead men and dead horses. The Germans were always shelling your transport at the narrow way to the Cambrai Road, and many of us civilians were killed, too; but we would not leave Arras, never for a day unless we were carried out dead. Now life has come back again, and I sometimes wonder which is the dream, this or that. It is droll, is it not, this life of ours?"

The patron of the Hotel de l'Univers is one of those gallant five hundred who lived in Arras from the first to the last and now a reward has come to him, and wealth awaits him, because as fast as he can patch up the shell-holes and broken walls he can let his bedrooms to pilgrims from Paris, and Lille, and Amiens, and England, and the United States, who are already besieging his hotel.

He gives them a good dinner in the long saloon where many British officers sat when Arras was the capital of the Third Army.

"I have not one little bed vacant," he told me with many regrets, and then he pointed to a wing on the east side of his courtyard which was still unrestored. "I shall have more room when that is rebuilt. You remember what happened there; seven of your officers were killed by one shell as they lay sleeping in their beds. Those were tragic days. You know, Monsieur, because you were here. Other people cannot imagine it. Many a home still stands in Arras, but not one into which a shell did not come, and, as you know, thousands were utterly destroyed."

SWEET MUSIC TO OLD CURE

Not far from the irreparable ruin of the cathedral, beautiful even now as the sun strikes aslant its broken columns with the blue sky for its roof, I met an old cure of Arras walking with his hands behind his back and smiling to himself. There was a look of happiness in his eyes when he spoke to me.

"The work goes well," he said. "After death life. I love to hear the clink of the hammers, the tapping of the stones, the tramp of the workmen's feet. It is the best music after the war. The work of renaissance. Work now, and no more slaughter. That is good. The people are regaining their life and their business. For centuries there will be a memorial of our ruin, and of our sacrifice. Alas, the old glory of our architecture may never come back, as it was before, but Arras is again a living city and the people are happy to be back."

Trains are coming into the station and steaming out of it, that station which was only a few hundred yards from the German front line in the first years of the war, and where the grass grew between the rails, and the derelict trains were shelled to pieces.

There are still, of course, many ruins in Arras. They will be there years, because there is no magic by which the glory of the Town Hall, and the Spanish houses of the Middle Ages, and the hundreds of fine old Renaissance buildings may be resurrected out of their ashes and rubbish heaps, but those 8,000 masons whose music of work is in my ears as I write are making good headway with the houses which may be propped up and patched up.

This morning at 7 o'clock there was the tramp of many feet outside my window and looking out I saw a battalion of German prisoners, nearly all of them in the green jackets of the Jager regiment, passing to their forced labor, which is helping to rebuild this city so damaged by German guns. They had the look of captive animals, and I pitied them in spite of all they had done, for the torture of this long imprisonment in the days of peace must be maddening.

A regiment of French poilus quartered in Arras followed them. Workmen in white blouses carried ladders by which Arras is climbing up again, but to me the streets of this city were thronged by crowds of another kind, by crowds of ghosts whom I see everywhere in this country of war, and who in khaki and in kilts swarmed in all the broken houses of old Arras and marched across the desolation of the Grande Place to the fields beyond the walls, where on many days there were great battles, and on many days great death and a backward tide of wounded men, who came to the vaults under the citadel at the gate of Arras to wait their turn for the surgeon's knife.

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TRAMWAY CO. DIVIDEND

Notice of an interim dividend has been issued by the Shanghai Electric Construction Company Limited. It is at the rate of six percent. or twelve shillings per share, less income tax at the rate of 6s. to the pound. Payments will be made, beginning November 13, upon presentation of Coupon No. 11 accompanied by a declaration on forms as furnished by the British Government. The blanks may be obtained at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation and the dividend may be had at the local buying rate on that day at the same bank.

Rubber Auction

Singapore, October 22.—In this morning's Rubber Auction the tendency was weak, many lots being withdrawn.

The quantity offered for the whole Auction was about 1,246 tons. Prices paid for various grades during the morning were as follows: Fine Pale Crepe 91-93½. Palish to pale 82-89½. Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheets 90-94½. Fair to Good Ribbed Smoked Sheets 84-89. Good to Fine Brown Crepe 72-78, 67½-71. Scrap Crepe 62-66½. Bark Crepe 58-61½.

Netherlands Gutta-Percha Company.

FRENCH MARKETS

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 8, (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—Market quotations:

Marseilles, November 8:

Green peas: Japan	180
Potato starch	155

Havre, November 8:

Cotton first quality	509
Cotton second quality	499
Cotton third quality	474

Lyons, November 8:

Raw silks: Cevennes	215
Italy	245
Syria	195
Japan	226
China	245
Canton	182

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PARIS EXCHANGE

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 9, (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—Exchange quotations:

Exchange on London frs.. 37.55
French War Loans:
3 percent 60.15
4 percent 1917 ..... 71.55
4 percent 1918 ..... 71.25
5 percent 89.25

HAD A HARD TIME GETTING HER TEETH

Until Baby's Own Tablets Were Tried—Then Began Improving At Once.

The reason why Mrs. David Lee's physician prescribed Baby's Own Tablets for her child was because he knew them to be perfectly harmless; they are sold under a guarantee, backed by a Government Analyst's certificate, that they contain absolutely no opiate or narcotic and can be given with perfect safety even to the youngest infant.

Says Mrs. Lee, who resides at Lindsay, Ontario, Canada:—"My little girl had a hard time getting her teeth. She was quite feverish, her tongue was coated, her breath offensive and she vomited curdled milk. On the advice of our doctor I gave her Baby's Own Tablets and she began improving at once. She had not slept well at nights for three months, and I was almost worn out caring for her. Nothing did her any good until I gave her the Tablets. Now her food digests properly, her breath is sweet, her tongue clean and she is quiet and good. I can strongly recommend the Tablets to other mothers as they did my baby good when nothing else did."

Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy, are recommended in cases of simple fever, colic, constipation, indigestion, diarrhoea. They make teething easy, promote healthy appetite, restful sleep and regular development, and are a remedy for worms. Sold by chemists, or sent post free at 60 cents the vial by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

"Golofina" Jamaica Cigars

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Golofina Cigars can be purchased in lots of 100 (cash with order) at the following prices from our Golofina Cigar Dep't., 22 Museum Road.

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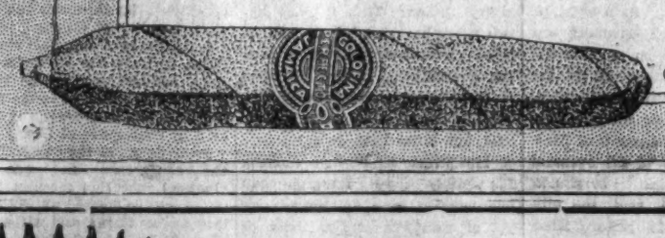
Mex. $10.00 per 100—in boxes of 50 or 25

BOUQUETS
Mex. $7.50 per 100—in boxes of 50 or 25

CABINET EXTRAS
Mex. $15.00 per 100—in boxes of 50

British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ld.
Distributors
22 Museum Road Shanghai



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WEATHER

Fine weather. Moderate Southerly breezes along the North coast. Normal monsoon in the South.

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, NOV. 11, 1919

Japan's Ultimatum Of 1914 And Her Present Reservation

Editor's Note: What is apparently the final vote on the Shantung Provision of the Treaty of Peace has been taken in the United States Senate and the result is that the provision remains unchanged, i.e., the German rights in Shantung go to Japan instead of to China. This action by the Senate means that that body has taken the word of Japan that she will do as she has promised to do in Shantung, and as Senator Burton pointed out in his speech last Saturday night, "If she doesn't keep her promise with regard to Shantung, she, and not China, will be the sufferer." Hon. T. R. Jernigan, dean of the local American bar, and former Consul General here, yesterday wrote the following discussion of the matter for THE CHINA PRESS:

BY T. R. JERNIGAN

THE North American Review of October contains an article by Dr. John C. Ferguson on "Japan's Use of Her Hegemony," and in that connection two important documents are referred to which bear on the lease of Kiaochow. It is interesting to read what Dr. Ferguson wrote on the important subject, although it would have been more satisfactory had he expressed his own opinion, without being contented only to submit facts and let his readers draw their conclusions.

One of the documents referred to is the ultimatum which Japan delivered to Germany on August 15, 1914, and in which Germany was asked to "deliver on a date not later than September 15 to the Imperial Japanese authorities without condition or compensation the entire leased territory of Kiaochow with a view to the eventual restoration to China." It should be carefully noted that the ultimatum promises to restore Kiaochow to China without the reservation of conditions or compensations, and that the word "eventually" might be construed to indicate the purpose of Japan that the restoration would not take place immediately.

It was the understanding of the general public that Kiaochow would be restored to China without conditions, and a fair reading of the ultimatum warranted the understanding. But on May 25 Japan interpreted for herself the ultimatum in a note of the following words: "when after the termination of the present war, the leased territory of Kiaochow Bay is left to the free disposal of Japan, the Japanese Government will restore the leased territory to China under the following conditions: (1) The whole of Kiaochow Bay to be opened as a commercial port. (2) A concession under the exclusive jurisdiction of Japan to be established at a place designated by the Japanese Government. (3) If the Foreign Powers desire it, an international concession may be established. (4) As regards the disposal to be made of the buildings and property of Germany and the conditons and procedures relating thereto, the Japanese Government and the Chinese Government shall arrange the matter by mutual agreement before the restoration."

The mere statement of the ultimatum and the note shows the material difference between the two, and it is quite clear that in the note Japan has reserved for herself greater and more enlarged powers and rights than in any sense was indicated in the ultimatum. It may be inferred from the action of the Peace Conference that the members thereof meant for Japan to become the heir to the possessions which Germany held under a treaty with China and which gave Germany the right to be in Kiaochow. It is understood that in the secret treaties wherein England, France and Italy agreed to support Japan in her claim to Kiaochow it was only intended that Japan was to do what Germany could have done and no more. The writer is not aware that the note with its conditions was before the Conference at all. The note evidently presents questions of a more far-reaching nature and import than the ultimatum, and the declaration by Japan that she will restore Kiaochow to China still leaves in doubt whether the restoration is to be according to the ultimatum or the note.

If Japan should be unwilling to recede from the favorable conditions of the note it would mean that she retained the authority to establish a concession with exclusive jurisdiction over it, at any place in Kiaochow that the Japanese Government saw proper to designate; and no one doubts that the designated place would be Tsingtao, which is the part of Kiaochow the Germans developed into a beautiful city with all the proper appurtenances. There is one cool condition in the note, and it is that after Japan has selected the choice of places for her concession and placed it under her laws, then foreign nations can have an international concession should they so desire, but the Japanese concession is to be exclusive. It is graciously permitted in one of the conditions that Kiaochow Bay is to be opened as a commercial port, but all the buildings and property of Germany and the conditions and procedures relating thereto shall be arranged before restoration by mutual agreement between the Chinese Government and the Japanese Government. If Japan should decide to include Tsingtao in her concession it would mean the possession of the terminus of the railway, the docks, government offices, and fortifications. Such acquisitions would make Japan the practical master of the situation in trade and other relations, as Tsingtao is undoubtedly the most valuable part of the whole of the leased territory of Kiaochow.

There were other properties, in addition to Kiaochow, which the Germans possessed in the province of Shantung and to which Japan became the heir after the expulsion of the Germans. "These include the Tsingtao-Tsinan Railway, 250 miles in length, completed in 1904, and connects the port of Tsingtao with the capital of Shantung province, Tsinan. This railway has two short branches of 28 and 26 miles respectively leading to mining properties.....The collieries of the Shantung Berghan Gesellschaft at Fangtse in Weihsien district, 102 miles from Tsingtao, and at Hungshan in Poshan district, 168 miles from Tsingtao and Kiulinghsien with an annual output of nearly a million tons of coal were the property of the railway and were acquired by Japan. At Tsinanfu, the capital, German interests were centered in one district and this was occupied by Japanese troops." Two other important railway projects were acquired, one of approximately 200 miles to connect Tsingtao railway with the Tientsin Pukow railway at Yihsien, and the other of 230 miles length to connect Tsinan with some point on the Peking-Hankow railway, presumably at Kaifeng. The two last are said to have been granted to the Germans in 1908, but in addition to these two lines there is also a line northward from Weihsien to Sungkow or Chefoo of more than 100 miles.

In grouping the railways in Shantung and giving the names, lengths, and the cities they connect, Dr. Ferguson has simplified the whole matter and made intelligent the importance to commerce and the consequent influence of Japan in the province named. And Japan has not neglected fully to utilise every factor in her favor.

There is published in the Official Gazette, at Tokio, an act known as the Tsingtao Civil Administration Act, and dated October 1, 1917. By virtue of this act the military administration of Tsingtao was changed to a Civil Administration. According to the act, which can easily be procured, there was created a Department of Civil Administration in the Tsingtao Garrison Staff Office, whose function is to care for executive and judicial affairs, excepting the Military Administration of the occupied territory in Shantung province, and for this purpose the act provides for a Civil Administration Office, which is divided into a Bureau of Railways and a Bureau of Communication, with about 600 officials for administrative purposes.

At the same time the act was promulgated, the Japanese Government published a statement in explanation, giving as a main reason that the Military Administration was superseded by a Civil "in order to better the government, and to protect the industry of the people of the occupied territory."

There were several important changes effected by the new act, and among the principal changes, was the establishment of a "number of places outside of Tsingtao of Civil Administration Offices; the substitution of gendarmes for the police that were formerly stationed along the Shantung Railway between Tsingtao and Tsinan; the appointment of the Japanese Consul at Tsinan to the additional office of Civil Administrator." It was explained in the published statement that the changes were made "in order to contribute to the welfare of the people.....and that the object sought in the Civil Administration in Tsingtao is to give assurance to the security of the people, so that they can industriously pursue their daily toil, thus to put the cordial relationship between Japan and China into a firmer position. There is no intention in the least to alter the property or status quo of the occupied territory."

And so it continues to appear that there is no intention to alter the status of the occupied territory; and why should there be, from the Japanese stand point, when they are in full possession and with their system of government in full operation? The statement assumes that the people of China, who were living in the area of their territory now occupied by the Japanese, were in need of a safeguarding supervision that they might pursue their daily industries undisturbed and have their welfare advanced. All know that the natives of Shantung province had been following the even tenor of their way for centuries before the Germans or Japanese appropriated a part of their land, and that the presence of neither of thsse two alien races was required to assure security or contribute to the general welfare. The native government of Tsingtao, and at other places in Shantung province, has been radically superseded by Japan inaugurating her system of administration, and the facts here submitted would seem to leave no doubt, that, while Japan is freely promising to restore Shantung, there is evidently the reserved intention not to restore it, except upon conditions which touch the sovereign integrity of China.

If there be a hopeful sign for China to have her rights in Shantung restored it may be seen in some of the decisions of the British Chamber of Commerce which have been in conference at Shanghai for several days. If the resolutions of the conference are put into practical operation the situation in China will be cleared up in the best interest of China and all nations. The Shanghai Conference will probably prove more beneficial to China than the Paris Conference, for to open the door and abolish spheres of influence would soon introduce a new order of affairs.

Wilson Speaks

Salient points made by the President on his recent tour:

"Your choice is between the League of Nations and Germanism."

"Every reservation will have to be taken back to all the signatories of the treaty, and this includes Germany."

"We cannot live without taking sides."

"When this treaty is adopted the men in khaki will never have to cross the seas again."

"The only people I owe any report to are you and the other citizens of the United States."

"People are not in as good humor over in France as they were when I was there."

"I do not want to go through the mill again on changed language."

"We must realise in this broad country of ours the fact that the world is in revolution."

"We have either got to be provincials or statesmen."

"We have got to have American instrumentalities in every part of the world."

"The Democrat and the Republican underneath are of the same stuff."

"This is an effective covenant."

Lord Rothmere On British Finances

By Lord Rothmere
(Brother of Lord Northcliffe and Air Minister in 1916-17)

Is the Coalition Government working satisfactorily, and is it necessary to continue the existing combination of parties?

On its present basis the House of Commons fails to satisfy the wishes of the nation.

We are confronted by the grave fact that the country is losing faith in parliamentary government. This arises very largely from defects brought about by the war.

What defects in the working of our system have brought about this change of view? And what are the remedies?

I can only attempt to indicate one or two factors which have a very close bearing upon the issue raised.

LOSS OF CONFIDENCE

I believe that among the middle classes of all grades, and among people possessed of wealth, a primary cause of the loss of confidence is the widespread alarm at our perilous financial situation.

It is felt that the House of Commons automaticaly sanctions the spending of immense sums in all directions and makes no effort to enforce departmental economy.

The working classes distrust the present system because they are deeply perturbed at the alarming and continuous rise of the prices of all commodities. Rightly or wrongly, they feel that Parliament ought to be able to bring the prices down, and they consider that no adequate attempt is being made to do so.

We have just finished an unprecedented war, which has left us with an almost unimaginable load of debt. When a private individual incurs heavy liabilities, his first step, if he is a sensible man, is to cut down his expenditure. As a nation we are doing precisely the reverse.

We are recklessly entering upon schemes which, whatever their value may be, must enormously increase our national indebtedness.

The Government have very properly laid down the principle that the nation cannot continue to subsidise the coal industry. They say that the higher cost of coal must be borne by the consumer. I shall not enter into the merits of the coal controversy. I am only concerned with the principle that, to apply the words of Sir Eric Geddes, the coal industry must "stand upon its own feet."

INDUSTRY AND SUBSIDY

The same is true of all industries. The principle should be applied at once to transportation. Whatever the cost of passenger fares and freight we have absolutely no right, in time of peace, to subsidise the railways out of taxation. Those who use the railways, whether for travel or for sending merchandise, should pay for them.

The position of our national finances entirely precludes any further vast disbursements for the purpose of nationalisation of any key industry.

I view with considerable apprehension the financial aspect of the great housing schemes. I am fully aware of the urgency of the housing problems, although it is difficult to understand the extreme shortage of houses, when we know that the population of Great Britain, through war losses of 900,000 men, is sensibly less than it was before the war.

Will $250,000,000 defray the cost of all these housing schemes? I doubt it. We have no more right to subsidise houses out of taxation than we have to subsidise mines or railways. All houses built by the States should pay an economic rent from the outset.

FEARS HIGHER TAXES

There is one issue which transcends even the housing problem. Unbridled and wanton expenditure has produced taxation which is already excessive and is likely to increase. I fear that before long men of quite limited incomes may be called upon to pay an income tax of $2.50 out of every $5.

How far is Parliament responsible for the conditions I have described? I think it is demonstrable that the gravest possible blame rests upon the present House of Commons.

But what makes the nation despair of the House is that it does not even cultivate the spirit of economy. It quite properly saves $7,500 a year by cutting off an under-secretary from the Transport Ministry, and then stultifies itself by voting millions without any scrutiny at all.

The military adventures in Russia and the Caucasus suggest a direction in which the House of Commons might have checked expenditure. Our various Russian expeditions have been debated solely from conflicting political points of view. I urge that one of the primary considerations is their cost. We cannot afford to indulge in any more costly crusades while we are improverished and have so many domestic needs.

I know it will be said, first, that we owe a special duty to Russia, and, second, that immediately we withdraw from Russia we shall see Germany stepping in.

SACRIFICES FOR RUSSIA

I deplore the plight of Russia. I appreciate the gallant services of the Russian army early in the war, but the duty we owe to Russia does not exceed that owed to her by our Allies. France was knit to Russia by far closer ties than ours, yet can it be said that the French have helped Russia as we have done? Neither the United States nor France has made a tithe of the sacrifices we have made for Russia.

The French will not fight for Russia. A French regiment mutinied not long ago on hearing a mere unfounded report that it was being sent to the Black Sea. Our own men have no liking for the Russian enterprise. The United States and Japan are withdrawing.

As for German influence penetrating Russia, we must take that risk. We have bigger risks ahead of us here at home.

Whether we withdraw from Russia or not, the public are likely to find that one of the real results of the recent "war to end war" will be to saddle the exchequer with the cost of a largely increased army and navy. The remnant of the German fleet constitutes no menace, the armies of our foes are broken up, but our permanent military and naval expenditure is being planned upon a basis far in excess of our outlay on defense before the war.

The air force contemplates an annual expenditure of more than twice as much money as the whole cost of the army before the war. The entries of cadets for the navy at Osborne and the army at Sandhurst seem larger than ever. The heads of the fighting services appear to have in view a steadily expanding expenditure and no one seems disposed to check them.

COMPETITION OF GERMANY

Such in brief is the irony of the situation that while under the terms of peace German armaments are restricted to a few warships and an army of 100,000 men, at a cost of probably $50,000,000 annually, the militarist section of the Government is endeavoring to thrust on the backs of the British people a naval, military and air program costing not less than $1,500,000,000 yearly. Under this load what chance has British trade in the future against the competition of Germany, and the rest of the world?

Parliamentary methods are breaking down in this country because our constitutional system presupposes government by party. Party government is politically the very breath of our nostrils.

The coalition has outlived its usefulness. The time has come for the creation of a new "bloc," a combination pledged primarily to economy in administration and to the rehabilitation of the nation's finances on a sound footing. We want, in short, a party which will do for this country what Lord Cromer did for Egypt when he found it bankrupt and derelict.

The present coalition came into being at a time when Ministers were accustomed to disburse hundreds of millions without stopping to ask where the money was to be found. It has acquired "the spending habit," and it seems totally unable to check the wasteful and unbusiness tendencies developed in war.

Lord Cromer selected Lord Kitchener out of half a dozen generals to run the Sudan war because in those days Lord Kitchener was an economical administrator. If there is a reconstruction of the coalition government a similar test should be applied to every Minister. The first question asked should be: "Is he capable of effecting great economies?" I agree with what Mr. Asquith has said recently on this point.

Perhaps the germ of a real and effective opposition lies in the little band of Independent Liberals in the House of Commons. They preach economy incessantly. I doubt whether a true spirit of economy will be developed by any coalition reconstruction. We must make a fresh start or drift toward national ruin.

Minds accustomed to the wanton extravagance of war cannot be adjusted to the economic exigencies of peace. We require not only a reconstruction of the government, but a reconstruction of parties on new lines.

Correspondence

A NEW CLUB FOR SHANGHAI

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir: I have read with interest W.M.C.'s letter under the above heading in your paper today, as I believe there is room for such a club in Shanghai.

It has often occurred to me that however valuable the Shanghai Club may be, it does not meet the needs of young men who come out to firms new from home, even should they be eligible for membership. In the first place they cannot usually afford the necessary entrance fee and subscription, not to speak of the bill for chits which it is so easy to run up in the attempt to be sociable. Nevertheless, these men, especially when they are strangers in a strange land, need an opportunity for meeting men of similar tastes and means, without feeling that it is incumbent on them to sign chits to the extent which older men can do.

With this in mind therefore, I feel that the suggestion is a good one, and I for one would be willing to give my support, should any definite scheme be put forward. Yours etc.,

Interested.

Shanghai, Nov. 8, 1919.

General Pershing Before Congress

(New York Times)

General Pershing receiving the thanks of Congress was a manly and attractive figure. He seemed to be unconscious of the eminence he had won as a soldier, and his manner was so simple that he must have disarmed critics who affected to see in him an exemplar of militarism. His work in the field done, General Pershing was an average American in point of view, a man of the people, as much of a democrat as Champ Clark himself who claimed the General as a sample of the "sort of men Missouri grows when in her most prodigal of moods." That genial good nature and sense of humor that have been denied by General Pershing, because he realised his task in France and performed it without fear or favor, came to the surface in a trying situation for a modest man. The cynosure of all eyes in a joint session of Congress, the galleries crowded with his admirers, the remarks he made on the historic occasion became the man. While they had a certain eloquence because of their sincerity, they were most generous in giving credit to Americans of all classes and conditions who had played their part in the war, at home as well as "over there." In a way that was tactful and always in the best of taste, he forgot no one. In what he said of the army he had led there was a touching spirit of affection and loyalty:

"Never have men faced a more difficult task, nor borne greater hardship, and never have troops shown a finer spirit of willingness or more resolute purpose. . . . Whether billeted in French, Belgian, or Italian villages, or in the camps of England, our men have left behind them a standard of frankness, of integrity, of gentleness, and of helpfulness which will give the other nations of the world a firmer belief in the sincerity of our motives."

General Pershing's tribute to "our war-worn allies, whose tenacity, after three years of conflict, made possible the effectiveness of our effort," and his testimony to the spirit of friendship engendered by comradeship in arms, was as handsome an expression of appreciation and gratitude as any man has uttered. It was General Pershing's estimate of the fighting qualities of the French, the British, the Belgians, and the Italians, and of their great service to the cause of liberty. Vainglory and boastfulness are evidently foreign to this stalwart American soldier. That he looked beyond the war with a clear vision appeared in his judgment that the conflict had "welded together our people and given them a deeper sense of nationality." It was an ordeal greater than battle for General Pershing to stand before Congress, hear his praises sounded, and express his thanks, but it was another victory for him.

Opera For The Well-To-Do

(From The Baltimore American)

With tickets around $7, it has happened at last that grand opera has been brought within the reach of the working classes.

F.P.A.'s Conning Tower

VALUES

It was by the sea.
And there were moonlight and stars.
The music floated faintly to them from the terrace above
Through the perfumed air
Heavy with the scent of late roses;
It was a waltz languidly sensuous, mysterious;
And as they sat there at the little table
In the garden,
The flickering table light
And her big droopy hat
Made shadowy purple pools of her eyes—
Her bare shoulders pale ivory in the half-light,
Bewitching, maddening.
The ancient lure
Playing havoc with his thoughts,
Suddenly he spoke:
"Gee, they gotta nerve soakin' seventy-fi' cents
For a lemonade, and they ain't got no show."
"You said it, dearie,"
She replied.

TOM WEATHERLY.

"Remember," adjures Charles E. Hand in the London Daily Mail, writing of the Isle of Wight, "that the island is entirely surrounded by water." Business of matriculating for a memory course.

Besides having been married twice before, Captain Holloway is also a veteran of the Civil and Mexican wars.—*The Tribune.*

Mr. James K. Shields, New Jersey superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, put a top-spin on his reverse service of a compliment. In a circular he refers to "William N. Runyon, now Governor, but long a public servant of spotless record."

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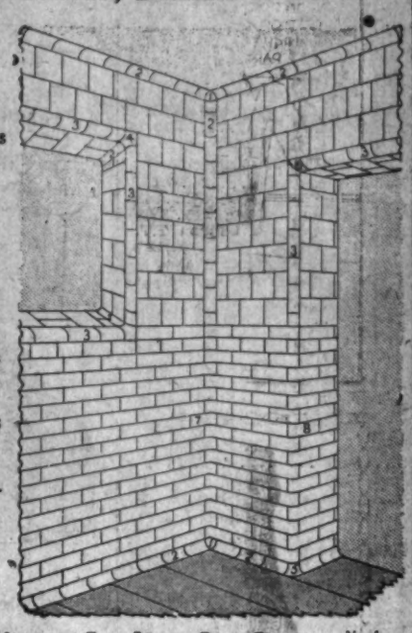
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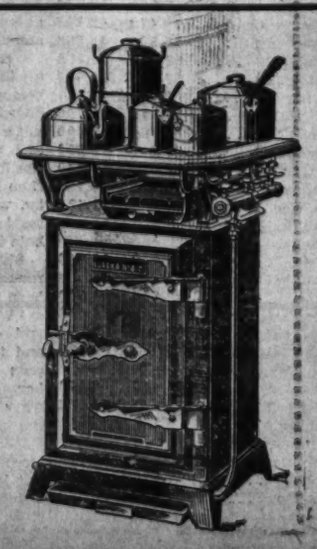

Bringing Up Father

By George McManus

MAGGIE DARLIN WON'T YOU LET ME GIT OUT OF GOIN' TO THE SMITH'S TONIGHT - I HATE THEM PARTIES-
NO!
WELL HAVE A NICE LITTLE EVENING THERE-
IT CAN'T BE TOO LITTLE FER ME - I WISH IT WUZ OVER NOW!
OH-ME:OH!MY- WILL THE EVENIN' EVER PASS-
WHY DON'T YOU MIX WITH THE PEOPLE?
YOU'RE AWFULLY CLEVER-
THINK SO?
MR. JIGGS - YOU'RE WIFE IS WAITING AND WANTS TO KNOW IF YOU HAVE FORGOTTEN YOU HAVE A HOME-
8-19

How To Serve Vegetables

By Loretto C. Lynch
(An Acknowledged Expert on Cooking and on All Matters Pertaining to the Household)

With Fall days, some of the most attractive vegetables are leaving the markets, and in their stead one sees the homelier, less attractive varieties. It is a bit more difficult to make a turnip presentable than it is to make a dish of fresh garden peas appetising.

"I never liked turnips until my Missus cooked 'em for me," said a returned California soldier to me the other day. He had brought his "Missus" back from France with him, and later it was my good fortune to taste his "Missus'" cooking.

It was the old variety of yellow turnip that I scarcely recognised. She boiled the turnip whole, skin on, until tender, changing the water once. It was then pared and sliced into quarter-inch slices.

Each slice was dipped into four, then into beaten egg, and then into cracker crumbs. Each slice was fried until golden brown in hot fat. A piping hot cheese sauce was poured over the fritters just before serving.

CHEESE SAUCE

Two level tablespoons flour, ½ level teaspoon salt, 2 level tablespoon butter, ½ pint milk, 4 level tablespoons grated cheese.

In a small saucepan, rub together the flour and butter, add the milk and stir constantly over a low flame until milk thickens. Add salt and cheese and stir until cheese is melted. Sprinkle with paprika and finely chopped parsley.

This sauce is one worth remembering, for if measured accurately and cooked carefully, it will be found tasty as well as satisfying when poured over boiled onions, hot potato cubes, warmed-over fish or shell fish, smoked beef and the like. Hard, unattractive ends of stale cheese may be run through the food chopper and used in this or fresh cheese may be grated for it. Try Swiss and Parmesan cheese for variety. Of course, the cheese may be omitted, but cheese adds to the food value of any dish.

And this same French bride showed me an attractive way of serving cabbage. Of course she was only cooking for two or three and so she did not prepare very much, but the quantity could be increased. She removed the center from a head of cabbage. She cut a pound and a half of raw corned beef into two-inch cubes. These she stuffed into the "skeleton" cabbage head. In the very center she put a tiny, tiny speck of garlic.

The whole was then tied up in a clean white cloth and boiled very slowly. Potatoes, unpared, were placed in the same pot. When tender, the cloth was removed and the stuffed cabbage carefully unwrapped on a warm serving dish. The potatoes were skinned and arranged around the cabbage head. The finely chopped whites of a couple of hard-cooked eggs were sprinkled over the top of the cabbage and the yellows of the eggs were forced through a fine strainer and appeared as "golden rain" on the potatoes. Thin English mustard was passed with each serving.

During the cooking process the meat lost just enough of its excess salt to make it palatable and, being cut into pieces, it was possible to cook it without overcooking the cabbage. The tender, uncooked heart of the cabbage made a tasty cold salid for next day.

Ham might be prepared in a similar manner.

Onions are delicious stuffed and baked. Scald strong onions with boiling water after the skins have been removed and let them stand until cold. Remove centers and fill centers with cold chopped ham mixed with a little chopped green pepper and bread crumbs or chopped cooked potato. Place onions in a greased roasting pan, place a bit of butter on top of each and moisten occasionally with milk. Bake until onions are tender but not broken.

The Early Genius Of Kipling

Writing under this head, "The Passing of Kipling," in The Catholic World, Joseph J. Reilly, Ph. D., concludes his article thus:

Kipling wrote his early and brilliant tales because he had interesting things to tell and not because he had any deliberate intention of celebrating the romance of English rule in India. He was, however, credited by many Englishmen with that achievement. The soft impeachment has harrowing results, for it led him to take himself with fatal seriousness and in consequence to play up to the part assigned him by the jingoes among his countrymen until he grew to regard himself as the glorifier of imperial England throughout the world. No one, whether peasant or potentate, has since been permitted to entertain an opinion at variance with his. Such temerity were lese-majeste.

The future, like death, is a great leveller. The sanctity of reputations, often left inviolable out of defence to the past, means nothing to her. She dethrones Cowley for Milton and Willis for Poe without even a "by your leave" to the usurer and with a divine serenity casts into the darkness of oblivion the reputations of men and books, permitting many a writer of bulky tomes to be borne to immortality on the wings of a single perfect line. Contemporary adulation, no matter how profuse, can make no claim upon her final judgment. What that final judgment may be on the largest part of Kipling's work, criticism, though unendowed with the gift of prophecy, has a right to hazard a suspicion. Kipling has given us a few of the greatest short stories in English. They are great despite his narrowness, his effeminacy, his pseudo-omniscience, his irritating personality and his fallacious views and they were written, by a miracle, when their author was scarcely more than a boy. It was Dean Swift who cried, on reading "The Tale of a Tub" in his decline "Good God! What genius I had when I wrote that book!" So too might the Kipling of the last quarter century lament as he read anew the masterpieces of his twenties, had not the gods denied him the grace of self-criticism.

Historical Sticks, New London Fad

By George T. Bye

London, October 16.—The newest entry in the Book of Fads is: Have a walking stick with a history.

This is the latest declaration of London, and its authority will be felt around the world. It will reach every man who has experienced the phenomenon of companionship with a piece of wood. The *right* piece of wood.

"Yours cannot be as close to your heart as mine is to me," said a young Londoner today. "This is a prop stick, made from the propeller of a German Fokker I had a hard fight with over Bapaume. I finally got him, and my mechanic, who had been a cabinet-maker, fashioned this stick for me while I was in the hospital. The knob is made to fit my hand. The ferrule is the last cartridge in my drum. The length is an inch and a half longer than the distance from my closed hand to the ground. Just fits. Never was a better stick!"

STICKS, STICKS—ALL KINDS

This is only a mild instance. You will find many Londoners with sticks cut from trees you never heard of, or made from bamboo stolen from a temple or whittled by a crazy man, or harvested from a tree especially grown for the purpose of producing the one perfect stick.

Or it has some superlative distinction: the ugliest stick in London, the twistiest, gnarliest, lumpiest, thinnest, thickest, heaviest, lightest, the one with the most colors or the one glued together of the most fragments. Great-great-great-grandpa's stick, or the piece of a flagstaff of a Guard's regiment at the Battle of Waterloo. Or a democratic stick: a common chunk of timber, whimsically sent to an expensive woodworking establishment where it acquired poise and polish and may now click along Piccadilly with the topmost aristocratic twigs.

THE BEST PAL IN THE WORLD

And why not this sentimental faddery with walking sticks? A stick is the finest pal in the world. It is the best of listeners and never talks back. It will knock around any place with you or stay at home without complaint. It does not object to being carried upside down or horizontally, or jiggled or twirled.

Forever and ever it will cling to you—provided you do not forget or misplace it. Whither thou goest, it will go, if you are willing. It will join in your every mood—flourishing high when you are on promenade! settling down to a sober orbit on a business mission; on a ramble the sky is the limit of its high spirits. You may poke it into rabbit holes; whack leaves with it; point with it; use it as a prop, hat rack, ornament, a pathfinder in the dark, or a weapon of offense or defense. It is a third arm, an eleventh finger, a third leg—if you let it become part of you. You may suffer it to become ever so intimate or thrust it into a dark corner to languish in woody despair. It is all up to you.

AFFINITIES HARD TO FIND

What you may expect of the *right* stick is that it will always please you. But the right stick is nearly as hard to find as the right wife. With prospective stick and wife, under ideal arrangements, adoration at first sight is usual. Then separation or loss causes the adorer sharp pain.

I will never forget the stick I lost in Cambrai on the day of its recapture. It was the stick of a lifetime. It just fitted and just suited me. We tip-toed into Cambrai to watch the British engineers clear the town of bomb-traps and control the fires. One of the first things they did was to move all pianos into the streets. One was taken from the Town Hall, used by the Germans as the town commandant's headquarters. It was marked O. K., which I confirmed by trying the keys and pedals with my stick. On all sides pianos began to tinkle, "God Save the King" and "Le Marseillaise." While I was picking out "The Star Spangled Banner" one of the pianos off the Grande Place blew up. A British officer's hand was blown off. When I got back to the town hall piano my stick could not be found. I will everlastingly mourn that stick.

NOT A TRINKET OF FASHION

Although most Americans associate walking sticks with dapper boulevard gentlemen and actors, as a matter of fact the stick is the one accoutrement of the modern man that is absolutely free of control. There is no fashion in sticks, and there has been none. Probably the only known practice with sticks is the one suggesting dark slender ones for use with evening dress. What defeats the suggestion is that most men have a favorite in stricks, and being monogamists by cultivation and true-hearted by instinct, they cleave to the one—knotted though it may be warty, and as bent as a rainbow—for all occasions, all hours and all seasons.

Sh-h-h? Always call it a "stick," —*never* a "cane!" Everybody carries 'em here, including many women.

Father And Son

It had long been a habit with Harold, who was now a senior, to approach his father for extra money quite frequently.

"My father never gave me one-half as much as I allow you," said the much-imposed-upon parent angrily, one day when his son's demands had been particularly excessive.

"Were you satisfied, dad?" asked Harold.

"Certainly I was."

"Then why should he?" asked Harold.

President As A Story-Teller

When President Wilson's special train stopped for a few minutes at Pasco, Wash., on his recent tour, a crowd surrounded the private car Mayflower and the President came out to shake hands and exchange greetings with them. After telling several stories, he wound up by making a short speech, in which he said the war was unfinished until the United States had assumed responsibility for its pledges that future wars should be made impossible.

When he asked how so large a crowd had gathered without having the band out, Mr. Wilson was told by one of the boys present that "the band's wore out."

Another boy wearing a bandman's uniform was thrust forward then and presented as the sole member of Pasco's brass band. The President remarked that he did not look as though he had wind enough, and then an old inhabitant confided that he had "given the band $15 not to play to-night."

The talk then turned to the prevailing dry weather, Mr. Wilson remarking it was a sandy country.

"Yes," said a man in the crowd, "we have to have a lot of grit to live here."

One of the President's stories which got a long laugh was about a man who played golf and always said "Assouan" when he missed the ball. When asked why, he replied that "Assouan" was the biggest dam in the world.

"They're building a dam for me down in Georgia," added the President.

Thanking the crowd for coming out to see him, Mr. Wilson said in brief speech that he regarded it as another evidence that the people wanted the Peace Treaty ratified.

As the train slowly got under way and Mr. Wilson was waving good-by to the cheering crowd, his attention was attracted to a man who ran along the track in evident endeavor to overtake the receding rear platform. When the President turned to him inquiringly he puffed: "Don't mind me; I only promised to get the last look at you from Pasco, and I've done it."

Chinese Drawings

(From The Nation)

A Lady
She does not see the tea her servant brings
Into the garden.
Her hands have fallen down from the instrument
She was playing,
But the strings can still answer
The cold fingers of autumn.

A Scholar
Having won his diploma
He rides a horse of air
Through ten miles of the color
Of apricot-blossoms.

A Philosopher
What though they conquer us?
In at most nine hundred years,
Some one will conquer them.

A Horseman
Beyond him are many inlets curving among mountains,
And on the way a temple,
And there is gold on the harness of his horse,
Whose head and foot are uplifted together.
But the rider sits quiet now,
As he rides toward the shadow
Of the second willow.

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You will find this combination in all our high-grade Carpets; and, in keeping with their quality, you will be charmed with the surpassing loveliness of the designs and colourings.

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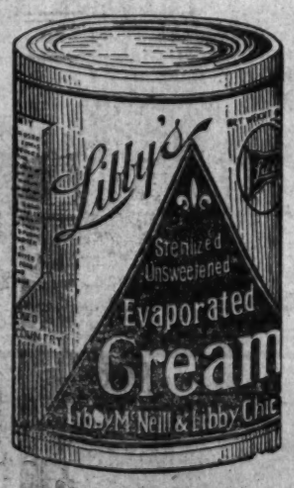
You wouldn't think of drinking unboiled water;
Are you as careful about the milk you drink?



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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

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For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Tuckwo**, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, November 11, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Freight, Passage, Tel. C. 241.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, November 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel., No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hsinfung**, Captain W. S. Ross, will leave on Tuesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS—The Co.'s Steamer **Yohyang Maru**, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Tuesday, November 11, at about 12 o'clock midnight. to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, For Freight and Passage apply No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, Nov. 12, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS—The Co.'s Steamer **Siangyang Maru**, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on Wednesday, Nov. 12, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Nganking**, Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, Nov. 13, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Hwah Lee**, (Chartered) 1,151 Tons, Captain Lee, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on Thursday, November 13, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tachang Maru**, Captain H. Asai, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Thursday, November 13, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, Captain Findelson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, November 14, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tafoo Maru**, Capt. H. Yamasaki, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on Friday, November 14, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kiukiang**, Captain J. Peacock, will leave on Friday, November 14, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Tuesday afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shantung**, Captain Monkman, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, November 11, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwangtah**, Captain C. Stewart, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Scott, R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, November 12, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the S.M.R. Whangpoo Wharf on November 13, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sunning**, Capt. W. Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, Nov. 13, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Canada Maru**, Captain T. Nimoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on November 14, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, November 15, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

CHINWANGTAO direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the following str. **Kaiping**, on November 11. For Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday November 11, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401

NEWCHWANG.—The Str. **Toonan**, Captain C. Taylor, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

CHEFOO & NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Wuhu**, Captain J. W. Harding, will leave on Wednesday, November 12, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN.—The Steamer **Taito Maru**, Captain M. Takagi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on November 13, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, November 14, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tls. No. 401.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN via TSINGTAU.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on November 15, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the Watung Wharf on Saturday, November 15, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kweilin**, Captain A. McMowell, will leave on Sunday, November 16, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Japan Ports

KOBE.—The Str. **Alps Maru**, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on November 15. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Foreign Ports

MARSEILLES, VIA SINGAPORE, COLOMBO & PORTSAID.—The Steamer **Indo Maru**, Captain S. Arai, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on November 23. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG.—The Steamer **Alps Maru**, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be desatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on December 6. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Amur Maru**, Captain H. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai Wharf in the middle of December. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSON KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched on December 10. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on December 25. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

P. & O., British India and Apcar Lines

(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON
via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT
S.S. "NOVARA" leaving about 14th December
S.S. "KASHGAR" 22nd December

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
S.S. "DILWARA" leaves December 12

FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN
S.S. "ARRATOON APCAR" 24th November

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Wireless Telegraphy fitted on all steamers.
All cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: Central 169 & 2069

CP OS

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

S.S. EMPRESS OF JAPAN, November 22
Shanghai to Victoria-Vancouver

S. S. EMPRESS OF ASIA, November 29
Shanghai to Victoria - Vancouver

S.S. EMPRESS OF ASIA, November 15
Shanghai to Manila - Hongkong

DOMINION EXPRESS
TRAVELERS' CHEQUES SOLD.
Correspondents Throughout the World.

For Fares, Tickets
and other information apply to

Freight Office	Passenger Office
Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads,	Palace Hotel 19 The Bund
Telephone Central 181	Telephone Central 182

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

TRANS-PACIFIC LINES

S. S. METHVEN

Will leave Shanghai on or about 19th, November
FOR
HONGKONG and SINGAPORE

For bills of lading, freight rates, etc., apply to
P. A. COX, Agent,
Cor. Peking and Yuenmingyuen Roads, Shanghai.
Tel. Central 181.

26200

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Woosung, Lucnyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight.) These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.
The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Phillippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.
For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents, 21-22 French Bund.

Freight: Telephone Central 77,
Passage: Telephone Central 401.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
(Subject to Alteration)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR HAMBURG and LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*ALPS MARU	18,000	T. Yamaguchi,	Dec. 4	Dec. 6
*AMUR MARU	18,000	I. Hamada,	middle of Dec.	

FOR MARSEILLES Via Singapore, Colombo and Portsaid.

	Tons	Capt.		
*INDO MARU	1,000	S. Arai,	Nov. 21	Nov. 24

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.

	Tons	Capt.		
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.				
*AFRICA MARU ...	12,000	H. Yamamoto,	Nov. 21	Nov. 22
*MEXICO MARU ...	12,000	K. Kamiya,	Dec. 15	Dec. 16
*ARABIA MARU	18,000	T. Saito,	Dec. 24	Dec. 25

FOR KOBE

	Tons	Capt.		
ALPS MARU	18,000	T. Yamaguchi,	Dec. 10	Dec. 15

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.		
CANADA MARU	12,000	T. Nimoto,	Nov. 13	Nov. 14
MEXICO MARU	12,000	K. Kamiya,	Nov. 29	Nov. 30

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

	Tons	Capt.		
TAITO MARU	3,000	M. Takagi,	Nov. 11	Nov. 13
KEELUNG MARU ..	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Nov. 13	Nov. 15

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

	Tons	Capt.		
KOHOKU MARU ..	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	Nov. 11	Nov. 13

*Fully booked for passage.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, South Africa, Austria, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209 Union Building, 4 The Bund
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai, Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235

THE ADMIRAL LINE

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

BOSTON, NEW YORK via SUEZ
S.S. "WYTHEVILLE"
About December 1st
SEATTLE

S.S.	"SEATTLE SPIRIT"	Sails	NOV. 12th
S.S.	"WHEATLAND OF MONTANA"	Middle	NOV.
S.S.	"ENDICOTT"	Early	DEC.
S.S.	"ELKTON"	Middle	DEC.

PORTLAND

S.S.	"WABAN"	Early	DEC.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.
FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 SZECHUEN ROAD.
JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT
FRED C. CHARMAN AGENT.
Telegraphic Address—ADMIRALINE.
Telephone, Central 1471

JAMES MAGILL & Co.

Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.
Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers
SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS.
Telephone 1848 83. Szechuen Road

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD

S. S. CADDOPEAK
About December 1st
CALCUTTA — MADRAS
via
Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Rangoon.

REGULAR FREIGHT SERVICE FROM

FOR HONG[illegible]
KOREA MARU ..... November 22

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
KOREA MARU ..... December 5
TENYO MARU ..... December 21

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings,
Telephone No. 3229. Entrance 71 Szechuen Road.

STRUTHERS AND DIXON, INC.

OFFICES: San Francisco and Seattle, U.S.A.; Shanghai, China; Manila, P.I.; Kobe, Japan and Hongkong.

Operating the following Far Eastern services for account of the United States Shipping Board:

U.S.A. PACIFIC COAST—JAPAN, CHINA AND PHILIPPINES

INWARD	HOMEWARD
S.S. "ELKHORN" due Nov. 9th.	For San Francisco.
S.S. "BRAVECOUER" due Dec. 3rd.	S.S. "ELKHORN" Dec. 3rd.

also

"WEST CAJOOT", "WEST HELIX", "WEST HENSHAW", "WEST ISON", "WESTERN GLEN", "BAKERSFIELD", "BRAVECOEUR", "DEVOLENTE" "EDITOR", "STANLEY", "WEST CACTUS" "WEST SEGOVIA", "WEST ISLIP", "HATHAWAY", "VINITA".

arrivals to be announced later.

Through rates quoted and through B/L's issued to all overland points in U. S. and Canada.

SHANGHAI OFFICE: No. 7 JINKEE ROAD.
Tel. No. Central 2557.
L. EVERETT, Vice-President J. S. EMENS, Agent.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

S.S. "NANKING" (15,000 TONS) S.S. "CHINA" (10,200 TONS)
S.S. "NILE" (11,000 TONS)
(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S.	"CHINA"	NOV.	25th
S.S.	"NILE"	DEC.	23rd
S.S.	"NANKING"	JAN.	16th

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S.	"CHINA"	NOV.	11th
S.S.	"NILE"	DEC.	10th
S.S.	"NANKING"	JAN.	3rd

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
J. P. WILLIAMS, AGENT.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773 Cable Address: "CHIMAIL"

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

	Tons	Capt.	
TAMBA MARU	12,500	K. Itsuno,	Nov. 24
MISHIMA MARU	16,000	S. Takano,	Dec. 8

EUROPEAN LINE AUXILIARY CARGO SERVICE.

For Portsaid, Marseilles, Liverpool via ports:

TSUSHIMA MARU	16,000	K. Teramoto,	Nov. 30
PENANG MARU	11,500	Later part of December	

For Portsaid, London, Antwerp via ports (May extend to Rotterdam and Hamburg according to cargo inducement).

TATSUNO MARU	T. Shirai,	Nov. 15
DURBAN MARU	Second half of December	

AMERICAN LINE

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington, Shanghai, Kobe and Osaka Line (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Nov. 30
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	T. Irisawa,	Dec. 17

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

TOKIWA MARU	15,000	K. Shibuya,	Nov. 17
TOKUSHIMA MARU	15,000	Y. Okuno, about	Dec. 25

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
KASUGA MARU	7,000	E. Takahashi,	Nov. 14
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	T. Terada,	Nov. 21
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Y. Yoshida,	Nov. 25

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
OMI MARU	7,000	H. Yamamoto,	Nov. 12
KUMANO MARU	9,500	T. Sasaki,	Nov. 15
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	D. Awoshima,	Nov. 19
YAWATA MARU	7,000	H. Mojiri,	Nov. 22

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
SADO MARU	12,500	T. Hori,	Nov. 17

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Feb. 7

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Dec. 31

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

	Tons	Capt.	
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	Nov. 19
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Dec. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Middle of Jan.

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 1, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.	
20.25	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.	19.50	
28.45	11.12			arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	17.00	
23.50	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.55	
24.00	11.25			arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.	16.45	
19.35			524	arr.	Mukden	dep.		

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line			Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	10.10	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	16.40	15.05	22.16
6.55	10.20	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16.30	14.55	22.06
7.25	10.40	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.15	14.39	21.46
12.32	14.13	15.10	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.21	11.21	16.36
18.35	17.15	17.56	148	dep.	Techow	dep.	10.45	8.39	11.56
22.28	20.05	20.21	220	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	5.59	8.20
7.									8.
8.00	20.55	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.30	18.40
11.14	23.20	22.31	266	dep.	Tsinanfu	dep.	6.01	3.15	15.54
14.17	1.22	0.34	318	arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.35	12.23
14.42	1.52	0.49	—	dep.	Yenchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	11.58
18.33	4.54	3.16	377	dep.	Linchang	dep.	1.20	21.24	8.26
21.27	6.39	4.50	420	arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	5.20
9.									10.
7.25	7.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	19.56
18.10	11.03	8.38	523	dep.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	13.36
18.25	11.18	8.40	—	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.37	13.16
18.26	15.15	11.52	600	arr.	Pukow	dep.	16.45	10.50	8.17
20.05	16.48	13.00	631				15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line			Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0		dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193		arr.	Shanghai-North	dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line				LinCheng-Tsochuang Branch Line						
3.55	14.50	d. Yenchowfu a.	11.15	23.40	4.50	9.20	21.25	d. Linchang a.	7.55	17.55	0.40
4.50	15.45	a. Tsiningchow d.	10.20	22.45	6.00	10.30	22.35	a. Tsochuang d.	6.45	16.45	23.30

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements

intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m.** on **Friday**

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco

West Vaca	Oct. 1
Tancred	Oct. 5
Ecuador	Oct. 12
Tamaha	Oct. 13
Archer	Oct. 18
Nile	Oct. 18
West Cactus	Oct. 26
Royal Arrow	Oct. 28
Lumina	Oct. 30
West Islip	Nov. 2
West Sequana	Nov. 8
Colombia	Nov. 8
Nanking	Nov. 8
Sylvan Arrow	Nov. 9

For Tacoma

Manila Maru	Oct. 22

For Seattle

City of Spokane	Oct. 7
Stanley	Oct. 14
West Segovia	Oct. 26
Suwa Maru	Nov. 5

For New York

Eurymedon	Oct. 22
Bolton Castle	Oct. 22
Naneric	Nov. 4

For Vancouver

Monteagle	Oct. 15
Bessie Dollar	Oct. 31
Empress of Russia	Nov. 1

For London etc.

Titan	Oct. 8
Wakasa Maru	Oct. 11
Shidzuoka Maru	Oct. 13
Peleus	Oct. 2
Delagoa Maru	Oct. 25
Khiva	Oct. 28
Kaga Maru	Oct. 29
Prinzessin	Oct. 30
Mentor	Nov. 6
Bendoran	Nov. 9
Yokohama Maru	Nov. 10

For Liverpool

Alcinous	Oct. 11
Lycaon	Nov. 8

For Marseilles

Batavia	Oct. 5
Java Maru	Oct. 6
Wollowra	Oct. 16
Cape Town Maru	Oct. 20
Toyooka Maru	Oct. 28
Paul Lecat	Oct. 31
Bansei Maru 5	Nov. 1
Celebes Maru	Nov. 7

For Copenhagen

Rhodesia	Nov. 8

For Bombay

Dilwara	Oct. 1
Dunera	Nov. 4

For Singapore

Lowther Castle	Oct. 16
Castor	Oct. 27
Hefron	Nov. 9

For Calcutta

Gregory Apcar	Oct. 28

For Hull

Benavon	Oct. 17

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave Customs Jetty at 12 noon.

Friday, November 14, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 p.m.

Siccawei Weather Report

9.—The area of high pressures covers the country between Nanking and Vladivostok, with its center in Shantung; the winds are diverging from it in all directions; strong monsoon in the South. Fine day in the Yangtsze Valley; rain on the coast of Fukien. The northern depression grows deeper, while crossing Hokkaido.

10.—Fine and cool morning. Constant N.E. breezes. The pressure is slowly decreasing again.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
Hongkong and Canton	Shantung	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Hongkong	do	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Omi Maru	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	18.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Fengtien	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	do	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Dairy	Sakaki Maru	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Foochow	Ningshin	19.30	..	..	..	..	19.00
Hongkong and Canton	Kwangtah	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Java Ports	Tjikini	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Hankow	Tuckwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Koonshing	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	do	..	12.00	..	..	..	..
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sunning	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Australia, via Hongkong	Sunning	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostock and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Chefoo	Wuhu	11.00	11.30	..	..	..	10.30
Thursday, November 13							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan Ports	Kasuga Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
U.S.A. & Europe via S.F.	S. Dollar	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Friday, November 14.							
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Tean	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Tungchow	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Saturday, November 15.							
Manila direct	E. of Asia	16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30

†Parcels only.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.

E. Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train

b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The I-C. s.s. Kingsing is due in Shanghai from Tientsin, Chefoo and Weihaiwei tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Hwahlee (chartered) left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Haean left Foochow for Shanghai yesterday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Eurylochus was expected to leave Kobe on Saturday and is due to arrive in Shanghai via Miike today.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Kiukiang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta will leave Hankow for Sahnghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tean will leave Tsingtau for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Kweilin is due in Shanghai from Antung today.

The C.N. s.s. Chengtu is due in Shanghai from Singapore today.

The C.M. s.s. Toonan left Chefoo for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinkong left Chefoo for Newchwang on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinming left Chefoo for Tientsin on Sunday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru left Nagasaki on Sunday and is due in Shanghai today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano left Moji yesterday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The M.M. s.s. Sphinx, with the French mails of September 27, left Hongkong on Saturday and is due in Shanghai about 6 o'clock this morning.

The S. and D. s.s. Elkhorn, with one million feet lumber and 1,400 tons of general cargo, arrived in Shanghai from Seattle and Japan ports on Sunday.

The P. and O. s.s. Novara, from London, is expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong tomorrow.

The P. and O. s.s. Nagoya, which sailed from Shanghai on September 7, arrived in London at 1 p.m. on October 25.

The C.M. s.s. China, from San Francisco, Honolulu and Japan ports, is due to arrive in Shanghai at daylight today and will dock at the China Merchants' Lower Wharf. The China sails for Hongkong direct at midnight tonight.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:

Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E. of Japan Nov. 22

For United Kingdom

Per B. & S. s.s. Rhesus Nov. 20

For Japan

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi M. Nov. 11

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada

Per C.M. s.s. China Nov. 11

From France

Per M.M. s.s. Sphinx Nov. 11

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$330 B.
Chartered	£80 ONI
Russo-Asiatic	Rls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$440
North China	$180 B.
Union of Canton	Hk. 190 B.
Yangtsze	$270 S.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Rls. 22½ S.
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$345
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$225 B.
Indo-China Pref.	$32
"Shell"	185/- B
Shanghai Tug ord.	Rls. 39 B.
Shanghai Tug pref	Rls. 37 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Rls. 12½ B.
Oriental Cons.	25/-
Raub	$2.10
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$173 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 121 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 28 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 165 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 109 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 67½
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 64
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 8
S'hai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 15 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 85
E-wo Pref	Tls. 535 B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 290 B.
Oriental	Tls. 170 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 290 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 43 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 24 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 83
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$175 B.
Green Island	$7
Langkats	Tls. 19 S.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$6.10 B.
Weeks	$11¼
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8¼ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21½ B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.60 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 1½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.50 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.70 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1½
Consolidated	Tls. 2¼ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5½ S.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 11 B.
Kamunting	Tls. 3 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 9 B.
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 9½
Padang	Tls. 8½ B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.60 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.75
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.80
Senawang	Tls. 8 S.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8½ B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1¼
Sungala	Tls. 0.50 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.50 B.
Tebong	Tls. 13½
Slobri	Tls. 2¼
Ziangbe	Tls. 4 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 13
S'hai Elec. & Asb	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 62 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 19
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 25
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 74½
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 163¾

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers

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Telephone No. Central 298

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov.	—	Seattle	Seattle Spirit	Am.	A Line
Nov.	—	San Francisco	Stanley Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	12	San Francisco	West Harta	Am.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	14	Seattle	W. of Montana	Am.	A Line
Nov.	16	Portland	West Hartland	Am.	A Line
Nov.	17	New York	Tokiwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	18	N. York via Panama	Euryiochus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	22	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	25	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	25	New York v. Suez	Slavic Prince	Br.	S. Temes & Co.
Nov.	29	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	30	Seattle, etc.	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	30	New York	Lowther Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Nov.	—	New York v. Suez	C. of Newcastle	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	1	B'ton & N. York v. Suez	Wytheville	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	1	New York	Arna	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	1	Seattle	Endicott	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	3	San Francisco	Elkhorn	Am.	S. & Dix
Dec.	3	Vancouver	West Munham	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	4	Portland	Nishmaha	Am.	A Line
Dec.	4	Portland	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Dec.	5	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	5	San Francisco	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	7	Vancouver	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec.	17	Seattle	Knight Templar	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	17	New York	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	20	San Francisco	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	20	New York	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	20	San Francisco	Egremont Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Dec.	20	New York	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Dec.	21	San Francisco	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	23	San Francisco	Tokushima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec.	25	New York	Harold Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	28	Vancouver	Celtic Prince	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	30	San Francisco	Cadaretta	Br.	S. Temes
Dec.	30	New York	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	3	Vancouver	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan.	15	New York			

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Nov.	10	Kobe	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	12	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	14	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	15	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	15	Kobe	Aipp Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Nov.	19	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Takeshima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	21	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	23	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	25	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Nov.	—	London	Carnarvonshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	11	London	Glenade	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	13	Marseilles & Trieste	Italy Maru	Jap.	M. M. Cie.
Nov.	15	London	Tatsuno Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	15	London	C. of Melbourne	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	15	Trieste	Nippon	Ital.	D. & Co.
Nov.	17	Trieste, Marseilles	Scotland Maru	Jap.	M. M. Cie.
Nov.	19	Singapore	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	20	Marseilles	Yonan Maru	Jap.	M. M. Cie.
Nov.	20	London	Rhesus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	22	London	Cardiganshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	23	Liverpool	Teucer	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	24	London	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	24	Marseilles	Indo Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	24	Calcutta	Arratoon Apcar	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Nov.	26	London	Carmarthenshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	30	Liverpool	Tsushima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec.	—	Marseilles & Antwerp	Comdt. Dorise	Fr.	M. M. Cie.
Dec.	3	London	Kalomo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	6	London	Alps Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec.	12	Bombay	Dilwara	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec.	14	London	Novara	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
Dec.	22	Marseilles, London	Kashgar	Br.	M.M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov.	11	— Hongkong	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	11	4.00 Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	11	noon Hongkong, Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	12	4.30 Ningpo	Hs'n Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	12	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Nov.	12	— Hongkong & Canton	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	13	— F'chow, K'lung, Takao	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	13	D.L. Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	14	— Hongkong	Canada Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	15	D.L. S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	15	— Manila, Hongkong	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	19	— Manila, Hongkong	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Nov.	22	— Hongkong	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov.	11	1.00* Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Nov.	11	— Chanwangtao	Kaiping	Br.	K.M.A.
Nov.	11	3.00 W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	12	1.00 W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	12	noon Chefoo & Newchwang	Wuhu	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	12	— Newchwang	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	14	3.00 Tsingtau, Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov.	14	10.00* W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	15	D.L. Tsingtau	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	16	D.L. Antung	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov.	11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov.	12	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	12	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	12	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Siangyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov.	13	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	13	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi.	J.M. & Co.
Nov.	13	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	13	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Taehang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov.	14	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiukiang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	14	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	16	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
VTW			Snipe	Br. gun-boat
V.T.W.			Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
M.M.B.	Aug. 18		Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
P. & O. B.I.	Sep. 29		Bee	Br. gun-boat
I. C.	Oct. 2		Matsukaze	Jap. destroyer
2 C.	Oct. 26		Saga	Jap. gun-boat
1 C	Oct. 27		Yodo	Jap. gun-boat
S. Creek	Oct. 29		M.A.S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S. Creek	Oct. 29		M.A.S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser

Information For Mariners

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11

High Water at Woosung Bar

The day tides are higher than the night tides, they are about equal at 5 and 6 o'clock).

Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h, fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7 1/2 h.

A.M. Time H	A.M. Time M	A.M. Range Ft.	A.M. Range In.	P.M. Time H	P.M. Time M	P.M. Range Ft.	P.M. Range In.
1	56	8	2	2	19	10	10

High Water at Tungsha Lightship

(The evening tides are higher than the morning tides).

Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h

L. MOORE & Co.
LIMITED
AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
48 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

THURSDAY, November 13th.—Household Furniture and effects at Salesroom at 10 a.m.

FRIDAY, November 14th.—Rare and Valuable Books, Engravings and Postage Stamps in Salesroom at 2.30 p.m.

MONDAY, November 17th.—Important Land for Sale in Route de Say Zoong, in Salesroom at 4. p.m.

TUESDAY, November 18th.—Well known Wines, Spirits and Provisions in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

THURSDAY, November 27th.—Household Furniture at 21 Rue de Soeurs.

Brighten Up!
SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS & VARNISHES

PLAN CANALS TO TIE RUSSIA TO GERMANY

Bolshevists & Germans Working To Give Letter A Strangle Hold On North Russia

By C. E. Beckhofer
(*New York Tribune*)

London, Sept. 16.—Gregory Alexinsky, a well-known Russian Socialist, one of the members of the Duma who were exiled to Siberia on a notorious occasion and author of several standard books on Russian affairs, who recently escaped from Bolshevist Russia, his given me some remarkable instances of the means by which Germany is endeavoring to secure a strangle hold upon Russia. So far as the present controversy about Russia is concerned, he made the interesting statement that "Mr. Churchill is doing more for the cause of Russian liberty today than all the English and French organs of liberalism and labor." But I will confine myself only to what he told me about Germany.

First of all, he pointed out that Krassin, the Bolshevist People's Commissary in charge of industry, is the old manager of the German firm of Siemens-Schuckart, whose political activities in Russia [and other countries] before and even during the war are too notorious to need recapitulation.

Another People's Commissary, this time in charge of the State Bank, is none other than a certain Furstenberg-Ganetzky, who became prominent during the war as an assistant of the German official Socialists' propagandist "Parvus." That such a man, who was a go-between for the German propagandist bureau and the Russian defeatists is no secret from any one acquainted with Russian affairs, should now be virtually in control of Russian economics as the clearest proof of Germany's designs upon Russia.

Let me give another example. There is an old scheme often proposed but never before brought to fruition to link up the Siberian waterways with the Murman coast the Baltic ports and the great waterways of European Russia. This projected scheme of land and water communications is known as "the Great North Way." Quite recently the Bolshevists offered a concession for this enterprise to the Bolshevist painter Borissov, and a well-known Norwegian banker. The price was to be a check for £2,000,000, drawn on a London bank, this money to be used for Bolshevist propaganda in England. The Norwegian banker, who has interests in England, and has in any case no desire to further the plots of Bolshevism, naturally began to make objections to the proposal put before him by the Bolshevists. As a result his agent in Russia was arrested a fortnight later on a charge of "speculation" and put in prison, while the concession for the Great North Way was offered to an intimate friend of Krassin, a German engineer named Ullmann. The latter, M. Alexinsky told me, is now in Germany endeavoring to collect the requisite funds. If Krassin, Ullmann and Furstenberg-Ganetzky succeed in their plan the whole of North Russia will fall under German economic domination.

Such facts as these, and they not alone, should prove to every one that the real struggle in Eastern Europe today is only superficially between the Bolshevist Red armies and their unarmed and helpless civilian victims. In reality the struggle is between Germany and the Russian people. The Bolsheviki are only a screen of fanatics and rogues behind which the Germans are perfecting their plans to rule Russia.

VICTORIA THEATRE

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY

FRIDAY, SATURDAY & SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 14th, 15th & 16th

D. W. GRIFFITH'S COLOSSAL SPECTACLE

INTOLERANCE

IF YOU FAILED TO SEE THIS GREAT PICTURE AT THE OLYMPIC DON'T MISS IT THIS TIME

THE MOST GEORGEOUS AND MAGNIFICENT FILM EVER SEEN IN SHANGHAI

WONDERFUL SCENES OF BYGONE DAYS
MIGHTY CITIES OF LONG AGO RECONSTRUCTED
BABYLON FEASTING AND BABYLON AFIRE
FOUR FINE STORIES WOVEN INTO ONE

SPECIAL AND APPROPRIATE MUSIC. COMMENCES AT 9.15 PROMPT

Admission $1.50; $1.00. Booking at Moutrie's

HOLDERS OF SPECIAL COUPON TICKETS ENTITLED TO USE SAME BY PAYING THE DIFFERENCE.

Amusements

Olympic Theatre

TONIGHT
November 11th
"The Jewess"

Usual Time: 9.15 p.m.

Booking at MOUTRIE'S.
Under the Direction of A. STROK

ISIS THEATRE

Grand Chinese Performance
Daily Afternoon and Evening
Miss Lee Shueh Fang,
the Celebrated Actress from Canton.
Plays the Leading Role in Every Evening Performance
Beutiful Stage Scenery and Superb Embroidered Dresses.

LYCEUM THEATRE

Commencing Tuesday, Nov. 18th, at 9.15.
EDGAR WARWICK
presents the
NEW REVUSICAL-COMEDY CO.
in
VANITY FAIR

IN VARIOUS "EDITIONS"
EILEEN BOYD
Diva, Dancer and Dashing little "Divil"
SHIRLEY COOKE
Parody is a passion with her
VERA PAIN
A glancing sylph of light
THELMA LAWN
Her voice soars aloft
MADGE GRIFFITH
With a voice of yellow gold
MABELLE LAURIE
The sunshine girl
LESLIE HOLMES
Ask him what the Gag is
SYDNEY MANNERING
His soul is bought and paid for
GEORGE GRAYSTONE
A jovial bass
GEORGE TITCHENER
The man with the mobile face
STEVE LAURIE
He can't keep still
His feet won't let him
JEAN DESORMES
His baton much endears him

Booking now open at Moutrie's.
26241

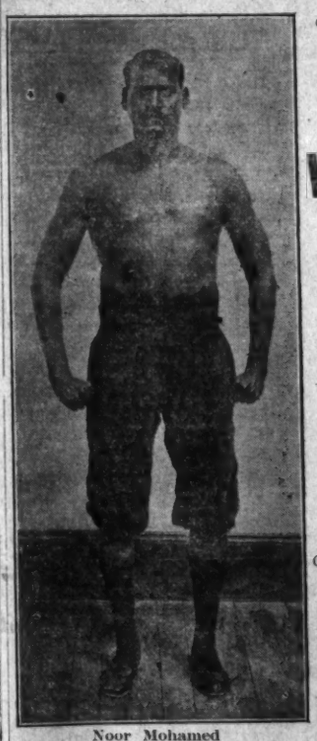
Towa Cinema Theatre

No. 4 Woochang Road

PROGRAMME
for
November 11th, 12th and 13th.
"The Moon Child"
A picture of 14 Thrilling Episodes.

A New L. Co. Comedy

At the VICTORIA THEATRE



Noor Mohamed
The Terror to Wrestlers

On Thursday, November 13th, at 9.15 p.m. sharp
The Champion Event
in
WRESTLING
Including
3-3-3 Good Preliminaries 3-3-3
Catch-as-Catch-Can to a finish
FOR A PURSE
of
$1000.00
All goes to the Winner

Wm. BERNE
A Real Champion Wrestler
One of the Stars in the New York Tournament.

ADMISSION:
$1. $2. $3. Stage Seats $5.
Only 20 Seats on the stage.

Reserve your seats at
MOUTRIE'S

Good Things to Eat and Drink
Short Orders a Specialty

THE TROCADERO
14 Astor Road Phone : North 1664

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATRE
A. D. C.
181st PRODUCTION.
"ANN"
A Sparkling Comedy in Three Acts.
BY
Leschmere Worrall

Wednesday, 12th November, 1919
Saturday, 15th November, 1919
at 9.15 p.m. Sharp

The Booking for the above two performances is now open at Messrs. Moutrie & Co., Ltd., Nanking Road.

By Order
Wm. ARMSTRONG
Business Manager.
26139

APOLLO THEATRE

RAIDED LAST NIGHT
by hundreds of people seeking admission to see the
TWO ROULETTE WHEELS IN OPERATION
Showing how a woman brings unhappiness to a good man
THIS MUST BE STOPPED
and you have only one night more to see this fine film before it is sent away if you like a good picture.
Come tonight and see it. To make the theatre packed
YOUR HELP IS NEEDED

The Russian Grand Opera Company

AT THE
OLYMPIC THEATRE

PERSONAL REPRESENTATION
L. FEODARAFF

LAST SEVEN PERFORMANCES

Tonight, Nov. 11th: (By Special Request) "THE JEWESS"
Wednesday, November 12th: (By Special Request) "MADAME BUTTERFLY"
Thursday, November 13th: (In Aid of the Russian Red Cross) "THE CZAR'S BRIDE"
Friday, November 14th: "GIOCORDA"
Saturday, November 15th: "TROVTORE"
Sunday (Matinee) November 16th: "ROMEO & JULIET"
Sunday (Evening) November 16th: Last Gala Performance. Selections from Popular Operas in which the Whole Company will take part.

Direction,
A. STROK

BEGINNING. THE GREATEST MOTION PICTURE SEASON IN THE HISTORY OF THE SCREEN AT THE
VICTORIA THEATRE
COMMENCING TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11th

Showing November 11th and 12th
FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY
PAULINE FREDERICK
IN
"HER BETTER SELF"

On November 13th
THE CHAMPION EVENT
IN
WRESTLING
For a Purse of $1,000.00

On November 14th, 15th and 16th
SPECIAL PROGRAMME SHOWING
D. W. GRIFFITH'S COLOSSAL SPECTACLE
"INTOLERANCE"